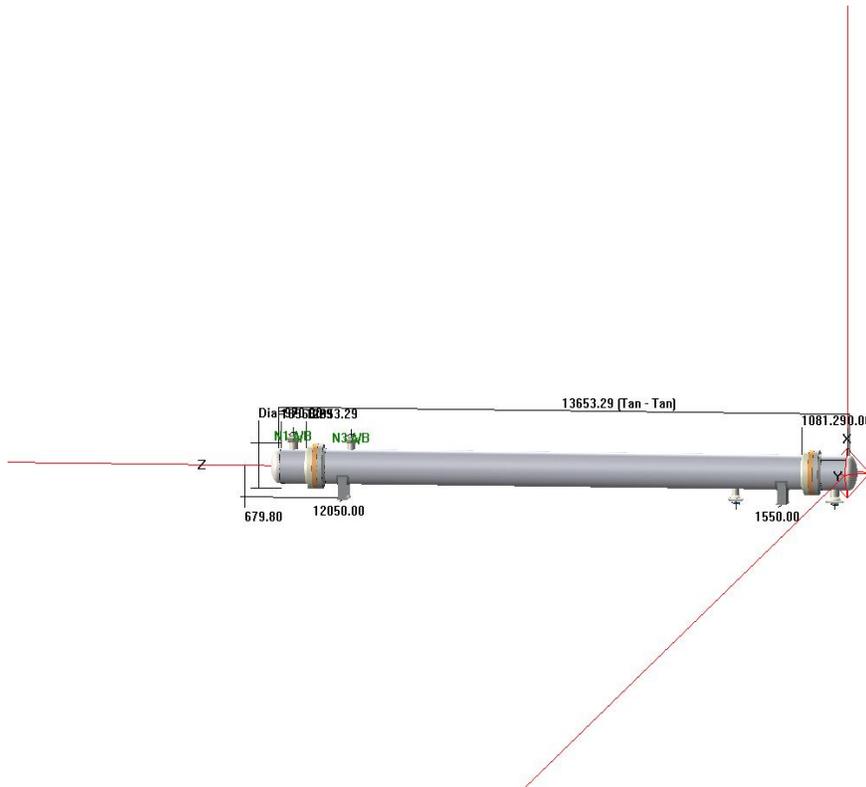


# DESCON ENGINEERING LIMITED

FZE Humriyah



## COMPRESS Pressure Vessel Design Calculations

**Item. :** Glycol Reboiler and stripping Gas Heater  
**Vessel Tag No. :** 607-E-1105/2105/3105  
**Contractor / Client. :** ADMA  
**Proposal Number. :** 11924  
**Designer:** IUH  
**Date:** Thursday, October 30, 2014

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## Deficiencies Summary

### Deficiencies for [6" Two Nozzles \(N3 A/B\)](#)

Nozzle weight has been increased to account for the additional 1 nozzles specified for costing. This weight is assumed to act at the location of this nozzle.

### Deficiencies for [6" Two Nozzles \(N4 A/B\)](#)

Nozzle weight has been increased to account for the additional 1 nozzles specified for costing. This weight is assumed to act at the location of this nozzle.

### Deficiencies for [8" Two Nozzles \(N1 A/B\)](#)

Nozzle weight has been increased to account for the additional 1 nozzles specified for costing. This weight is assumed to act at the location of this nozzle.

### Deficiencies for [Heat Exchanger](#)

TEMA A.23: Tube longitudinal compressive stress is excessive (Operating).

ASME VIII-1, Table A-2 note (7): Ratio of tube OD/ID requires that factor  $f_r$  be determined by test.

## Warnings Summary

### Warnings for [6" Two Nozzles \(N3 A/B\)](#)

ASME B16.5: External loads have not been considered in the flange pressure rating. (warning)

Part of the pad width is beyond the limits of reinforcement. (warning)

### Warnings for [6" Two Nozzles \(N4 A/B\)](#)

ASME B16.5: External loads have not been considered in the flange pressure rating. (warning)

Part of the pad width is beyond the limits of reinforcement. (warning)

### Warnings for [8" Two Nozzles \(N1 A/B\)](#)

ASME B16.5: External loads have not been considered in the flange pressure rating. (warning)

### Warnings for [8" Two Nozzles \(N9\)](#)

ASME B16.5: External loads have not been considered in the flange pressure rating. (warning)

### Warnings for [Front Head](#)

UCS-79: The extreme fiber elongation exceeds 5 percent and the thickness exceeds 16 mm;. Heat treatment per UCS-56 is required if fabricated by cold forming. (warning)

### Warnings for [Heat Exchanger](#)

UG-6(c): Tubesheet forging must meet the requirements of UG-6(c). (warning)

### Warnings for [Rear Channel Head](#)

UCS-79: The extreme fiber elongation exceeds 5 percent and the thickness exceeds 16 mm;. Heat treatment per UCS-56 is required if fabricated by cold forming. (warning)

### Warnings for [Shell Side Flange \(front\)](#)

Jawad and Farr Guidebook, 4.3.1.3: To prevent gasket crushout a different gasket material should be used. As an alternative (space permitting) the gasket width could be increased to 14.04 mm. (warning)

UG-6(c): Forging must meet the requirements of UG-6(c). (warning)

UG-6(c)(1): Forging must be subject to one of the austenitizing heat treatments permitted by the specification. (warning)

### Warnings for [Shell Side Flange \(rear\)](#)

Jawad and Farr Guidebook, 4.3.1.3: To prevent gasket crushout a different gasket material should be used. As an alternative (space permitting) the gasket width could be increased to 14.04 mm. (warning)

UG-6(c): Forging must meet the requirements of UG-6(c). (warning)

UG-6(c)(1): Forging must be subject to one of the austenitizing heat treatments permitted by the specification.

(warning)

**Warnings for [Tube Side Flange \(front\)](#)**

Jawad and Farr Guidebook, 4.3.1.3: To prevent gasket crushout a different gasket material should be used. As an alternative (space permitting) the gasket width could be increased to 14.04 mm. (warning)

UG-6(c): Forging must meet the requirements of UG-6(c). (warning)

UG-6(c)(1): Forging must be subject to one of the austenitizing heat treatments permitted by the specification. (warning)

**Warnings for [Tube Side Flange \(rear\)](#)**

Jawad and Farr Guidebook, 4.3.1.3: To prevent gasket crushout a different gasket material should be used. As an alternative (space permitting) the gasket width could be increased to 14.04 mm. (warning)

UG-6(c): Forging must meet the requirements of UG-6(c). (warning)

UG-6(c)(1): Forging must be subject to one of the austenitizing heat treatments permitted by the specification. (warning)

## Nozzle Schedule

Nozzle mark	Service	Size	Materials		Impact Tested	Normalized	Fine Grain	Flange	Blind
<a href="#">N1 A/B</a>	8" Two Nozzles	NPS 8 Sch 80 (XS) DN 200	Nozzle	SA-106 B Smls. Pipe	No	No	No	NPS 8 Class 600 WN A105	No
			Pad	SA-516 70	No	No	No		
<a href="#">N3 A/B</a>	6" Two Nozzles	NPS 6 Sch 80 (XS) DN 150	Nozzle	SA-106 B Smls. Pipe	No	No	No	NPS 6 Class 600 WN A105	No
			Pad	SA-516 70	No	No	No		
<a href="#">N4 A/B</a>	6" Two Nozzles	NPS 6 Sch 80 (XS) DN 150	Nozzle	SA-106 B Smls. Pipe	No	No	No	NPS 6 Class 600 WN A105	No
			Pad	SA-516 70	No	No	No		
<a href="#">N9</a>	8" Two Nozzles	NPS 8 Sch 80 (XS) DN 200	Nozzle	SA-106 B Smls. Pipe	No	No	No	NPS 8 Class 600 WN A105	No
			Pad	SA-516 70	No	No	No		

## Nozzle Summary

Nozzle mark	OD (mm)	$t_n$ (mm)	Req $t_n$ (mm)	$A_1?$	$A_2?$	Shell			Reinforcement Pad		Corr (mm)	$A_a/A_r$ (%)
						Nom t (mm)	Design t (mm)	User t (mm)	Width (mm)	$t_{pad}$ (mm)		
<a href="#">N1 A/B</a>	219.08	12.7	11.61	Yes	Yes	25	23.89		75	25	3	100.0
<a href="#">N3 A/B</a>	168.27	10.97	10.54	Yes	Yes	25	24.2		75	20	3	100.0
<a href="#">N4 A/B</a>	168.27	10.97	10.54	Yes	Yes	25	24.2		75	20	3	100.0
<a href="#">N9</a>	219.08	12.7	11.61	Yes	Yes	25	23.89		75	25	3	100.0

$t_n$ : Nozzle thickness

Req  $t_n$ : Nozzle thickness required per UG-45/UG-16

Nom t: Vessel wall thickness

Design t: Required vessel wall thickness due to pressure + corrosion allowance per UG-37

User t: Local vessel wall thickness (near opening)

$A_a$ : Area available per UG-37, governing condition

$A_r$ : Area required per UG-37, governing condition

Corr: Corrosion allowance on nozzle wall

## Pressure Summary

### Pressure Summary for Tube side chamber

Identifier	P Design (kPa)	T Design (°C)	MAWP (kPa)	MAP (kPa)	MAEP (kPa)	T <sub>e</sub> external (°C)	MDMT (°C)	MDMT Exemption		Impact Tested
<a href="#">Front Head</a>	7,700.01	85	8,252.97	9,398.41	N/A	85	-29	Note 1		No
<a href="#">Straight Flange on Front Head</a>	7,700.01	85	7,926.8	9,088.91	N/A	85	-29	Note 2		No
<a href="#">Front Channel</a>	7,700.01	85	8,290.65	9,452.05	N/A	85	-29	Note 3		No
<a href="#">Tubesheet</a>	7,700.01	85	8,970.11	9,665.9	17,365.01	85	-49	Note 4		No
<a href="#">Rear Tubesheet</a>	7,700.01	85	8,970.11	9,665.9	17,365.01	85	-49	Note 4		No
<a href="#">Rear Channel</a>	7,700.01	85	8,290.65	9,452.05	N/A	85	-29	Note 3		No
<a href="#">Straight Flange on Rear Channel Head</a>	7,700.01	85	7,926.8	9,088.91	N/A	85	-29	Note 2		No
<a href="#">Rear Channel Head</a>	7,700.01	85	8,252.97	9,398.41	N/A	85	-29	Note 5		No
<a href="#">Tubes</a>	7,700.01	85	26,176.67	26,176.67	18,298.14	85	-105	Note 6		No
<a href="#">Tube Side Flange (front)</a>	7,700.01	85	7,961.61	7,961.61	N/A	85	-29	Note 7		No
<a href="#">Tube Side Flange (front) - Flange Hub</a>	7,700.01	85	8,290.65	9,452.05	N/A	85	-29	Note 3		No
<a href="#">Tube Side Flange (rear)</a>	7,700.01	85	7,961.61	7,961.61	N/A	85	-29	Note 7		No
<a href="#">Tube Side Flange (rear) - Flange Hub</a>	7,700.01	85	8,290.65	9,452.05	N/A	85	-29	Note 3		No
<a href="#">8" Two Nozzles (N1 A/B)</a>	7,700.01	85	8,116.25	9,048.06	N/A	85	-29	Nozzle	Note 8	No
								Pad	Note 9	No
<a href="#">8" Two Nozzles (N9)</a>	7,700.01	85	8,116.25	9,048.06	N/A	85	-29	Nozzle	Note 8	No
								Pad	Note 9	No

Chamber design MDMT is -29 °C

Chamber rated MDMT is -29 °C @ 7,926.8 kPa

Chamber MAWP hot & corroded is 7,926.8 kPa @ 85 °C

Chamber MAP cold & new is 7,961.61 kPa @ 25 °C

This pressure chamber is not designed for external pressure.

**Pressure Summary for Shell side chamber**

Identifier	P Design (kPa)	T Design (°C)	MAWP (kPa)	MAP (kPa)	MAEP (kPa)	T <sub>e</sub> external (°C)	MDMT (°C)	MDMT Exemption		Impact Tested
<a href="#">Tubesheet</a>	7,700.01	85	17,365.01	18,255.68	8,970.11	85	-49	Note 4		No
<a href="#">Shell #1</a>	7,700.01	85	8,290.55	9,452.05	N/A	85	-29	Note 3		No
<a href="#">Rear Tubesheet</a>	7,700.01	85	17,365.01	18,255.68	8,970.11	85	-49	Note 4		No
<a href="#">Tubes</a>	7,700.01	85	18,298.14	18,298.14	26,176.67	85	N/A	N/A		No
<a href="#">Shell Side Flange (front)</a>	7,700.01	85	7,961.61	7,961.61	N/A	85	-29	Note 10		No
<a href="#">Shell Side Flange (front) - Flange Hub</a>	7,700.01	85	8,290.65	9,452.05	N/A	85	-29	Note 3		No
<a href="#">Shell Side Flange (rear)</a>	7,700.01	85	7,961.61	7,961.61	N/A	85	-29	Note 10		No
<a href="#">Shell Side Flange (rear) - Flange Hub</a>	7,700.01	85	8,290.65	9,452.05	N/A	85	-29	Note 3		No
<a href="#">Saddle</a>	7,700.01	85	7,961.61	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
<a href="#">6" Two Nozzles (N3 A/B)</a>	7,700.01	85	7,999.13	9,025.34	N/A	85	-29	Nozzle	Note 11	No
								Pad	Note 12	No
<a href="#">6" Two Nozzles (N4 A/B)</a>	7,700.01	85	7,998.49	9,024.71	N/A	85	-29	Nozzle	Note 11	No
								Pad	Note 12	No

Chamber design MDMT is -29 °C

Chamber rated MDMT is -29 °C @ 7,961.61 kPa

Chamber MAWP hot & corroded is 7,961.61 kPa @ 85 °C

Chamber MAP cold & new is 7,961.61 kPa @ 25 °C

This pressure chamber is not designed for external pressure.

**Notes for MDMT Rating:**

Note #	Exemption	Details
1.	<a href="#">Straight Flange</a> governs MDMT	
2.	Material is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)	UCS-66 governing thickness = 24 mm
3.	Material is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)	UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm
4.	Tubesheet is impact tested to -46 °C with an additional 3 °C reduction per UCS-66(g)	UCS-66 governing thickness = 32.5 mm
5.	<a href="#">Straight Flange</a> governs MDMT	
6.	Material is impact test exempt per UCS-66(d) (NPS 4 or smaller pipe)	
7.	UCS-66(b)(1)(b) has been applied. Flange is impact test exempt per UG-20(f) UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm	Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -48 °C
8.	Nozzle impact test exemption temperature from Fig UCS-66M Curve B = -24.98 °C Fig UCS-66.1M MDMT reduction = 7.8 °C, (coincident ratio = 0.8614)	UCS-66 governing thickness = 11.11 mm.
9.	Pad is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)	UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm.
10.	Flange is impact test exempt per UG-20(f) UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm	Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -48 °C
11.	Nozzle impact test exemption temperature from Fig UCS-66M Curve B = -28.75 °C Fig UCS-66.1M MDMT reduction = 10.6 °C, (coincident ratio = 0.8113)	UCS-66 governing thickness = 9.6 mm.
12.	Pad is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)	UCS-66 governing thickness = 20 mm.

Design notes are available on the [Settings Summary](#) page.

### Revision History

No.	Date	Operator	Notes
0	10/30/2014	Muhammad.Rohail	New vessel created Heat Exchanger. [COMPRESS 2014 Build 7400]

## Settings Summary

### COMPRESS 2014 Build 7400

#### Units: SI

**Datum Line Location: 0.00 mm from right seam**

#### Design

ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

Design or Rating:	Get Thickness from Pressure
Minimum thickness:	1.5 mm per UG-16(b)
Design for cold shut down only:	No
Design for lethal service (full radiography required):	No
Design nozzles for:	Design P, find nozzle MAWP and MAP
Corrosion weight loss:	100% of theoretical loss
UG-23 Stress Increase:	1.20
Skirt/legs stress increase:	1.0
Minimum nozzle projection:	152.4 mm
Juncture calculations for $\alpha > 30$ only:	Yes
Preheat P-No 1 Materials $> 1.25"$ and $\leq 1.50"$ thick:	No
UG-37(a) shell tr calculation considers longitudinal stress:	No
Butt welds are tapered per Figure UCS-66.3(a).	

#### Hydro/Pneumatic Test

Shop Hydrotest Pressure:	1.3 times vessel MAWP
Test liquid specific gravity:	1.00
Maximum stress during test:	90% of yield

#### Required Marking - UG-116

##### Tube Side

UG-116(e) Radiography:	RT1
UG-116(f) Postweld heat treatment:	None

##### Shell Side

UG-116(e) Radiography:	RT1
UG-116(f) Postweld heat treatment:	None

#### Code Cases\Interpretations

Use Code Case 2547:	No
Use Code Case 2695:	No
Apply interpretation VIII-1-83-66:	Yes
Apply interpretation VIII-1-86-175:	Yes
Apply interpretation VIII-1-01-37:	Yes
No UCS-66.1 MDMT reduction:	No
No UCS-68(c) MDMT reduction:	No

Disallow UG-20(f) exemptions: No

**UG-22 Loadings**

UG-22(a) Internal or External Design Pressure :	Yes
UG-22(b) Weight of the vessel and normal contents under operating or test conditions:	Yes
UG-22(c) Superimposed static reactions from weight of attached equipment (external loads):	No
UG-22(d)(2) Vessel supports such as lugs, rings, skirts, saddles and legs:	Yes
UG-22(f) Wind reactions:	No
UG-22(f) Seismic reactions:	No
UG-22(j) Test pressure and coincident static head acting during the test:	Yes

Note: UG-22(b),(c) and (f) loads only considered when supports are present.

## Radiography Summary

### Radiography for Tube side chamber

Component	Longitudinal Seam		Left Circumferential Seam		Right Circumferential Seam		Mark
	Category (Fig UW-3)	Radiography / Joint Type	Category (Fig UW-3)	Radiography / Joint Type	Category (Fig UW-3)	Radiography / Joint Type	
<a href="#">Front Head</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	N/A	N/A	B	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	RT1
<a href="#">Front Channel</a>	A	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	B	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	C	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	RT1
<a href="#">Tube Side Flange (front)</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	C	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	RT1
<a href="#">Tubesheet</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT <sup>1</sup>	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	N/A
<a href="#">Rear Tubesheet</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT <sup>1</sup>	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	N/A
<a href="#">Rear Channel</a>	A	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	C	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	B	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	RT1
<a href="#">Tube Side Flange (rear)</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	C	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	RT1
<a href="#">Rear Channel Head</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	B	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	N/A	N/A	RT1
<a href="#">Tubes</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	N/A	N/A / Type 7	N/A	N/A / Type 7	N/A
<b>Nozzle</b>	<b>Longitudinal Seam</b>		<b>Nozzle to Vessel Circumferential Seam</b>		<b>Nozzle free end Circumferential Seam</b>		
<a href="#">8" Two Nozzles (N1 A/B)</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	D	N/A / Type 7	C	UW-11(a)(4) exempt / Type 1	N/A
<a href="#">8" Two Nozzles (N9)</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	D	N/A / Type 7	C	UW-11(a)(4) exempt / Type 1	N/A
<b>Nozzle Flange</b>	<b>Longitudinal Seam</b>		<b>Flange Face</b>		<b>Nozzle to Flange Circumferential Seam</b>		
<a href="#">ASME B16.5/16.47 flange attached to 8" Two Nozzles (N1 A/B)</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	C	UW-11(a)(4) exempt / Type 1	N/A
<a href="#">ASME B16.5/16.47 flange attached to 8" Two Nozzles (N9)</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	C	UW-11(a)(4) exempt / Type 1	N/A
Tube side chamber - UG-116(e) Radiography: <b>RT1</b>							

### Radiography for Shell side chamber

Component	Longitudinal Seam		Left Circumferential Seam		Right Circumferential Seam		Mark
	Category (Fig UW-3)	Radiography / Joint Type	Category (Fig UW-3)	Radiography / Joint Type	Category (Fig UW-3)	Radiography / Joint Type	
<a href="#">Tubesheet</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT <sup>1</sup>	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	N/A
<a href="#">Shell #1</a>	A	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	C	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	C	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	RT1
<a href="#">Shell Side Flange (front)</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	C	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	RT1
<a href="#">Shell Side Flange (rear)</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	C	Full UW-11(a) / Type 1	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	RT1
<a href="#">Rear Tubesheet</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT <sup>1</sup>	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	N/A
<b>Nozzle</b>	<b>Longitudinal Seam</b>		<b>Nozzle to Vessel Circumferential Seam</b>		<b>Nozzle free end Circumferential Seam</b>		
<a href="#">6" Two Nozzles (N3 A/B)</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	D	N/A / Type 7	C	UW-11(a)(4) exempt / Type 1	N/A
<a href="#">6" Two Nozzles (N4 A/B)</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	D	N/A / Type 7	C	UW-11(a)(4) exempt / Type 1	N/A
<b>Nozzle Flange</b>	<b>Longitudinal Seam</b>		<b>Flange Face</b>		<b>Nozzle to Flange Circumferential Seam</b>		
<a href="#">ASME B16.5/16.47 flange attached to 6" Two Nozzles (N3 A/B)</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	C	UW-11(a)(4) exempt / Type 1	N/A
<a href="#">ASME B16.5/16.47 flange attached to 6" Two Nozzles (N4 A/B)</a>	N/A	Seamless No RT	N/A	N/A / Gasketed	C	UW-11(a)(4) exempt / Type 1	N/A
Shell side chamber - UG-116(e) Radiography: <b>RT1</b>							

<sup>1</sup>Tubesheets are always considered to be seamless.

## Thickness Summary

Component Identifier	Material	Diameter (mm)	Length (mm)	Nominal t (mm)	Design t (mm)	Total Corrosion (mm)	Joint E	Load
<a href="#">Front Head</a>	SA-516 70	700 ID	199	24*	22.59	3	1.00	Internal
<a href="#">Straight Flange on Front Head</a>	SA-516 70	700 ID	50	24	23.38	3	1.00	Internal
<a href="#">Front Channel</a>	SA-516 70	700 ID	600	25	23.38	3	1.00	Internal
<a href="#">Tubesheet</a>	SA-350 LF2 Cl 1	970 OD	130	130	116.55	6	1.00	Unknown
<a href="#">Tubes</a>	SA-179 Smls. Tube	19.05 OD	12,000	2.77	1.22	0	1.00	External
<a href="#">Shell #1</a>	SA-516 70	700 ID	11,390.71	25	23.38	3	1.00	Internal
<a href="#">Rear Tubesheet</a>	SA-350 LF2 Cl 1	970 OD	130	130	116.55	6	1.00	Unknown
<a href="#">Rear Channel</a>	SA-516 70	700 ID	600	25	23.38	3	1.00	Internal
<a href="#">Straight Flange on Rear Channel Head</a>	SA-516 70	700 ID	50	24	23.38	3	1.00	Internal
<a href="#">Rear Channel Head</a>	SA-516 70	700 ID	199	24*	22.59	3	1.00	Internal

Nominal t: Vessel wall nominal thickness

Design t: Required vessel thickness due to governing loading + corrosion

Joint E: Longitudinal seam joint efficiency

\* Head minimum thickness after forming

Load

internal: Circumferential stress due to internal pressure governs

external: External pressure governs

Wind: Combined longitudinal stress of pressure + weight + wind governs

Seismic: Combined longitudinal stress of pressure + weight + seismic governs

## Weight Summary

Component	Weight ( kg) Contributed by Vessel Elements										Surface Area m <sup>2</sup>
	Metal New*	Metal Corroded*	Insulation	Insulation Supports	Lining	Piping + Liquid	Operating Liquid		Test Liquid		
							New	Corroded	New	Corroded	
<a href="#">Front Head</a>	136.8	120.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	64.1	66	0.8
<a href="#">Front Channel</a>	260.2	230	0	0	0	0	0	0	304.5	309.9	1.38
<a href="#">Tubesheet</a>	653.2	567.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.4
<a href="#">Shell #1</a>	5,071.8	4,481.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,725.4	2,803.5	26.79
<a href="#">Tubes</a>	7,151	7,151	0	0	0	0	0	0	923	923	N/A
<a href="#">Rear Tubesheet</a>	653.2	567.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.4
<a href="#">Rear Channel</a>	260.2	230	0	0	0	0	0	0	304.5	309.9	1.38
<a href="#">Rear Channel Head</a>	136.8	120.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	64.1	66	0.8
<a href="#">Saddle</a>	175.1	175.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.45
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>14,498.4</b>	<b>13,643.9</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,385.5</b>	<b>4,478.2</b>	<b>34.38</b>

\* Shells with attached nozzles have weight reduced by material cut out for opening.

Component	Weight ( kg) Contributed by Attachments									Surface Area m <sup>2</sup>
	Body Flanges		Nozzles & Flanges		Packed Beds	Trays Baffles Pass Partitions	Tray Supports	Rings & Clips	Vertical Loads	
	New	Corroded	New	Corroded						
<a href="#">Front Head</a>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<a href="#">Front Channel</a>	365.5	356.3	104.4	98.9	0	0	0	0	0	0.91
<a href="#">Tubesheet</a>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<a href="#">Shell #1</a>	729.2	711	138.9	130.4	0	628.9 <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	1.61
<a href="#">Rear Tubesheet</a>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<a href="#">Rear Channel</a>	365.5	356.3	79.4	76.7	0	0	0	0	0	0.91
<a href="#">Rear Channel Head</a>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>1,460.1</b>	<b>1,423.6</b>	<b>322.7</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>628.9</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3.43</b>

Vessel operating weight, Corroded: 16,002 kg  
Vessel operating weight, New: 16,910 kg  
Vessel empty weight, Corroded: 16,002 kg  
Vessel empty weight, New: 16,910 kg  
Vessel test weight, New: 21,296 kg  
Vessel test weight, Corroded: 20,481 kg  
Vessel surface area: 37.82 m<sup>2</sup>

### Vessel center of gravity location - from datum - lift condition

Vessel Lift Weight, New: 16,910 kg  
Center of Gravity: 6,794.72 mm

### Vessel Capacity

Shell side Capacity\*\* (New): 2,723 liters  
Shell side Capacity\*\* (Corroded): 2,801 liters  
Tube side Capacity\*\* (New): 1,654 liters  
Tube side Capacity\*\* (Corroded): 1,668 liters

\*\*The shell and tube capacity does not include volume of nozzle, piping or other attachments.

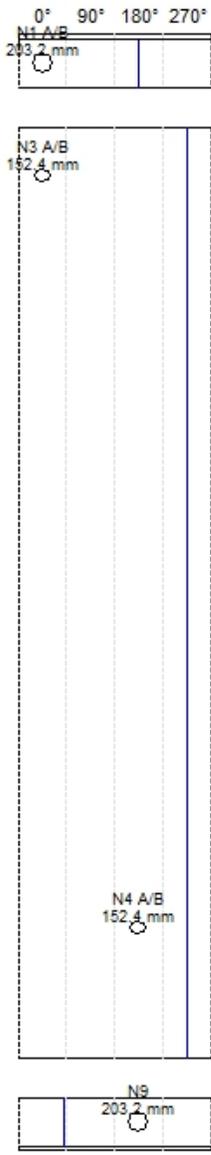
<sup>1</sup>Baffle weights are approximated.

## Long Seam Summary

Shell Long Seam Angles	
Component	Seam 1
<a href="#">Front Channel</a>	180°
<a href="#">Shell #1</a>	270°
<a href="#">Rear Channel</a>	40°

Shell Plate Lengths		
Component	Starting Angle	Plate 1
<a href="#">Front Channel</a>	180°	2,277.65 mm
<a href="#">Shell #1</a>	270°	2,277.65 mm
<a href="#">Rear Channel</a>	40°	2,277.65 mm

\*Plate Lengths use the circumference of the vessel based on the mid diameter of the components



Shell Rollout

## Hydrostatic Test

### Shop test pressure determination for Tube side chamber based on MAWP per UG-99(b)

Shop hydrostatic test gauge pressure is 10,304.84 kPa at 25 °C (the chamber MAWP = 7,926.8 kPa)

The shop test is performed with the vessel in the horizontal position.

Identifier	Local test pressure kPa	Test liquid static head kPa	UG-99(b) stress ratio	UG-99(b) pressure factor	Stress during test MPa	Allowable test stress MPa	Stress excessive?
Front Head (1)	10,314.63	9.8	1	1.30	135.38	235.8	No
Straight Flange on Front Head	10,314.63	9.8	1	1.30	155.522	235.8	No
Front Channel	10,314.63	9.8	1	1.30	149.503	235.8	No
Rear Channel	10,314.63	9.8	1	1.30	149.503	235.8	No
Straight Flange on Rear Channel Head	10,314.63	9.8	1	1.30	155.522	235.8	No
Rear Channel Head	10,314.63	9.8	1	1.30	135.38	235.8	No
Tubes	10,314.58	9.75	1	1.30	33.641	162	No
Tube Side Flange (front) - Flange Hub	10,314.63	9.8	1	1.30	149.503	223.2	No
Tube Side Flange (rear) - Flange Hub	10,314.63	9.8	1	1.30	149.503	223.2	No
Tube Side Flange (front)	10,314.63	9.8	1	1.30	308.271	334.8	No
Tubesheet	10,314.63	9.8	1	1.30	See tubesheet report		
Rear Tubesheet	10,314.63	9.8	1	1.30	See tubesheet report		
Tube Side Flange (rear)	10,314.63	9.8	1	1.30	308.271	334.8	No
8" Two Nozzles (N1 A/B)	10,307.53	2.69	1	1.30	223.872	351	No
8" Two Nozzles (N9)	10,317.57	12.74	1	1.30	224.09	351	No

**Notes:**

- (1) Front Head limits the UG-99(b) stress ratio.
- (2)  $P_L$  stresses at nozzle openings have been estimated using the method described in Division 2 Part 4.5.
- (3)  $1.5 \cdot 0.9 \cdot S_y$  used as the basis for the maximum local primary membrane stress at the nozzle intersection  $P_L$ .
- (4) The zero degree angular position is assumed to be up, and the test liquid height is assumed to the top-most flange.

The field test condition has not been investigated for the Tube side chamber.

The test temperature of 25 °C is warmer than the minimum recommended temperature of -12 °C so the brittle fracture provision of UG-99(h) has been met.

### Shop test pressure determination for Shell side chamber based on MAWP per UG-99(b)

Shop hydrostatic test gauge pressure is 10,350.09 kPa at 25 °C (the chamber MAWP = 7,961.61 kPa)

The shop test is performed with the vessel in the horizontal position.

Identifier	Local test pressure kPa	Test liquid static head kPa	UG-99(b) stress ratio	UG-99(b) pressure factor	Stress during test MPa	Allowable test stress MPa	Stress excessive?
Shell #1 (1)	10,359.65	9.55	1	1.30	150.155	235.8	No
Tubes	10,359.6	9.5	N/A	1.30	NI	NI	NI
Shell Side Flange (front) - Flange Hub	10,359.65	9.55	1	1.30	150.155	223.2	No
Shell Side Flange (rear) - Flange Hub	10,359.65	9.55	1	1.30	150.155	223.2	No
Tubesheet	10,359.65	9.55	1	1.30	See tubesheet report		
Shell Side Flange (front)	10,359.65	9.55	1	1.30	309.617	334.8	No
Shell Side Flange (rear)	10,359.65	9.55	1	1.30	309.617	334.8	No
Rear Tubesheet	10,359.65	9.55	1	1.30	See tubesheet report		
6" Two Nozzles (N3 A/B)	10,352.54	2.45	1	1.30	197.455	351	No
6" Two Nozzles (N4 A/B)	10,362.34	12.25	1	1.30	197.657	351	No

Notes:

(1) Shell #1 limits the UG-99(b) stress ratio.

(2) NI indicates that test stress was not investigated.

(3)  $P_L$  stresses at nozzle openings have been estimated using the method described in Division 2 Part 4.5.

(4)  $1.5 \cdot 0.9 \cdot S_y$  used as the basis for the maximum local primary membrane stress at the nozzle intersection  $P_L$ .

(5) The zero degree angular position is assumed to be up, and the test liquid height is assumed to the top-most flange.

The field test condition has not been investigated for the Shell side chamber.

The test temperature of 25 °C is warmer than the minimum recommended temperature of -12 °C so the brittle fracture provision of UG-99(h) has been met.

## Vacuum Summary

Component	Line of Support	Elevation above Datum (mm)	Length Le (mm)
<a href="#">Front Head</a>	-	13,802.29	N/A
-	<a href="#">1/3 depth of Front Head</a>	13,662.62	N/A
<a href="#">Straight Flange on Front Head Left</a>	-	13,603.29	888.56
<a href="#">Straight Flange on Front Head Right</a>	-	13,553.29	888.56
<a href="#">Front Channel Left</a>	-	13,553.29	888.56
<a href="#">Front Channel Right</a>	-	12,953.29	888.56
<a href="#">Tubesheet</a>	-	12,781.45	N/A
-	<a href="#">Tube Side Flange (front)</a>	12,774.07	N/A
-	<a href="#">Shell Side Flange (front)</a>	12,649.22	N/A
<a href="#">Shell #1 Left</a>	-	12,472	11,745.16
<a href="#">Shell #1 Right</a>	-	1,081.29	11,745.16
-	<a href="#">Shell Side Flange (rear)</a>	904.07	N/A
<a href="#">Rear Tubesheet</a>	-	781.45	N/A
-	<a href="#">Tube Side Flange (rear)</a>	779.22	N/A
<a href="#">Rear Channel Left</a>	-	600	888.56
<a href="#">Rear Channel Right</a>	-	0	888.56
<a href="#">Straight Flange on Rear Channel Head Left</a>	-	0	888.56
<a href="#">Straight Flange on Rear Channel Head Right</a>	-	-50	888.56
-	<a href="#">1/3 depth of Rear Channel Head</a>	-109.33	N/A
<a href="#">Rear Channel Head</a>	-	-249	N/A

Note
For main components, the listed value of 'Le' is the largest unsupported length for the component.

## Front Channel

### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

Component: Cylinder  
Material specification: SA-516 70 (II-D Metric p. 22, ln. 6)  
Material is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)  
UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm

Internal design pressure:  $P = 7,700.01 \text{ kPa @ } 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### Static liquid head:

$$P_{\text{th}} = 9.8 \text{ kPa}_{\text{head}} \quad (\text{SG} = 1, H_s = 1,000 \text{ mm, Horizontal test})$$

Corrosion allowance      Inner C = 3 mm      Outer C = 0 mm

Design MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       No impact test performed  
Rated MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       Material is not normalized  
Material is not produced to Fine Grain Practice  
PWHT is not performed

Radiography:      Longitudinal joint -      Full UW-11(a) Type 1  
Left circumferential joint -      Full UW-11(a) Type 1  
Right circumferential joint -      Full UW-11(a) Type 1

Estimated weight New = 260.2 kg      corr = 230 kg  
Capacity      New = 230.91 liters      corr = 234.88 liters

ID = 700 mm  
Length = 600 mm  
 $L_c$   
t = 25 mm

#### Design thickness, (at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} t &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.60 \cdot P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 7,700.01 \cdot 353 / (138,000 \cdot 1.00 - 0.60 \cdot 7,700.01) + 3 \\ &= 23.38 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

#### Maximum allowable working pressure, (at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) - P_s \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 22 / (353 + 0.60 \cdot 22) - 0 \\ &= 8,290.65 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

#### Maximum allowable pressure, (at $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 25 / (350 + 0.60 \cdot 25) \\ &= 9,452.05 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

#### % Extreme fiber elongation - UCS-79(d)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EFE} &= (50 \cdot t / R_f) \cdot (1 - R_f / R_o) \\ &= (50 \cdot 25 / 362.5) \cdot (1 - 362.5 / \infty) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 3.4483\%$$

The extreme fiber elongation does not exceed 5%.

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and Corroded-  $S_{cHC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and New-  $S_{cHN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and New-  $S_{cCN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and Corroded-  $S_{cCC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Vacuum and Corroded-  $S_{cVC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cVC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

## Shell #1

### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

Component: Cylinder  
Material specification: SA-516 70 (II-D Metric p. 22, ln. 6)  
Material is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)  
UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm

Internal design pressure:  $P = 7,700.01 \text{ kPa @ } 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### Static liquid head:

$$P_{th} = 9.55 \text{ kPa}_{\text{head}} \quad (\text{SG} = 1, H_s = 975 \text{ mm, Horizontal test})$$

Corrosion allowance      Inner C = 3 mm      Outer C = 0 mm

Design MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       No impact test performed  
Rated MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       Material is not normalized  
Material is not produced to Fine Grain Practice  
PWHT is not performed

Radiography:      Longitudinal joint -      Full UW-11(a) Type 1  
Left circumferential joint -      Full UW-11(a) Type 1  
Right circumferential joint -      Full UW-11(a) Type 1

Estimated weight New = 5,071.8 kg      corr = 4,481.7 kg  
Capacity      New = 2,640.23 liters      corr = 2,715.7 liters

ID = 700 mm  
Length = 11,390.71 mm  
 $L_c$   
t = 25 mm

#### Design thickness, (at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} t &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.60 \cdot P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 7,700.01 \cdot 353 / (138,000 \cdot 1.00 - 0.60 \cdot 7,700.01) + 3 \\ &= 23.38 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

#### Maximum allowable working pressure, (at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) - P_s \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 22 / (353 + 0.60 \cdot 22) - 0 \\ &= 8,290.55 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

#### Maximum allowable pressure, (at $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 25 / (350 + 0.60 \cdot 25) \\ &= 9,452.05 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

#### % Extreme fiber elongation - UCS-79(d)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EFE} &= (50 \cdot t / R_f) \cdot (1 - R_f / R_o) \\ &= (50 \cdot 25 / 362.5) \cdot (1 - 362.5 / \infty) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 3.4483\%$$

The extreme fiber elongation does not exceed 5%.

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and Corroded-  $S_{cHC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and New-  $S_{cHN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and New-  $S_{cCN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and Corroded-  $S_{cCC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Vacuum and Corroded-  $S_{cVC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cVC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

## Rear Channel

### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

Component: Cylinder  
Material specification: SA-516 70 (II-D Metric p. 22, ln. 6)  
Material is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)  
UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm

Internal design pressure:  $P = 7,700.01 \text{ kPa @ } 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### Static liquid head:

$$P_{\text{th}} = 9.8 \text{ kPa}_{\text{head}} \quad (\text{SG} = 1, H_s = 1,000 \text{ mm, Horizontal test})$$

Corrosion allowance      Inner C = 3 mm      Outer C = 0 mm

Design MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       No impact test performed  
Rated MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       Material is not normalized  
Material is not produced to Fine Grain Practice  
PWHT is not performed

Radiography:      Longitudinal joint -      Full UW-11(a) Type 1  
Left circumferential joint -      Full UW-11(a) Type 1  
Right circumferential joint -      Full UW-11(a) Type 1

Estimated weight New = 260.2 kg      corr = 230 kg  
Capacity      New = 230.91 liters      corr = 234.88 liters

ID = 700 mm  
Length = 600 mm  
 $L_c$   
t = 25 mm

#### Design thickness, (at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} t &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.60 \cdot P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 7,700.01 \cdot 353 / (138,000 \cdot 1.00 - 0.60 \cdot 7,700.01) + 3 \\ &= 23.38 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

#### Maximum allowable working pressure, (at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) - P_s \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 22 / (353 + 0.60 \cdot 22) - 0 \\ &= 8,290.65 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

#### Maximum allowable pressure, (at $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 25 / (350 + 0.60 \cdot 25) \\ &= 9,452.05 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

#### % Extreme fiber elongation - UCS-79(d)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EFE} &= (50 \cdot t / R_f) \cdot (1 - R_f / R_o) \\ &= (50 \cdot 25 / 362.5) \cdot (1 - 362.5 / \infty) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 3.4483\%$$

The extreme fiber elongation does not exceed 5%.

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and Corroded-  $S_{cHC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and New-  $S_{cHN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and New-  $S_{cCN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and Corroded-  $S_{cCC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Vacuum and Corroded-  $S_{cVC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cVC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

## Front Head

### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

Component: Ellipsoidal Head  
Material Specification: SA-516 70 (II-D Metric p.22, ln. 6)  
[Straight Flange](#) governs MDMT

Internal design pressure:  $P = 7,700.01 \text{ kPa @ } 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### Static liquid head:

$P_s = 0 \text{ kPa}$  (SG=1,  $H_s=0 \text{ mm}$  Operating head)  
 $P_{th} = 9.8 \text{ kPa}$  (SG=1,  $H_s=1000 \text{ mm}$  Horizontal test head)

Corrosion allowance: Inner C = 3 mm Outer C = 0 mm

Design MDMT =  $-29^\circ\text{C}$  No impact test performed  
Rated MDMT =  $-29^\circ\text{C}$  Material is not normalized  
Material is not produced to fine grain practice  
PWHT is not performed  
Do not Optimize MDMT / Find MAWP

Radiography: Category A joints - Seamless No RT  
Head to shell seam - Full UW-11(a) Type 1

Estimated weight\*: new = 136.8 kg corr = 120.8 kg  
Capacity\*: new = 64.1 liters corr = 66 liters  
\* includes straight flange

Inner diameter = 700 mm  
Minimum head thickness = 24 mm  
Head ratio D/2h = 2 (new)  
Head ratio D/2h = 1.9831 (corroded)  
Straight flange length  $L_{sf}$  = 50 mm  
Nominal straight flange thickness  $t_{sf}$  = 24 mm

#### Results Summary

The governing condition is internal pressure.  
Minimum thickness per UG-16 =  $1.5 \text{ mm} + 3 \text{ mm} = 4.5 \text{ mm}$   
Design thickness due to internal pressure (t) = [22.59](#) mm  
Maximum allowable working pressure (MAWP) = [8,252.97](#) kPa  
Maximum allowable pressure (MAP) = [9,398.41](#) kPa

#### K (Corroded)

$$K = (1/6) * [2 + (D / (2*h))^2] = (1/6) * [2 + (706 / (2*178))^2] = 0.988812$$

#### K (New)

$$K = (1/6) * [2 + (D / (2*h))^2] = (1/6) * [2 + (700 / (2*175))^2] = 1$$

**Design thickness for internal pressure, (Corroded at 85 °C) Appendix 1-4(c)**

$$\begin{aligned} t &= P \cdot D \cdot K / (2 \cdot S \cdot E - 0.2 \cdot P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 7,700.01 \cdot 706 \cdot 0.988812 / (2 \cdot 138,000 \cdot 1 - 0.2 \cdot 7,700.01) + 3 \\ &= 22.59 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

The head internal pressure design thickness is [22.59](#) mm.

**Maximum allowable working pressure, (Corroded at 85 °C) Appendix 1-4(c)**

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t / (K \cdot D + 0.2 \cdot t) - P_s \\ &= 2 \cdot 138,000 \cdot 1 \cdot 21 / (0.988812 \cdot 706 + 0.2 \cdot 21) - 0 \\ &= 8,252.97 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

The maximum allowable working pressure (MAWP) is [8,252.97](#) kPa.

**Maximum allowable pressure, (New at 25 °C) Appendix 1-4(c)**

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t / (K \cdot D + 0.2 \cdot t) - P_s \\ &= 2 \cdot 138,000 \cdot 1 \cdot 24 / (1 \cdot 700 + 0.2 \cdot 24) - 0 \\ &= 9,398.41 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

The maximum allowable pressure (MAP) is [9,398.41](#) kPa.

**% Extreme fiber elongation - UCS-79(d)**

$$\begin{aligned} EFE &= (75 \cdot t / R_f) \cdot (1 - R_f / R_o) \\ &= (75 \cdot 24 / 131) \cdot (1 - 131 / \infty) \\ &= 13.7405\% \end{aligned}$$

The extreme fiber elongation exceeds 5 percent and the thickness exceeds 16 mm;. Heat treatment per UCS-56 is required if fabricated by cold forming.

## Straight Flange on Front Head

### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

Component: Straight Flange  
Material specification: SA-516 70 (II-D Metric p. 22, In. 6)  
Material is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)  
UCS-66 governing thickness = 24 mm

Internal design pressure:  $P = 7,700.01 \text{ kPa @ } 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### Static liquid head:

$$P_{\text{th}} = 9.8 \text{ kPa}_{\text{head}} \quad (\text{SG} = 1, H_s = 1,000 \text{ mm, Horizontal test})$$

Corrosion allowance      Inner C = 3 mm      Outer C = 0 mm

Design MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       No impact test performed  
Rated MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       Material is not normalized  
Material is not produced to Fine Grain Practice  
PWHT is not performed

Radiography:      Longitudinal joint -      Seamless No RT  
Circumferential joint -      Full UW-11(a) Type 1

Estimated weight New = 21.4 kg      corr = 18.8 kg  
Capacity      New = 19.24 liters      corr = 19.57 liters

ID = 700 mm  
Length = 50 mm  
 $L_c$   
t = 24 mm

#### Design thickness, (at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} t &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.60 \cdot P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 7,700.01 \cdot 353 / (138,000 \cdot 1.00 - 0.60 \cdot 7,700.01) + 3 \\ &= 23.38 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

#### Maximum allowable working pressure, (at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) - P_s \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 21 / (353 + 0.60 \cdot 21) - 0 \\ &= 7,926.8 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

#### Maximum allowable pressure, (at $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 24 / (350 + 0.60 \cdot 24) \\ &= 9,088.91 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

#### % Extreme fiber elongation - UCS-79(d)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EFE} &= (50 \cdot t / R_f) \cdot (1 - R_f / R_o) \\ &= (50 \cdot 24 / 362) \cdot (1 - 362 / \infty) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 3.3149\%$$

The extreme fiber elongation does not exceed 5%.

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and Corroded-  $S_{cHC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (374 / 21) \\ &= 0.007019 \\ B &= 119.42 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.42 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and New-  $S_{cHN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (374 / 24) \\ &= 0.008021 \\ B &= 119.58 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.58 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and New-  $S_{cCN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (374 / 24) \\ &= 0.008021 \\ B &= 119.58 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.58 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and Corroded-  $S_{cCC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (374 / 21) \\ &= 0.007019 \\ B &= 119.42 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.42 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Vacuum and Corroded-  $S_{cVC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (374 / 21) \\ &= 0.007019 \\ B &= 119.42 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cVC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.42 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

## Straight Flange on Rear Channel Head

### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

Component: Straight Flange  
Material specification: SA-516 70 (II-D Metric p. 22, ln. 6)  
Material is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)  
UCS-66 governing thickness = 24 mm

Internal design pressure:  $P = 7,700.01 \text{ kPa @ } 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### Static liquid head:

$$P_{\text{th}} = 9.8 \text{ kPa}_{\text{head}} \quad (\text{SG} = 1, H_s = 1,000 \text{ mm, Horizontal test})$$

Corrosion allowance      Inner C = 3 mm      Outer C = 0 mm

Design MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       No impact test performed  
Rated MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       Material is not normalized  
Material is not produced to Fine Grain Practice  
PWHT is not performed

Radiography:      Longitudinal joint -      Seamless No RT  
Circumferential joint -      Full UW-11(a) Type 1

Estimated weight New = 21.4 kg      corr = 18.8 kg  
Capacity      New = 19.24 liters      corr = 19.57 liters

ID = 700 mm  
Length = 50 mm  
 $L_c$   
t = 24 mm

#### Design thickness, (at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} t &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.60 \cdot P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 7,700.01 \cdot 353 / (138,000 \cdot 1.00 - 0.60 \cdot 7,700.01) + 3 \\ &= 23.38 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

#### Maximum allowable working pressure, (at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) - P_s \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 21 / (353 + 0.60 \cdot 21) - 0 \\ &= 7,926.8 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

#### Maximum allowable pressure, (at $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 24 / (350 + 0.60 \cdot 24) \\ &= 9,088.91 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

#### % Extreme fiber elongation - UCS-79(d)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EFE} &= (50 \cdot t / R_f) \cdot (1 - R_f / R_o) \\ &= (50 \cdot 24 / 362) \cdot (1 - 362 / \infty) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 3.3149\%$$

The extreme fiber elongation does not exceed 5%.

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and Corroded-  $S_{cHC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (374 / 21) \\ &= 0.007019 \\ B &= 119.42 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.42 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and New-  $S_{cHN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (374 / 24) \\ &= 0.008021 \\ B &= 119.58 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.58 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and New-  $S_{cCN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (374 / 24) \\ &= 0.008021 \\ B &= 119.58 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.58 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and Corroded-  $S_{cCC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (374 / 21) \\ &= 0.007019 \\ B &= 119.42 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.42 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Vacuum and Corroded-  $S_{cVC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (374 / 21) \\ &= 0.007019 \\ B &= 119.42 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cVC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.42 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

## Rear Channel Head

### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

Component: Ellipsoidal Head  
Material Specification: SA-516 70 (II-D Metric p.22, ln. 6)  
[Straight Flange](#) governs MDMT

Internal design pressure:  $P = 7,700.01 \text{ kPa @ } 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### Static liquid head:

$P_s = 0 \text{ kPa}$  (SG=1,  $H_s=0 \text{ mm}$  Operating head)  
 $P_{th} = 9.8 \text{ kPa}$  (SG=1,  $H_s=1000 \text{ mm}$  Horizontal test head)

Corrosion allowance: Inner C = 3 mm Outer C = 0 mm

Design MDMT =  $-29^\circ\text{C}$  No impact test performed  
Rated MDMT =  $-29^\circ\text{C}$  Material is not normalized  
Material is not produced to fine grain practice  
PWHT is not performed  
Do not Optimize MDMT / Find MAWP

Radiography: Category A joints - Seamless No RT  
Head to shell seam - Full UW-11(a) Type 1

Estimated weight\*: new = 136.8 kg corr = 120.8 kg  
Capacity\*: new = 64.1 liters corr = 66 liters  
\* includes straight flange

Inner diameter = 700 mm  
Minimum head thickness = 24 mm  
Head ratio D/2h = 2 (new)  
Head ratio D/2h = 1.9831 (corroded)  
Straight flange length  $L_{sf}$  = 50 mm  
Nominal straight flange thickness  $t_{sf}$  = 24 mm

#### Results Summary

The governing condition is internal pressure.  
Minimum thickness per UG-16 =  $1.5 \text{ mm} + 3 \text{ mm} = 4.5 \text{ mm}$   
Design thickness due to internal pressure (t) = [22.59](#) mm  
Maximum allowable working pressure (MAWP) = [8,252.97](#) kPa  
Maximum allowable pressure (MAP) = [9,398.41](#) kPa

#### K (Corroded)

$$K = (1/6) * [2 + (D / (2 * h))^2] = (1/6) * [2 + (706 / (2 * 178))^2] = 0.988812$$

#### K (New)

$$K = (1/6) * [2 + (D / (2 * h))^2] = (1/6) * [2 + (700 / (2 * 175))^2] = 1$$

**Design thickness for internal pressure, (Corroded at 85 °C) Appendix 1-4(c)**

$$\begin{aligned} t &= P \cdot D \cdot K / (2 \cdot S \cdot E - 0.2 \cdot P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 7,700.01 \cdot 706 \cdot 0.988812 / (2 \cdot 138,000 \cdot 1 - 0.2 \cdot 7,700.01) + 3 \\ &= 22.59 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

The head internal pressure design thickness is [22.59](#) mm.

**Maximum allowable working pressure, (Corroded at 85 °C) Appendix 1-4(c)**

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t / (K \cdot D + 0.2 \cdot t) - P_s \\ &= 2 \cdot 138,000 \cdot 1 \cdot 21 / (0.988812 \cdot 706 + 0.2 \cdot 21) - 0 \\ &= 8,252.97 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

The maximum allowable working pressure (MAWP) is [8,252.97](#) kPa.

**Maximum allowable pressure, (New at 25 °C) Appendix 1-4(c)**

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 2 \cdot S \cdot E \cdot t / (K \cdot D + 0.2 \cdot t) - P_s \\ &= 2 \cdot 138,000 \cdot 1 \cdot 24 / (1 \cdot 700 + 0.2 \cdot 24) - 0 \\ &= 9,398.41 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

The maximum allowable pressure (MAP) is [9,398.41](#) kPa.

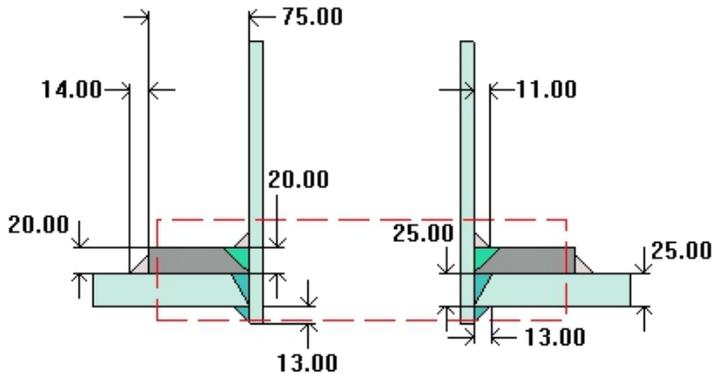
**% Extreme fiber elongation - UCS-79(d)**

$$\begin{aligned} EFE &= (75 \cdot t / R_i) \cdot (1 - R_i / R_o) \\ &= (75 \cdot 24 / 131) \cdot (1 - 131 / \infty) \\ &= 13.7405\% \end{aligned}$$

The extreme fiber elongation exceeds 5 percent and the thickness exceeds 16 mm;. Heat treatment per UCS-56 is required if fabricated by cold forming.

## 6" Two Nozzles (N3 A/B)

### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric



$t_{w(lower)}$	= 25 mm
Leg <sub>41</sub>	= 11 mm
$t_{w(upper)}$	= 20 mm
Leg <sub>42</sub>	= 14 mm
Leg <sub>43</sub>	= 13 mm
$h_{new}$	= 13 mm
$D_p$	= 318.28 mm
$t_e$	= 20 mm

Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

#### Location and Orientation

Located on:	Shell #1
Orientation:	0°
Nozzle center line offset to datum line:	11,872 mm
End of nozzle to shell center:	625 mm
Passes through a Category A joint:	No

#### Nozzle

Access opening:	No
Material specification:	SA-106 B Smls. Pipe (II-D Metric p. 14, In. 19)
Description:	NPS 6 Sch 80 (XS) DN 150
Inside diameter, new:	146.33 mm
Nominal wall thickness:	10.97 mm
Corrosion allowance:	3 mm
Projection available outside vessel, L <sub>pr</sub> :	126.3 mm
Internal projection, $h_{new}$ :	13 mm
Projection available outside vessel to flange face, L <sub>f</sub> :	250 mm
Local vessel minimum thickness:	25 mm
Liquid static head included:	0 kPa
Longitudinal joint efficiency:	1

#### Reinforcing Pad

Material specification:	SA-516 70 (II-D Metric p. 22, In. 6)
Diameter:	318.28 mm
Is split:	No

#### ASME B16.5-2009 Flange

Description:	NPS 6 Class 600 WN A105
Bolt Material:	SA-193 B7 Bolt <= 64 (II-D Metric p. 352, In. 31)

Blind included:	No
Rated MDMT:	-41.28°C per UCS-66(b)(1)(b)
Liquid static head:	0 kPa
MAWP rating:	9,530.01 kPa @ 85°C
MAP rating:	10,210.01 kPa @ 25°C
Hydrotest rating:	15,400.02 kPa @ 25°C
PWHT performed:	No
Circumferential joint radiography:	Full UW-11(a) Type 1

## Reinforcement Calculations for MAWP

Available reinforcement per UG-37 governs the MAWP of this nozzle.

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (cm <sup>2</sup> ) For P = 7,999.13 kPa @ 85 °C The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (mm) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A welds	t <sub>req</sub>	t <sub>min</sub>
<a href="#">32.7819</a>	<a href="#">32.782</a>	<a href="#">1.2019</a>	<a href="#">1.769</a>	<a href="#">0.8504</a>	<a href="#">27.2768</a>	<a href="#">1.6839</a>	<a href="#">9.22</a>	9.6

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary (N) All failure paths are stronger than the applicable weld loads						
Weld load W	Weld load W <sub>1-1</sub>	Path 1-1 strength	Weld load W <sub>2-2</sub>	Path 2-2 strength	Weld load W <sub>3-3</sub>	Path 3-3 strength
<a href="#">437.311</a>	<a href="#">415.113</a>	<a href="#">639.113</a>	<a href="#">100.782</a>	<a href="#">1,435.004</a>	<a href="#">477.202</a>	<a href="#">1,200.316</a>

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (mm)	Actual weld size (mm)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg <sub>41</sub> )	<a href="#">5.58</a>	7.7	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg <sub>42</sub> )	<a href="#">9.5</a>	9.8	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	<a href="#">5.58</a>	20	weld size is adequate

WRC 107												
Load Case	P (kPa)	P <sub>r</sub> (N)	M <sub>c</sub> (N-m)	V <sub>c</sub> (N)	M <sub>L</sub> (N-m)	V <sub>L</sub> (N)	M <sub>t</sub> (N-m)	Max Comb Stress (MPa)	Allow Comb Stress (MPa)	Max Local Primary Stress (MPa)	Allow Local Primary Stress (MPa)	Over stressed
Load case 1	7,999.13	5,589	3,350	4,609	3,350	4,609	4,070	188.496	414	182.635	207	No
Load case 1 (Hot Shut Down)	0	5,589	3,350	4,609	3,350	4,609	4,070	-29.227	414	-6.391	207	No
<a href="#">Load case 1 (Pr Reversed)</a>	7,999.13	-5,589	3,350	4,609	3,350	4,609	4,070	<b>193.129</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>183.738</b>	<b>207</b>	No
Load case 1 (Pr Reversed) (Hot Shut Down)	0	-5,589	3,350	4,609	3,350	4,609	4,070	29.413	414	6.391	207	No

## Calculations for internal pressure 7,999.13 kPa @ 85 °C

Fig UCS-66.2 general note (1) applies.

Nozzle impact test exemption temperature from Fig UCS-66M Curve B = -28.75 °C  
Fig UCS-66.1M MDMT reduction = 10.6 °C, (coincident ratio = 0.8113).

Pad is impact test exempt per UG-20(f).

Nozzle UCS-66 governing thk: 9.6 mm  
 Nozzle rated MDMT: -39.35 °C  
 Pad UCS-66 governing thickness: 20 mm  
 Pad rated MDMT: -29 °C

**Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40**

$$\begin{aligned} L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\ &= \text{MAX}(152.33, 76.16 + (10.97 - 3) + (25 - 3)) \\ &= 152.33 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40**

$$\begin{aligned} L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\ &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(25 - 3), 2.5*(10.97 - 3) + 20) \\ &= 39.93 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Inner Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40**

$$\begin{aligned} L_I &= \text{MIN}(h, 2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_i - C_n - C)) \\ &= \text{MIN}(10, 2.5*(25 - 3), 2.5*(10.97 - 3 - 3)) \\ &= 10 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} t_{rn} &= P * R_n / (S_n * E - 0.6 * P) \\ &= 7,999.1323 * 76.16 / (118,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 7,999.1323) \\ &= 5.38 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Required thickness  $t_r$  from UG-37(a)**

$$\begin{aligned} t_r &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) \\ &= 7,999.1323 * 353 / (138,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 7,999.1323) \\ &= 21.2 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Required thickness  $t_r$  per Interpretation VIII-1-07-50**

$$\begin{aligned} t_r &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) \\ &= 7,999.1323 * 353 / (138,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 7,999.1323) \\ &= 21.2 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Area required per UG-37(c)**

Allowable stresses:  $S_n = 118$ ,  $S_v = 138$ ,  $S_p = 138$  MPa

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$A = d * t_r * F + 2 * t_n * t_r * F * (1 - f_{r1})$$

$$= (152.33*21.2*1 + 2*7.97*21.2*1*(1 - 0.8551)) / 100$$

$$= \underline{32.7819} \text{ cm}^2$$

**Area available from FIG. UG-37.1**

$A_1 =$  larger of the following= 1.2019 cm<sup>2</sup>

$$= d*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1})$$

$$= (152.33*(1*22 - 1*21.2) - 2*7.97*(1*22 - 1*21.2)*(1 - 0.8551)) / 100$$

$$= 1.2019 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 2*(t + t_n)*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1})$$

$$= (2*(22 + 7.97)*(1*22 - 1*21.2) - 2*7.97*(1*22 - 1*21.2)*(1 - 0.8551)) / 100$$

$$= 0.4619 \text{ cm}^2$$

$A_2 =$  smaller of the following= 1.769 cm<sup>2</sup>

$$= 5*(t_n - t_{rn})*f_{r2}*t$$

$$= (5*(7.97 - 5.38)*0.8551*22) / 100$$

$$= 2.4368 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 2*(t_n - t_{rn})*(2.5*t_n + t_e)*f_{r2}$$

$$= (2*(7.97 - 5.38)*(2.5*7.97 + 20)*0.8551) / 100$$

$$= 1.769 \text{ cm}^2$$

$A_3 =$  smaller of the following= 0.8504 cm<sup>2</sup>

$$= 5*t_i*f_{r2}$$

$$= (5*22*4.97*0.8551) / 100$$

$$= \underline{4.6775} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 5*t_i*t_i*f_{r2}$$

$$= (5*4.97*4.97*0.8551) / 100$$

$$= \underline{1.0573} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 2*h*t_i*f_{r2}$$

$$= (2*10*4.97*0.8551) / 100$$

$$= \underline{0.8504} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{41} = \text{Leg}^2*f_{r3}$$

$$= (11^2*0.8551) / 100$$

$$= \underline{1.0348} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{42} = \text{Leg}^2*f_{r4}$$

$$= (0^2*1) / 100$$

$$= \underline{0} \text{ cm}^2$$

(Part of the weld is outside of the limits)

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{43} &= \text{Leg}^2 * f_{r2} \\
 &= (8.71^2 * 0.8551) / 100 \\
 &= \underline{0.649} \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2 * t_n) * t_e * f_{r4} \\
 &= ((304.66 - 152.33 - 2 * 7.97) * 20 * 1) / 100 \\
 &= \underline{27.2768} \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + A_5 \\
 &= 1.2019 + 1.769 + 0.8504 + 1.0348 + 0 + 0.649 + 27.2768 \\
 &= \underline{32.782} \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

As Area  $\geq$  A the reinforcement is adequate.

### UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of 19 mm or } t_n \text{ or } t_e = 7.97 \text{ mm} \\
 t_{c(\min)} &= \text{lesser of 6 mm or } 0.7 * t_{\min} = \underline{5.58} \text{ mm} \\
 t_{c(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 11 = 7.7 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Outer fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of 19 mm or } t_e \text{ or } t = 19 \text{ mm} \\
 t_{w(\min)} &= 0.5 * t_{\min} = \underline{9.5} \text{ mm} \\
 t_{w(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 14 = 9.8 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_{a \text{ UG-27}} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\
 &= 7,999.1323 * 76.16 / (118,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 7,999.1323) + 3 \\
 &= 8.38 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$t_{a \text{ UG-22}} = 7.35 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_a &= \max[ t_{a \text{ UG-27}}, t_{a \text{ UG-22}} ] \\
 &= \max[ 8.38, 7.35 ] \\
 &= 8.38 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_{b1} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\
 &= 7,999.1323 * 353 / (138,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 7,999.1323) + 3 \\
 &= 24.2 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_{b1} &= \max[ t_{b1}, t_{b \text{ UG16}} ] \\
 &= \max[ 24.2, 4.5 ] \\
 &= 24.2 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$t_b = \min[ t_{b3}, t_{b1} ]$$

$$= \min[ 9.22 , 24.2 ]$$

$$= 9.22 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_{UG-45} = \max[ t_a , t_b ]$$

$$= \max[ 8.38 , 9.22 ]$$

$$= 9.22 \text{ mm}$$

Available nozzle wall thickness new,  $t_n = 0.875 \cdot 10.97 = 9.6 \text{ mm}$

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

### Allowable stresses in joints UG-45 and UW-15(c)

Groove weld in tension:  $0.74 \cdot 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}$

Nozzle wall in shear:  $0.7 \cdot 118 = 82.6 \text{ MPa}$

Inner fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 \cdot 118 = 57.82 \text{ MPa}$

Outer fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 \cdot 138 = 67.62 \text{ MPa}$

Upper groove weld in tension:  $0.74 \cdot 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}$

Lower fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 \cdot 118 = 57.82 \text{ MPa}$

### Strength of welded joints:

(1) Inner fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot \text{Leg} \cdot S_i = (\pi / 2) \cdot 168.28 \cdot 11 \cdot 57.82 = 168,116.49 \text{ N}$$

(2) Outer fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Pad OD} \cdot \text{Leg} \cdot S_o = (\pi / 2) \cdot 318.28 \cdot 14 \cdot 67.62 = 473,288.18 \text{ N}$$

(3) Nozzle wall in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Mean nozzle dia} \cdot t_n \cdot S_n = (\pi / 2) \cdot 160.3 \cdot 7.97 \cdot 82.6 = 165,825.13 \text{ N}$$

(4) Groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot t_w \cdot S_g = (\pi / 2) \cdot 168.28 \cdot 22 \cdot 102.12 = 593,844.88 \text{ N}$$

(5) Lower fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot \text{Leg} \cdot S_i = (\pi / 2) \cdot 168.28 \cdot 8.71 \cdot 57.82 = 133,183.19 \text{ N}$$

(6) Upper groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot t_w \cdot S_g = (\pi / 2) \cdot 168.28 \cdot 20 \cdot 102.12 = 539,858.98 \text{ N}$$

### Loading on welds per UG-41(b)(1)

$$W = (A - A_1 + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot f_{r1} \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r)) \cdot S_v$$

$$= (3,278.1869 - 120.1933 + 2 \cdot 7.97 \cdot 0.8551 \cdot (1 \cdot 22 - 1 \cdot 21.2)) \cdot 138$$

$$= \underline{437,310.66 \text{ N}}$$

$$W_{1-1} = (A_2 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42}) \cdot S_v$$

$$= (176.9029 + 2,727.676 + 103.4837 + 0) \cdot 138$$

$$= \underline{415,112.68 \text{ N}}$$

$$W_{2-2} = (A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{43} + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot f_{r1}) \cdot S_v$$

$$= (176.9029 + 85.0448 + 103.4837 + 64.9031 + 2*7.97*22*0.8551)*138$$

$$= \underline{100.782.28} \text{ N}$$

$$W_{3-3} = (A_2 + A_3 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + 2*t_n*t*f_{r1})*S_v$$

$$= (176.9029 + 85.0448 + 2,727.676 + 103.4837 + 0 + 64.9031 + 2*7.97*22*0.8551)*138$$

$$= \underline{477.201.61} \text{ N}$$

Load for path 1-1 lesser of W or  $W_{1-1} = 415,112.68 \text{ N}$

Path 1-1 through (2) & (3) = 473,288.18 + 165,825.13 = 639,113.31 N

Path 1-1 is stronger than  $W_{1-1}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

Load for path 2-2 lesser of W or  $W_{2-2} = 100,782.28 \text{ N}$

Path 2-2 through (1), (4), (5), (6) = 168,116.49 + 593,844.88 + 133,183.19 + 539,858.98 = 1,435,003.54 N

Path 2-2 is stronger than  $W_{2-2}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

Load for path 3-3 lesser of W or  $W_{3-3} = 437,310.66 \text{ N}$

Path 3-3 through (2), (4), (5) = 473,288.18 + 593,844.88 + 133,183.19 = 1,200,316.25 N

Path 3-3 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

## WRC 107 Load case 1 (Pr Reversed)

### Applied Loads

Radial load:	$P_r = -5,589$	N
Circumferential moment:	$M_c = 3,350$	N-m
Circumferential shear:	$V_c = 4,609$	N
Longitudinal moment:	$M_L = 3,350$	N-m
Longitudinal shear:	$V_L = 4,609$	N
Torsion moment:	$M_t = 4,070$	N-m
Internal pressure:	$P = 7,999.13$	kPa
Mean shell radius:	$R_m = 364$	mm
Local shell thickness:	$T = 22$	mm
Shell yield stress:	$S_y = 242$	MPa
Design factor:	3	

### Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the pad edge (includes pressure)

$$\gamma = R_m / T = 364 / 22 = 16.5455$$

$$\beta = 0.875 * r_o / R_m = 0.875 * 159.14 / 364 = 0.3825$$

Pressure stress intensity factor,  $I = 1$  (derived from Division 2 Part 4.5)

$$\text{Local circumferential pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / T = 128.353 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Local longitudinal pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / (2 * T) = 64.176 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Maximum combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = 157.56 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Allowable combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = \pm 3 * S = \pm 414 \text{ MPa}$$

The maximum combined stress  $(P_L + P_b + Q)$  is within allowable limits.

$$\text{Maximum local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = 134.37 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Allowable local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = \pm 1.5 * S = \pm 207 \text{ MPa}$$

The maximum local primary membrane stress  $(P_L)$  is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the pad edge per WRC Bulletin 107										
Figure	value	A <sub>u</sub>	A <sub>l</sub>	B <sub>u</sub>	B <sub>l</sub>	C <sub>u</sub>	C <sub>l</sub>	D <sub>u</sub>	D <sub>l</sub>	
3C*	N <sub>θ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.2801	0	0	0	0	0.896	0.896	0.896	0.896
4C*	N <sub>θ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	2.0646	1.441	1.441	1.441	1.441	0	0	0	0
1C	M <sub>θ</sub> / P	0.0559	0	0	0	0	3.875	-3.875	3.875	-3.875
2C-1	M <sub>θ</sub> / P	0.0238	1.648	-1.648	1.648	-1.648	0	0	0	0
3A*	N <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.7066	0	0	0	0	-2.124	-2.124	2.124	2.124
1A	M <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0747	0	0	0	0	-22.277	22.277	22.277	-22.277
3B*	N <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	1.5212	-4.571	-4.571	4.571	4.571	0	0	0	0
1B-1	M <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0201	-5.992	5.992	5.992	-5.992	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>		128.353	128.353	128.353	128.353	128.353	128.353	128.353	128.353	128.353
<b>Total circumferential stress</b>		120.879	129.566	142.004	126.726	108.723	145.528	157.525	105.221	
<b>Primary membrane circumferential stress*</b>		125.223	125.223	134.365	134.365	127.126	127.126	131.373	131.373	
3C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.2801	0.896	0.896	0.896	0.896	0	0	0	0
4C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	2.0646	0	0	0	0	1.441	1.441	1.441	1.441
1C-1	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.0462	3.199	-3.199	3.199	-3.199	0	0	0	0
2C	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.03	0	0	0	0	2.075	-2.075	2.075	-2.075
4A*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	1.6475	0	0	0	0	-4.95	-4.95	4.95	4.95
2A	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0355	0	0	0	0	-10.59	10.59	10.59	-10.59
4B*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.6875	-2.068	-2.068	2.068	2.068	0	0	0	0
2B-1	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0351	-10.466	10.466	10.466	-10.466	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>		64.176	64.176	64.176	64.176	64.176	64.176	64.176	64.176	64.176
<b>Total longitudinal stress</b>		55.737	70.271	80.807	53.476	52.152	69.182	83.234	57.902	
<b>Primary membrane longitudinal stress*</b>		63.004	63.004	67.141	67.141	60.667	60.667	70.568	70.568	
<b>Shear from M<sub>t</sub></b>		1.165	1.165	1.165	1.165	1.165	1.165	1.165	1.165	1.165
<b>Circ shear from V<sub>c</sub></b>		0.421	0.421	-0.421	-0.421	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Long shear from V<sub>L</sub></b>		0	0	0	0	-0.421	-0.421	0.421	0.421	
<b>Total Shear stress</b>		1.586	1.586	0.745	0.745	0.745	0.745	1.586	1.586	
<b>Combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q)</b>		120.92	129.608	142.011	126.733	108.73	145.535	157.559	105.276	

Note: \* denotes primary stress.

### Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the nozzle OD (includes pressure)

$$\gamma = R_m / T = 364 / 42 = 8.6667$$

$$\beta = 0.875 * r_o / R_m = 0.875 * 84.14 / 364 = 0.2023$$

Pressure stress intensity factor, I = 1.4055 (derived from Division 2 Part 4.5)

Local circumferential pressure stress = I \* P \* R<sub>i</sub> / T = 180.394 MPa

Local longitudinal pressure stress = I \* P \* R<sub>i</sub> / (2 \* T) = 90.197 MPa

Maximum combined stress (P<sub>L</sub> + P<sub>b</sub> + Q) = 193.13 MPa

Allowable combined stress (P<sub>L</sub> + P<sub>b</sub> + Q) = +3 \* S = +414 MPa

The maximum combined stress (P<sub>L</sub> + P<sub>b</sub> + Q) is within allowable limits.

Maximum local primary membrane stress ( $P_L$ ) = 183.74 MPa  
Allowable local primary membrane stress ( $P_L$ ) =  $\pm 1.5S = \pm 207$  MPa

The maximum local primary membrane stress ( $P_L$ ) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the nozzle OD per WRC Bulletin 107										
Figure	value		A <sub>u</sub>	A <sub>l</sub>	B <sub>u</sub>	B <sub>l</sub>	C <sub>u</sub>	C <sub>l</sub>	D <sub>u</sub>	D <sub>l</sub>
3C*	N <sub>φ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.3466	0	0	0	0	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
4C*	N <sub>φ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.5144	0.552	0.552	0.552	0.552	0	0	0	0
1C	M <sub>φ</sub> / P	0.1266	0	0	0	0	2.406	-2.406	2.406	-2.406
2C-1	M <sub>φ</sub> / P	0.0927	1.765	-1.765	1.765	-1.765	0	0	0	0
3A*	N <sub>φ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.2537	0	0	0	0	-0.758	-0.758	0.758	0.758
1A	M <sub>φ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.097	0	0	0	0	-15.01	15.01	15.01	-15.01
3B*	N <sub>φ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.9373	-2.792	-2.792	2.792	2.792	0	0	0	0
1B-1	M <sub>φ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0491	-7.598	7.598	7.598	-7.598	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>			180.394	180.394	180.394	180.394	128.353	128.353	128.353	128.353
<b>Total circumferential stress</b>			172.321	183.987	193.101	174.375	115.48	140.688	147.017	112.185
<b>Primary membrane circumferential stress*</b>			178.154	178.154	183.738	183.738	128.084	128.084	129.601	129.601
3C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.3466	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0	0	0	0
4C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.5144	0	0	0	0	0.552	0.552	0.552	0.552
1C-1	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.1285	2.441	-2.441	2.441	-2.441	0	0	0	0
2C	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.0915	0	0	0	0	1.737	-1.737	1.737	-1.737
4A*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.4027	0	0	0	0	-1.2	-1.2	1.2	1.2
2A	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0578	0	0	0	0	-8.949	8.949	8.949	-8.949
4B*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.2605	-0.772	-0.772	0.772	0.772	0	0	0	0
2B-1	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0786	-12.162	12.162	12.162	-12.162	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>			64.176	64.176	64.176	64.176	90.197	90.197	90.197	90.197
<b>Total longitudinal stress</b>			54.172	73.615	80.041	50.835	82.337	96.761	102.635	81.262
<b>Primary membrane longitudinal stress*</b>			63.894	63.894	65.438	65.438	89.549	89.549	91.948	91.948
<b>Shear from M<sub>t</sub></b>			2.179	2.179	2.179	2.179	2.179	2.179	2.179	2.179
<b>Circ shear from V<sub>c</sub></b>			0.414	0.414	-0.414	-0.414	0	0	0	0
<b>Long shear from V<sub>L</sub></b>			0	0	0	0	-0.414	-0.414	0.414	0.414
<b>Total Shear stress</b>			2.592	2.592	1.765	1.765	1.765	1.765	2.592	2.592
<b>Combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q)</b>			172.376	184.049	193.129	174.403	115.577	140.756	147.169	112.398

Note: \* denotes primary stress.

### Longitudinal stress in the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{n(P_m)} &= P \cdot R_i / (2 \cdot t_n) - P_r / (\pi \cdot (R_o^2 - R_i^2)) + M \cdot R_o / I \\ &= 7,999.13 / 1000 \cdot 76.16 / (2 \cdot 6.6) - 5,589 / (\pi \cdot (84.14^2 - 76.16^2)) + 4,737,614.3 \cdot 84.14 / 1.2929E+07 \\ &= 78.37 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

The average primary stress P<sub>m</sub> (see Division 2 5.6.a.1) across the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads is acceptable (≤ S = 118 MPa)

### Shear stress in the nozzle wall due to external loads

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\text{shear}} &= (V_L^2 + V_C^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot R_i \cdot t_n) \\ &= (4,609^2 + 4,609^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot 76.16 \cdot 7.97) \\ &= 3.417 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\text{torsion}} &= M_t / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_i^2 \cdot t_n) \\ &= 4,070 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 76.16^2 \cdot 7.97) \end{aligned}$$

= 14.005 MPa

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{total}} &= \sigma_{\text{shear}} + \sigma_{\text{torsion}} \\ &= 3.417 + 14.005 \\ &= 17.422 \text{ MPa}\end{aligned}$$

UG-45: The total combined shear stress (17.422 MPa)  $\leq$  allowable ( $0.7 \cdot S_n = 0.7 \cdot 118 = 82.6$  MPa)

## Reinforcement Calculations for MAP

Available reinforcement per UG-37 governs the MAP of this nozzle.

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (cm <sup>2</sup> ) For P = 9,025.34 kPa @ 25 °C The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (mm) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A welds	t <sub>req</sub>	t <sub>min</sub>
<a href="#">35.6209</a>	<a href="#">35.6214</a>	<a href="#">1.6819</a>	<a href="#">4.1432</a>	<a href="#">2.4395</a>	<a href="#">24.8768</a>	<a href="#">2.48</a>	<a href="#">6.22</a>	9.6

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary (N) All failure paths are stronger than the applicable weld loads						
Weld load W	Weld load W <sub>1-1</sub>	Path 1-1 strength	Weld load W <sub>2-2</sub>	Path 2-2 strength	Weld load W <sub>3-3</sub>	Path 3-3 strength
<a href="#">471.400</a>	<a href="#">414.756</a>	<a href="#">697.239</a>	<a href="#">189.808</a>	<a href="#">1,581.482</a>	<a href="#">533.107</a>	<a href="#">1,346.795</a>

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (mm)	Actual weld size (mm)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg <sub>41</sub> )	<a href="#">6</a>	7.7	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg <sub>42</sub> )	<a href="#">9.5</a>	9.8	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	<a href="#">7.68</a>	20	weld size is adequate

Calculations for internal pressure 9,025.34 kPa @ 25 °C

### Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(146.33, 73.16 + (10.97 - 0) + (25 - 0)) \\
 &= 146.33 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(25 - 0), 2.5*(10.97 - 0) + 20) \\
 &= 47.43 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Inner Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_I &= \text{MIN}(h, 2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_i - C_n - C)) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(13, 2.5*(25 - 0), 2.5*(10.97 - 0 - 0)) \\
 &= 13 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_{rn} &= P * R_n / (S_n * E - 0.6 * P) \\
 &= 9,025.3415 * 73.16 / (118,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 9,025.3415) \\
 &= 5.86 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Required thickness $t_r$ from UG-37(a)

$$\begin{aligned}t_r &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\&= 9,025.3415 \cdot 350 / (138,000 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 9,025.3415) \\&= 23.83 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

### Required thickness $t_r$ per Interpretation VIII-1-07-50

$$\begin{aligned}t_r &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\&= 9,025.3415 \cdot 350 / (138,000 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 9,025.3415) \\&= 23.83 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

### Area required per UG-37(c)

Allowable stresses:  $S_n = 118$ ,  $S_v = 138$ ,  $S_p = 138$  MPa

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}A &= d \cdot t_r \cdot F + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot t_r \cdot F \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\&= (146.33 \cdot 23.83 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 10.97 \cdot 23.83 \cdot 1 \cdot (1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\&= \underline{35.6209} \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

### Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

$$A_1 = \text{larger of the following} = \underline{1.6819} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= d \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) - 2 \cdot t_n \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\&= (146.33 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.83) - 2 \cdot 10.97 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.83) \cdot (1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\&= 1.6819 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= 2 \cdot (t + t_n) \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) - 2 \cdot t_n \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\&= (2 \cdot (25 + 10.97) \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.83) - 2 \cdot 10.97 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.83) \cdot (1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\&= 0.8077 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$A_2 = \text{smaller of the following} = \underline{4.1432} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= 5 \cdot (t_n - t_{rn}) \cdot f_{r2} \cdot t \\&= (5 \cdot (10.97 - 5.86) \cdot 0.8551 \cdot 25) / 100 \\&= 5.46 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= 2 \cdot (t_n - t_{rn}) \cdot (2.5 \cdot t_n + t_e) \cdot f_{r2} \\&= (2 \cdot (10.97 - 5.86) \cdot (2.5 \cdot 10.97 + 20) \cdot 0.8551) / 100 \\&= 4.1432 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

$A_3 = \text{smaller of the following} = 2.4395 \text{ cm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 5 * t_i * f_{r2} \\ &= (5 * 25 * 10.97 * 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 11.7286 \text{ cm}^2 \\ \\ &= 5 * t_i * t_i * f_{r2} \\ &= (5 * 10.97 * 10.97 * 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 5.1478 \text{ cm}^2 \\ \\ &= 2 * h * t_i * f_{r2} \\ &= (2 * 13 * 10.97 * 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 2.4395 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{41} &= \text{Leg}^2 * f_{r3} \\ &= (11^2 * 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 1.0348 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{42} &= \text{Leg}^2 * f_{r4} \\ &= (0^2 * 1) / 100 \\ &= 0 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

(Part of the weld is outside of the limits)

$$\begin{aligned} A_{43} &= \text{Leg}^2 * f_{r2} \\ &= (13^2 * 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 1.4452 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2 * t_n) * t_e * f_{r4} \\ &= ((292.66 - 146.33 - 2 * 10.97) * 20 * 1) / 100 \\ &= 24.8768 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + A_5 \\ &= 1.6819 + 4.1432 + 2.4395 + 1.0348 + 0 + 1.4452 + 24.8768 \\ &= 35.6214 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

As Area  $\geq$  A the reinforcement is adequate.

### UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_n \text{ or } t_e = 10.97 \text{ mm} \\ t_{c(\min)} &= \text{lesser of } 6 \text{ mm or } 0.7 * t_{\min} = 6 \text{ mm} \\ t_{c(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 11 = 7.7 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Outer fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_e \text{ or } t = 19 \text{ mm} \\ t_{w(\min)} &= 0.5 * t_{\min} = 9.5 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$t_{w(\text{actual})} = 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 14 = 9.8 \text{ mm}$$

### UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

$$\begin{aligned} t_{a \text{ UG-27}} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 9,025.3415 * 73.16 / (118,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 9,025.3415) + 0 \\ &= 5.86 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$t_{a \text{ UG-22}} = 4.83 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_a &= \max[ t_{a \text{ UG-27}}, t_{a \text{ UG-22}} ] \\ &= \max[ 5.86, 4.83 ] \\ &= 5.86 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_{b1} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 9,025.3415 * 350 / (138,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 9,025.3415) + 0 \\ &= 23.83 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_{b1} &= \max[ t_{b1}, t_{b \text{ UG16}} ] \\ &= \max[ 23.83, 1.5 ] \\ &= 23.83 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_b &= \min[ t_{b3}, t_{b1} ] \\ &= \min[ 6.22, 23.83 ] \\ &= 6.22 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_{\text{UG-45}} &= \max[ t_a, t_b ] \\ &= \max[ 5.86, 6.22 ] \\ &= 6.22 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

Available nozzle wall thickness new,  $t_n = 0.875 * 10.97 = 9.6 \text{ mm}$

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

### Allowable stresses in joints UG-45 and UW-15(c)

Groove weld in tension:  $0.74 * 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}$

Nozzle wall in shear:  $0.7 * 118 = 82.6 \text{ MPa}$

Inner fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 * 118 = 57.82 \text{ MPa}$

Outer fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 * 138 = 67.62 \text{ MPa}$

Upper groove weld in tension:  $0.74 * 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}$

Lower fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 * 118 = 57.82 \text{ MPa}$

### Strength of welded joints:

(1) Inner fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * \text{Leg} * S_i = (\pi / 2) * 168.28 * 11 * 57.82 = 168,116.49 \text{ N}$$

(2) Outer fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Pad OD} * \text{Leg} * S_o = (\pi / 2) * 318.28 * 14 * 67.62 = 473,288.18 \text{ N}$$

(3) Nozzle wall in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Mean nozzle dia} * t_n * S_n = (\pi / 2) * 157.3 * 10.97 * 82.6 = 223,950.61 \text{ N}$$

(4) Groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 168.28 * 25 * 102.12 = 674,823.73 \text{ N}$$

(5) Lower fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * \text{Leg} * S_l = (\pi / 2) * 168.28 * 13 * 57.82 = 198,683.12 \text{ N}$$

(6) Upper groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 168.28 * 20 * 102.12 = 539,858.98 \text{ N}$$

### Loading on welds per UG-41(b)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} W &= (A - A_1 + 2 * t_n * f_{r1} * (E_1 * t - F * t_r)) * S_v \\ &= (3,562.0894 - 168.1932 + 2 * 10.97 * 0.8551 * (1 * 25 - 1 * 23.83)) * 138 \\ &= \underline{471,400.07} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{1-1} &= (A_2 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42}) * S_v \\ &= (414.3218 + 2,487.676 + 103.4837 + 0) * 138 \\ &= \underline{414,756.49} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{2-2} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\ &= (414.3218 + 243.9539 + 103.4837 + 144.5158 + 2 * 10.97 * 25 * 0.8551) * 138 \\ &= \underline{189,807.6} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{3-3} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\ &= (414.3218 + 243.9539 + 2,487.676 + 103.4837 + 0 + 144.5158 + 2 * 10.97 * 25 * 0.8551) * 138 \\ &= \underline{533,106.93} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

Load for path 1-1 lesser of W or  $W_{1-1} = 414,756.49 \text{ N}$

Path 1-1 through (2) & (3) =  $473,288.18 + 223,950.61 = \underline{697,238.79} \text{ N}$

Path 1-1 is stronger than  $W_{1-1}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

Load for path 2-2 lesser of W or  $W_{2-2} = 189,807.6 \text{ N}$

Path 2-2 through (1), (4), (5), (6) =  $168,116.49 + 674,823.73 + 198,683.12 + 539,858.98 = \underline{1,581,482.32} \text{ N}$

Path 2-2 is stronger than  $W_{2-2}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

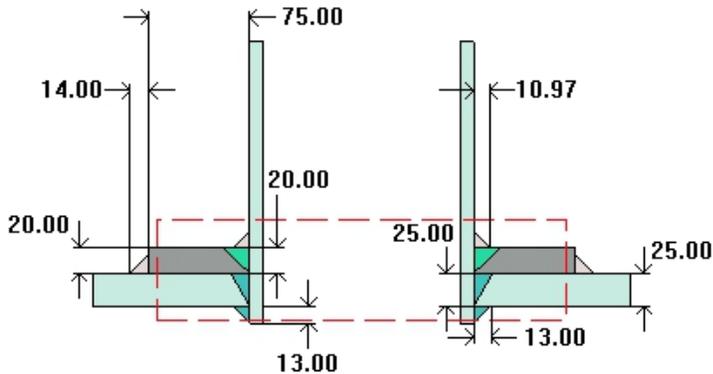
Load for path 3-3 lesser of W or  $W_{3-3} = 471,400.07 \text{ N}$

Path 3-3 through (2), (4), (5) =  $473,288.18 + 674,823.73 + 198,683.12 = \underline{1,346,795.03} \text{ N}$

Path 3-3 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

## 6" Two Nozzles (N4 A/B)

### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric



$t_{w(lower)}$	= 25 mm
$Leg_{41}$	= 10.97 mm
$t_{w(upper)}$	= 20 mm
$Leg_{42}$	= 14 mm
$Leg_{43}$	= 13 mm
$h_{new}$	= 13 mm
$D_p$	= 318.28 mm
$t_e$	= 20 mm

Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

#### Location and Orientation

Located on:	Shell #1
Orientation:	180°
Nozzle center line offset to datum line:	2,672 mm
End of nozzle to shell center:	625 mm
Passes through a Category A joint:	No

#### Nozzle

Access opening:	No
Material specification:	SA-106 B Smls. Pipe (II-D Metric p. 14, In. 19)
Description:	NPS 6 Sch 80 (XS) DN 150
Inside diameter, new:	146.33 mm
Nominal wall thickness:	10.97 mm
Corrosion allowance:	3 mm
Projection available outside vessel, $L_{pr}$ :	126.3 mm
Internal projection, $h_{new}$ :	13 mm
Projection available outside vessel to flange face, $L_f$ :	250 mm
Local vessel minimum thickness:	25 mm
Liquid static head included:	0 kPa
Longitudinal joint efficiency:	1

#### Reinforcing Pad

Material specification:	SA-516 70 (II-D Metric p. 22, In. 6)
Diameter:	318.28 mm
Is split:	No

#### ASME B16.5-2009 Flange

Description:	NPS 6 Class 600 WN A105
Bolt Material:	SA-193 B7 Bolt $\leq$ 64 (II-D Metric p. 352, In. 31)

Blind included:	No
Rated MDMT:	-41.28°C per UCS-66(b)(1)(b)
Liquid static head:	0 kPa
MAWP rating:	9,530.01 kPa @ 85°C
MAP rating:	10,210.01 kPa @ 25°C
Hydrotest rating:	15,400.02 kPa @ 25°C
PWHT performed:	No
Circumferential joint radiography:	Full UW-11(a) Type 1

## Reinforcement Calculations for MAWP

Available reinforcement per UG-37 governs the MAWP of this nozzle.

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (cm <sup>2</sup> ) For P = 7,998.49 kPa @ 85 °C The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (mm) The nozzle passes UG-45		
A required	A available	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A welds	t <sub>req</sub>	t <sub>min</sub>	
<a href="#">32.7791</a>	<a href="#">32.7795</a>	<a href="#">1.2045</a>	<a href="#">1.769</a>	<a href="#">0.8504</a>	<a href="#">27.2768</a>	<a href="#">1.6787</a>	<a href="#">9.22</a>	9.6	

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary (N) All failure paths are stronger than the applicable weld loads						
Weld load W	Weld load W <sub>1-1</sub>	Path 1-1 strength	Weld load W <sub>2-2</sub>	Path 2-2 strength	Weld load W <sub>3-3</sub>	Path 3-3 strength
<a href="#">437.240</a>	<a href="#">415.041</a>	<a href="#">639.113</a>	<a href="#">100.711</a>	<a href="#">1,434.588</a>	<a href="#">477.130</a>	<a href="#">1,200.316</a>

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (mm)	Actual weld size (mm)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg <sub>41</sub> )	<a href="#">5.58</a>	7.68	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg <sub>42</sub> )	<a href="#">9.5</a>	9.8	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	<a href="#">5.58</a>	20	weld size is adequate

WRC 107												
Load Case	P (kPa)	P <sub>r</sub> (N)	M <sub>c</sub> (N-m)	V <sub>c</sub> (N)	M <sub>L</sub> (N-m)	V <sub>L</sub> (N)	M <sub>t</sub> (N-m)	Max Comb Stress (MPa)	Allow Comb Stress (MPa)	Max Local Primary Stress (MPa)	Allow Local Primary Stress (MPa)	Over stressed
Load case 1	7,998.49	5,589	3,350	4,609	3,350	4,609	4,070	188.489	414	182.628	207	No
Load case 1 (Hot Shut Down)	0	5,589	3,350	4,609	3,350	4,609	4,070	-29.227	414	-6.391	207	No
<a href="#">Load case 1 (Pr Reversed)</a>	7,998.49	-5,589	3,350	4,609	3,350	4,609	4,070	<b>193.122</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>183.731</b>	<b>207</b>	No
Load case 1 (Pr Reversed) (Hot Shut Down)	0	-5,589	3,350	4,609	3,350	4,609	4,070	29.413	414	6.391	207	No

## Calculations for internal pressure 7,998.49 kPa @ 85 °C

Fig UCS-66.2 general note (1) applies.

Nozzle impact test exemption temperature from Fig UCS-66M Curve B = -28.75 °C  
Fig UCS-66.1M MDMT reduction = 10.6 °C, (coincident ratio = 0.8113).

Pad is impact test exempt per UG-20(f).

Nozzle UCS-66 governing thk: 9.6 mm  
 Nozzle rated MDMT: -39.35 °C  
 Pad UCS-66 governing thickness: 20 mm  
 Pad rated MDMT: -29 °C

**Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40**

$$\begin{aligned} L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\ &= \text{MAX}(152.33, 76.16 + (10.97 - 3) + (25 - 3)) \\ &= 152.33 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40**

$$\begin{aligned} L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\ &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(25 - 3), 2.5*(10.97 - 3) + 20) \\ &= 39.93 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Inner Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40**

$$\begin{aligned} L_I &= \text{MIN}(h, 2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_i - C_n - C)) \\ &= \text{MIN}(10, 2.5*(25 - 3), 2.5*(10.97 - 3 - 3)) \\ &= 10 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} t_{rn} &= P * R_n / (S_n * E - 0.6 * P) \\ &= 7,998.4898 * 76.16 / (118,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 7,998.4898) \\ &= 5.38 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Required thickness  $t_r$  from UG-37(a)**

$$\begin{aligned} t_r &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) \\ &= 7,998.4898 * 353 / (138,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 7,998.4898) \\ &= 21.2 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Required thickness  $t_r$  per Interpretation VIII-1-07-50**

$$\begin{aligned} t_r &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) \\ &= 7,998.4898 * 353 / (138,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 7,998.4898) \\ &= 21.2 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Area required per UG-37(c)**

Allowable stresses:  $S_n = 118$ ,  $S_v = 138$ ,  $S_p = 138$  MPa

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$A = d * t_r * F + 2 * t_n * t_r * F * (1 - f_{r1})$$

$$= (152.33*21.2*1 + 2*7.97*21.2*1*(1 - 0.8551)) / 100$$

$$= \underline{32.7791} \text{ cm}^2$$

**Area available from FIG. UG-37.1**

$A_1 =$  larger of the following= 1.2045 cm<sup>2</sup>

$$= d*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1})$$

$$= (152.33*(1*22 - 1*21.2) - 2*7.97*(1*22 - 1*21.2)*(1 - 0.8551)) / 100$$

$$= 1.2045 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 2*(t + t_n)*(E_1*t - F*t_r) - 2*t_n*(E_1*t - F*t_r)*(1 - f_{r1})$$

$$= (2*(22 + 7.97)*(1*22 - 1*21.2) - 2*7.97*(1*22 - 1*21.2)*(1 - 0.8551)) / 100$$

$$= 0.4626 \text{ cm}^2$$

$A_2 =$  smaller of the following= 1.769 cm<sup>2</sup>

$$= 5*(t_n - t_{rn})*f_{r2}*t$$

$$= (5*(7.97 - 5.38)*0.8551*22) / 100$$

$$= 2.4368 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 2*(t_n - t_{rn})*(2.5*t_n + t_e)*f_{r2}$$

$$= (2*(7.97 - 5.38)*(2.5*7.97 + 20)*0.8551) / 100$$

$$= 1.769 \text{ cm}^2$$

$A_3 =$  smaller of the following= 0.8504 cm<sup>2</sup>

$$= 5*t_i*f_{r2}$$

$$= (5*22*4.97*0.8551) / 100$$

$$= \underline{4.6775} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 5*t_i*t_i*f_{r2}$$

$$= (5*4.97*4.97*0.8551) / 100$$

$$= \underline{1.0573} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 2*h*t_i*f_{r2}$$

$$= (2*10*4.97*0.8551) / 100$$

$$= \underline{0.8504} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{41} = \text{Leg}^2*f_{r3}$$

$$= (10.97^2*0.8551) / 100$$

$$= \underline{1.0297} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{42} = \text{Leg}^2*f_{r4}$$

$$= (0^2*1) / 100$$

$$= \underline{0} \text{ cm}^2$$

(Part of the weld is outside of the limits)

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{43} &= \text{Leg}^2 * f_{r2} \\
&= (8.71^2 * 0.8551) / 100 \\
&= \underline{0.649} \text{ cm}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2 * t_n) * t_e * f_{r4} \\
&= ((304.66 - 152.33 - 2 * 7.97) * 20 * 1) / 100 \\
&= \underline{27.2768} \text{ cm}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + A_5 \\
&= 1.2045 + 1.769 + 0.8504 + 1.0297 + 0 + 0.649 + 27.2768 \\
&= \underline{32.7795} \text{ cm}^2
\end{aligned}$$

As Area  $\geq$  A the reinforcement is adequate.

### UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_n \text{ or } t_e = 7.97 \text{ mm} \\
t_{c(\min)} &= \text{lesser of } 6 \text{ mm or } 0.7 * t_{\min} = \underline{5.58} \text{ mm} \\
t_{c(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 10.97 = 7.68 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Outer fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_e \text{ or } t = 19 \text{ mm} \\
t_{w(\min)} &= 0.5 * t_{\min} = \underline{9.5} \text{ mm} \\
t_{w(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 14 = 9.8 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

### UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

$$\begin{aligned}
t_{a \text{ UG-27}} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\
&= 7,998.4898 * 76.16 / (118,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 7,998.4898) + 3 \\
&= 8.38 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$t_{a \text{ UG-22}} = 7.34 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_a &= \max[ t_{a \text{ UG-27}}, t_{a \text{ UG-22}} ] \\
&= \max[ 8.38, 7.34 ] \\
&= 8.38 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_{b1} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\
&= 7,998.4898 * 353 / (138,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 7,998.4898) + 3 \\
&= 24.2 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_{b1} &= \max[ t_{b1}, t_{b \text{ UG16}} ] \\
&= \max[ 24.2, 4.5 ] \\
&= 24.2 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$t_b = \min[ t_{b3}, t_{b1} ]$$

$$= \min[ 9.22 , 24.2 ]$$

$$= 9.22 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_{UG-45} = \max[ t_a , t_b ]$$

$$= \max[ 8.38 , 9.22 ]$$

$$= 9.22 \text{ mm}$$

Available nozzle wall thickness new,  $t_n = 0.875 \cdot 10.97 = 9.6 \text{ mm}$

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

### Allowable stresses in joints UG-45 and UW-15(c)

Groove weld in tension:  $0.74 \cdot 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}$

Nozzle wall in shear:  $0.7 \cdot 118 = 82.6 \text{ MPa}$

Inner fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 \cdot 118 = 57.82 \text{ MPa}$

Outer fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 \cdot 138 = 67.62 \text{ MPa}$

Upper groove weld in tension:  $0.74 \cdot 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}$

Lower fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 \cdot 118 = 57.82 \text{ MPa}$

### Strength of welded joints:

(1) Inner fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot \text{Leg} \cdot S_i = (\pi / 2) \cdot 168.28 \cdot 10.97 \cdot 57.82 = 167,700.78 \text{ N}$$

(2) Outer fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Pad OD} \cdot \text{Leg} \cdot S_o = (\pi / 2) \cdot 318.28 \cdot 14 \cdot 67.62 = 473,288.18 \text{ N}$$

(3) Nozzle wall in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Mean nozzle dia} \cdot t_n \cdot S_n = (\pi / 2) \cdot 160.3 \cdot 7.97 \cdot 82.6 = 165,825.13 \text{ N}$$

(4) Groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot t_w \cdot S_g = (\pi / 2) \cdot 168.28 \cdot 22 \cdot 102.12 = 593,844.88 \text{ N}$$

(5) Lower fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot \text{Leg} \cdot S_l = (\pi / 2) \cdot 168.28 \cdot 8.71 \cdot 57.82 = 133,183.19 \text{ N}$$

(6) Upper groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot t_w \cdot S_g = (\pi / 2) \cdot 168.28 \cdot 20 \cdot 102.12 = 539,858.98 \text{ N}$$

### Loading on welds per UG-41(b)(1)

$$W = (A - A_1 + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot f_{r1} \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r)) \cdot S_v$$

$$= (3,277.9119 - 120.4514 + 2 \cdot 7.97 \cdot 0.8551 \cdot (1 \cdot 22 - 1 \cdot 21.2)) \cdot 138$$

$$= \underline{437.240.45 \text{ N}}$$

$$W_{1-1} = (A_2 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42}) \cdot S_v$$

$$= (176.9029 + 2,727.676 + 102.9675 + 0) \cdot 138$$

$$= \underline{415.041.45 \text{ N}}$$

$$W_{2-2} = (A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{43} + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot f_{r1}) \cdot S_v$$

$$= (176.9029 + 85.0448 + 102.9675 + 64.9031 + 2*7.97*22*0.8551)*138$$

$$= \underline{100.711.06} \text{ N}$$

$$W_{3-3} = (A_2 + A_3 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + 2*t_n*t*f_{r1})*S_v$$

$$= (176.9029 + 85.0448 + 2,727.676 + 102.9675 + 0 + 64.9031 + 2*7.97*22*0.8551)*138$$

$$= \underline{477.130.39} \text{ N}$$

Load for path 1-1 lesser of W or  $W_{1-1} = 415,041.45 \text{ N}$

Path 1-1 through (2) & (3) = 473,288.18 + 165,825.13 = 639,113.31 N

Path 1-1 is stronger than  $W_{1-1}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

Load for path 2-2 lesser of W or  $W_{2-2} = 100,711.06 \text{ N}$

Path 2-2 through (1), (4), (5), (6) = 167,700.78 + 593,844.88 + 133,183.19 + 539,858.98 = 1,434,587.84 N

Path 2-2 is stronger than  $W_{2-2}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

Load for path 3-3 lesser of W or  $W_{3-3} = 437,240.45 \text{ N}$

Path 3-3 through (2), (4), (5) = 473,288.18 + 593,844.88 + 133,183.19 = 1,200,316.25 N

Path 3-3 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

## WRC 107 Load case 1 (Pr Reversed)

### Applied Loads

Radial load:	$P_r = -5,589$	N
Circumferential moment:	$M_c = 3,350$	N-m
Circumferential shear:	$V_c = 4,609$	N
Longitudinal moment:	$M_L = 3,350$	N-m
Longitudinal shear:	$V_L = 4,609$	N
Torsion moment:	$M_t = 4,070$	N-m
Internal pressure:	$P = 7,998.49$	kPa
Mean shell radius:	$R_m = 364$	mm
Local shell thickness:	$T = 22$	mm
Shell yield stress:	$S_y = 242$	MPa
Design factor:	3	

### Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the pad edge (includes pressure)

$$\gamma = R_m / T = 364 / 22 = 16.5455$$

$$\beta = 0.875 * r_o / R_m = 0.875 * 159.14 / 364 = 0.3825$$

Pressure stress intensity factor,  $I = 1$  (derived from Division 2 Part 4.5)

$$\text{Local circumferential pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / T = 128.339 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Local longitudinal pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / (2 * T) = 64.17 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Maximum combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = 157.55 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Allowable combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = \pm 3 * S = \pm 414 \text{ MPa}$$

The maximum combined stress  $(P_L + P_b + Q)$  is within allowable limits.

$$\text{Maximum local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = 134.35 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Allowable local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = \pm 1.5 * S = \pm 207 \text{ MPa}$$

The maximum local primary membrane stress  $(P_L)$  is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the pad edge per WRC Bulletin 107										
Figure	value	A <sub>u</sub>	A <sub>l</sub>	B <sub>u</sub>	B <sub>l</sub>	C <sub>u</sub>	C <sub>l</sub>	D <sub>u</sub>	D <sub>l</sub>	
3C*	N <sub>θ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.2801	0	0	0	0	0.896	0.896	0.896	0.896
4C*	N <sub>θ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	2.0646	1.441	1.441	1.441	1.441	0	0	0	0
1C	M <sub>θ</sub> / P	0.0559	0	0	0	0	3.875	-3.875	3.875	-3.875
2C-1	M <sub>θ</sub> / P	0.0238	1.648	-1.648	1.648	-1.648	0	0	0	0
3A*	N <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.7066	0	0	0	0	-2.124	-2.124	2.124	2.124
1A	M <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0747	0	0	0	0	-22.277	22.277	22.277	-22.277
3B*	N <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	1.5212	-4.571	-4.571	4.571	4.571	0	0	0	0
1B-1	M <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0201	-5.992	5.992	5.992	-5.992	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>		128.339	128.339	128.339	128.339	128.339	128.339	128.339	128.339	128.339
<b>Total circumferential stress</b>		120.865	129.552	141.991	126.712	108.71	145.514	157.511	105.207	
<b>Primary membrane circumferential stress*</b>		125.209	125.209	134.351	134.351	127.112	127.112	131.359	131.359	
3C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.2801	0.896	0.896	0.896	0.896	0	0	0	0
4C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	2.0646	0	0	0	0	1.441	1.441	1.441	1.441
1C-1	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.0462	3.199	-3.199	3.199	-3.199	0	0	0	0
2C	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.03	0	0	0	0	2.075	-2.075	2.075	-2.075
4A*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	1.6475	0	0	0	0	-4.95	-4.95	4.95	4.95
2A	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0355	0	0	0	0	-10.59	10.59	10.59	-10.59
4B*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.6875	-2.068	-2.068	2.068	2.068	0	0	0	0
2B-1	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0351	-10.466	10.466	10.466	-10.466	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>		64.17	64.17	64.17	64.17	64.17	64.17	64.17	64.17	64.17
<b>Total longitudinal stress</b>		55.73	70.264	80.8	53.469	52.145	69.175	83.227	57.895	
<b>Primary membrane longitudinal stress*</b>		62.997	62.997	67.134	67.134	60.66	60.66	70.561	70.561	
<b>Shear from M<sub>t</sub></b>		1.165	1.165	1.165	1.165	1.165	1.165	1.165	1.165	
<b>Circ shear from V<sub>c</sub></b>		0.421	0.421	-0.421	-0.421	0	0	0	0	
<b>Long shear from V<sub>L</sub></b>		0	0	0	0	-0.421	-0.421	0.421	0.421	
<b>Total Shear stress</b>		1.586	1.586	0.745	0.745	0.745	0.745	1.586	1.586	
<b>Combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q)</b>		120.906	129.594	141.998	126.719	108.717	145.521	157.545	105.262	

Note: \* denotes primary stress.

### Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the nozzle OD (includes pressure)

$$\gamma = R_m / T = 364 / 42 = 8.6667$$

$$\beta = 0.875 * r_o / R_m = 0.875 * 84.14 / 364 = 0.2023$$

Pressure stress intensity factor, I = 1.4056 (derived from Division 2 Part 4.5)

Local circumferential pressure stress = I \* P \* R<sub>i</sub> / T = 180.388 MPa

Local longitudinal pressure stress = I \* P \* R<sub>i</sub> / (2 \* T) = 90.197 MPa

Maximum combined stress (P<sub>L</sub> + P<sub>b</sub> + Q) = 193.12 MPa

Allowable combined stress (P<sub>L</sub> + P<sub>b</sub> + Q) = +3 \* S = +414 MPa

The maximum combined stress (P<sub>L</sub> + P<sub>b</sub> + Q) is within allowable limits.

Maximum local primary membrane stress ( $P_L$ ) = 183.73 MPa  
Allowable local primary membrane stress ( $P_L$ ) =  $\pm 1.5 \cdot S = \pm 207$  MPa

The maximum local primary membrane stress ( $P_L$ ) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the nozzle OD per WRC Bulletin 107										
Figure	value		A <sub>u</sub>	A <sub>l</sub>	B <sub>u</sub>	B <sub>l</sub>	C <sub>u</sub>	C <sub>l</sub>	D <sub>u</sub>	D <sub>l</sub>
3C*	N <sub>φ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.3466	0	0	0	0	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49
4C*	N <sub>φ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.5144	0.552	0.552	0.552	0.552	0	0	0	0
1C	M <sub>φ</sub> / P	0.1266	0	0	0	0	2.406	-2.406	2.406	-2.406
2C-1	M <sub>φ</sub> / P	0.0927	1.765	-1.765	1.765	-1.765	0	0	0	0
3A*	N <sub>φ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.2537	0	0	0	0	-0.758	-0.758	0.758	0.758
1A	M <sub>φ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.097	0	0	0	0	-15.01	15.01	15.01	-15.01
3B*	N <sub>φ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.9373	-2.792	-2.792	2.792	2.792	0	0	0	0
1B-1	M <sub>φ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0491	-7.598	7.598	7.598	-7.598	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>			180.388	180.388	180.388	180.388	128.339	128.339	128.339	128.339
<b>Total circumferential stress</b>			172.314	183.98	193.095	174.368	115.467	140.674	147.003	112.171
<b>Primary membrane circumferential stress*</b>			178.147	178.147	183.731	183.731	128.07	128.07	129.587	129.587
3C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.3466	0.49	0.49	0.49	0.49	0	0	0	0
4C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.5144	0	0	0	0	0.552	0.552	0.552	0.552
1C-1	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.1285	2.441	-2.441	2.441	-2.441	0	0	0	0
2C	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.0915	0	0	0	0	1.737	-1.737	1.737	-1.737
4A*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.4027	0	0	0	0	-1.2	-1.2	1.2	1.2
2A	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0578	0	0	0	0	-8.949	8.949	8.949	-8.949
4B*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.2605	-0.772	-0.772	0.772	0.772	0	0	0	0
2B-1	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0786	-12.162	12.162	12.162	-12.162	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>			64.17	64.17	64.17	64.17	90.197	90.197	90.197	90.197
<b>Total longitudinal stress</b>			54.165	73.608	80.034	50.828	82.337	96.761	102.635	81.262
<b>Primary membrane longitudinal stress*</b>			63.887	63.887	65.431	65.431	89.549	89.549	91.948	91.948
<b>Shear from M<sub>t</sub></b>			2.179	2.179	2.179	2.179	2.179	2.179	2.179	2.179
<b>Circ shear from V<sub>c</sub></b>			0.414	0.414	-0.414	-0.414	0	0	0	0
<b>Long shear from V<sub>L</sub></b>			0	0	0	0	-0.414	-0.414	0.414	0.414
<b>Total Shear stress</b>			2.592	2.592	1.765	1.765	1.765	1.765	2.592	2.592
<b>Combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q)</b>			172.369	184.042	193.122	174.396	115.563	140.743	147.155	112.385

Note: \* denotes primary stress.

### Longitudinal stress in the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{n(P_m)} &= P \cdot R_i / (2 \cdot t_n) - P_r / (\pi \cdot (R_o^2 - R_i^2)) + M \cdot R_o / I \\ &= 7,998.49 / 1000 \cdot 76.16 / (2 \cdot 6.6) - -5,589 / (\pi \cdot (84.14^2 - 76.16^2)) + 4,737,614.3 \cdot 84.14 / 1.2929E+07 \\ &= 78.366 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

The average primary stress P<sub>m</sub> (see Division 2 5.6.a.1) across the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads is acceptable (≤ S = 118 MPa)

### Shear stress in the nozzle wall due to external loads

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\text{shear}} &= (V_L^2 + V_C^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot R_i \cdot t_n) \\ &= (4,609^2 + 4,609^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot 76.16 \cdot 7.97) \\ &= 3.417 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\text{torsion}} &= M_t / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_i^2 \cdot t_n) \\ &= 4,070 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 76.16^2 \cdot 7.97) \end{aligned}$$

= 14.005 MPa

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{total}} &= \sigma_{\text{shear}} + \sigma_{\text{torsion}} \\ &= 3.417 + 14.005 \\ &= 17.422 \text{ MPa}\end{aligned}$$

UG-45: The total combined shear stress (17.422 MPa)  $\leq$  allowable ( $0.7 \cdot S_n = 0.7 \cdot 118 = 82.6$  MPa)

## Reinforcement Calculations for MAP

Available reinforcement per UG-37 governs the MAP of this nozzle.

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (cm <sup>2</sup> ) For P = 9,024.71 kPa @ 25 °C The opening is adequately reinforced							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (mm) The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A welds	t <sub>req</sub>	t <sub>min</sub>
<a href="#">35.6182</a>	<a href="#">35.6189</a>	<a href="#">1.6845</a>	<a href="#">4.1432</a>	<a href="#">2.4395</a>	<a href="#">24.8768</a>	<a href="#">2.4748</a>	<a href="#">6.22</a>	9.6

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary (N) All failure paths are stronger than the applicable weld loads						
Weld load W	Weld load W <sub>1-1</sub>	Path 1-1 strength	Weld load W <sub>2-2</sub>	Path 2-2 strength	Weld load W <sub>3-3</sub>	Path 3-3 strength
<a href="#">471.332</a>	<a href="#">414.685</a>	<a href="#">697.239</a>	<a href="#">189.736</a>	<a href="#">1.581.067</a>	<a href="#">533.036</a>	<a href="#">1.346.795</a>

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (mm)	Actual weld size (mm)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg <sub>41</sub> )	<a href="#">6</a>	7.68	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg <sub>42</sub> )	<a href="#">9.5</a>	9.8	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	<a href="#">7.68</a>	20	weld size is adequate

Calculations for internal pressure 9,024.71 kPa @ 25 °C

### Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(146.33, 73.16 + (10.97 - 0) + (25 - 0)) \\
 &= 146.33 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(25 - 0), 2.5*(10.97 - 0) + 20) \\
 &= 47.43 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Inner Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_I &= \text{MIN}(h, 2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_i - C_n - C)) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(13, 2.5*(25 - 0), 2.5*(10.97 - 0 - 0)) \\
 &= 13 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_{rn} &= P * R_n / (S_n * E - 0.6 * P) \\
 &= 9,024.7063 * 73.16 / (118,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 9,024.7063) \\
 &= 5.86 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Required thickness $t_r$ from UG-37(a)

$$\begin{aligned}t_r &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\&= 9,024.7063 \cdot 350 / (138,000 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 9,024.7063) \\&= 23.82 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

### Required thickness $t_r$ per Interpretation VIII-1-07-50

$$\begin{aligned}t_r &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\&= 9,024.7063 \cdot 350 / (138,000 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 9,024.7063) \\&= 23.82 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

### Area required per UG-37(c)

Allowable stresses:  $S_n = 118$ ,  $S_v = 138$ ,  $S_p = 138$  MPa

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}A &= d \cdot t_r \cdot F + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot t_r \cdot F \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\&= (146.33 \cdot 23.82 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 10.97 \cdot 23.82 \cdot 1 \cdot (1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\&= \underline{35.6182} \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

### Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

$$A_1 = \text{larger of the following} = \underline{1.6845} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= d \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) - 2 \cdot t_n \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\&= (146.33 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.82) - 2 \cdot 10.97 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.82) \cdot (1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\&= 1.6845 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= 2 \cdot (t + t_n) \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) - 2 \cdot t_n \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\&= (2 \cdot (25 + 10.97) \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.82) - 2 \cdot 10.97 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.82) \cdot (1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\&= 0.809 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$A_2 = \text{smaller of the following} = \underline{4.1432} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= 5 \cdot (t_n - t_m) \cdot f_{r2} \cdot t \\&= (5 \cdot (10.97 - 5.86) \cdot 0.8551 \cdot 25) / 100 \\&= 5.46 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= 2 \cdot (t_n - t_m) \cdot (2.5 \cdot t_n + t_e) \cdot f_{r2} \\&= (2 \cdot (10.97 - 5.86) \cdot (2.5 \cdot 10.97 + 20) \cdot 0.8551) / 100 \\&= 4.1432 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

$A_3 = \text{smaller of the following} = 2.4395 \text{ cm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 5 * t_i * f_{r2} \\ &= (5 * 25 * 10.97 * 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 11.7286 \text{ cm}^2 \\ \\ &= 5 * t_i * t_i * f_{r2} \\ &= (5 * 10.97 * 10.97 * 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 5.1478 \text{ cm}^2 \\ \\ &= 2 * h * t_i * f_{r2} \\ &= (2 * 13 * 10.97 * 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 2.4395 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{41} &= \text{Leg}^2 * f_{r3} \\ &= (10.97^2 * 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 1.0297 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{42} &= \text{Leg}^2 * f_{r4} \\ &= (0^2 * 1) / 100 \\ &= 0 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

(Part of the weld is outside of the limits)

$$\begin{aligned} A_{43} &= \text{Leg}^2 * f_{r2} \\ &= (13^2 * 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 1.4452 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2 * t_n) * t_e * f_{r4} \\ &= ((292.66 - 146.33 - 2 * 10.97) * 20 * 1) / 100 \\ &= 24.8768 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + A_5 \\ &= 1.6845 + 4.1432 + 2.4395 + 1.0297 + 0 + 1.4452 + 24.8768 \\ &= 35.6189 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

As Area  $\geq$  A the reinforcement is adequate.

### UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_n \text{ or } t_e = 10.97 \text{ mm} \\ t_{c(\min)} &= \text{lesser of } 6 \text{ mm or } 0.7 * t_{\min} = 6 \text{ mm} \\ t_{c(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 10.97 = 7.68 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Outer fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_e \text{ or } t = 19 \text{ mm} \\ t_{w(\min)} &= 0.5 * t_{\min} = 9.5 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$t_{w(\text{actual})} = 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 14 = 9.8 \text{ mm}$$

### UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

$$\begin{aligned} t_{a \text{ UG-27}} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 9,024.7063 * 73.16 / (118,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 9,024.7063) + 0 \\ &= 5.86 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$t_{a \text{ UG-22}} = 4.83 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_a &= \max[ t_{a \text{ UG-27}}, t_{a \text{ UG-22}} ] \\ &= \max[ 5.86, 4.83 ] \\ &= 5.86 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_{b1} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 9,024.7063 * 350 / (138,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 9,024.7063) + 0 \\ &= 23.82 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_{b1} &= \max[ t_{b1}, t_{b \text{ UG16}} ] \\ &= \max[ 23.82, 1.5 ] \\ &= 23.82 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_b &= \min[ t_{b3}, t_{b1} ] \\ &= \min[ 6.22, 23.82 ] \\ &= 6.22 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_{\text{UG-45}} &= \max[ t_a, t_b ] \\ &= \max[ 5.86, 6.22 ] \\ &= 6.22 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

Available nozzle wall thickness new,  $t_n = 0.875 * 10.97 = 9.6 \text{ mm}$

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

### Allowable stresses in joints UG-45 and UW-15(c)

Groove weld in tension:  $0.74 * 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}$

Nozzle wall in shear:  $0.7 * 118 = 82.6 \text{ MPa}$

Inner fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 * 118 = 57.82 \text{ MPa}$

Outer fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 * 138 = 67.62 \text{ MPa}$

Upper groove weld in tension:  $0.74 * 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}$

Lower fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 * 118 = 57.82 \text{ MPa}$

### Strength of welded joints:

(1) Inner fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * \text{Leg} * S_i = (\pi / 2) * 168.28 * 10.97 * 57.82 = 167,700.78 \text{ N}$$

(2) Outer fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Pad OD} * \text{Leg} * S_o = (\pi / 2) * 318.28 * 14 * 67.62 = 473,288.18 \text{ N}$$

(3) Nozzle wall in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Mean nozzle dia} * t_n * S_n = (\pi / 2) * 157.3 * 10.97 * 82.6 = 223,950.61 \text{ N}$$

(4) Groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 168.28 * 25 * 102.12 = 674,823.73 \text{ N}$$

(5) Lower fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * \text{Leg} * S_l = (\pi / 2) * 168.28 * 13 * 57.82 = 198,683.12 \text{ N}$$

(6) Upper groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 168.28 * 20 * 102.12 = 539,858.98 \text{ N}$$

### Loading on welds per UG-41(b)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} W &= (A - A_1 + 2 * t_n * f_{r1} * (E_1 * t - F * t_r)) * S_v \\ &= (3,561.8236 - 168.4513 + 2 * 10.97 * 0.8551 * (1 * 25 - 1 * 23.82)) * 138 \\ &= \underline{471,332.38} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{1-1} &= (A_2 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42}) * S_v \\ &= (414.3218 + 2,487.676 + 102.9675 + 0) * 138 \\ &= \underline{414,685.26} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{2-2} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\ &= (414.3218 + 243.9539 + 102.9675 + 144.5158 + 2 * 10.97 * 25 * 0.8551) * 138 \\ &= \underline{189,736.37} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{3-3} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\ &= (414.3218 + 243.9539 + 2,487.676 + 102.9675 + 0 + 144.5158 + 2 * 10.97 * 25 * 0.8551) * 138 \\ &= \underline{533,035.7} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

Load for path 1-1 lesser of W or  $W_{1-1} = 414,685.26 \text{ N}$

Path 1-1 through (2) & (3) =  $473,288.18 + 223,950.61 = \underline{697,238.79} \text{ N}$

Path 1-1 is stronger than  $W_{1-1}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

Load for path 2-2 lesser of W or  $W_{2-2} = 189,736.37 \text{ N}$

Path 2-2 through (1), (4), (5), (6) =  $167,700.78 + 674,823.73 + 198,683.12 + 539,858.98 = \underline{1,581,066.61} \text{ N}$

Path 2-2 is stronger than  $W_{2-2}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

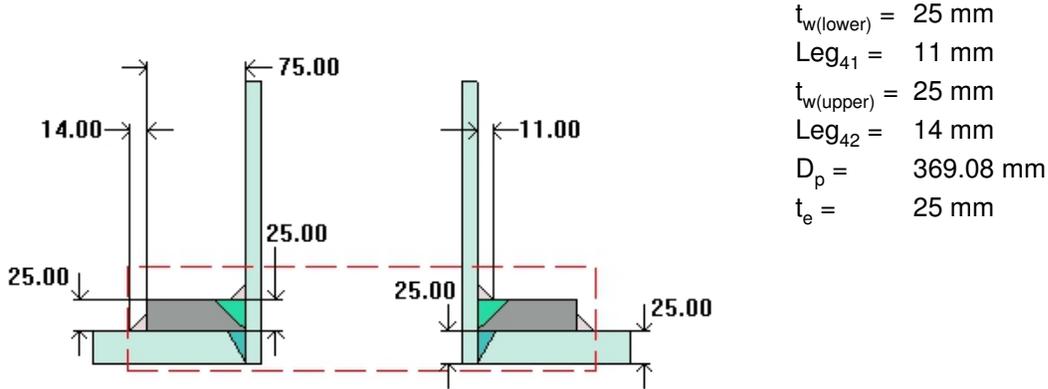
Load for path 3-3 lesser of W or  $W_{3-3} = 471,332.38 \text{ N}$

Path 3-3 through (2), (4), (5) =  $473,288.18 + 674,823.73 + 198,683.12 = \underline{1,346,795.03} \text{ N}$

Path 3-3 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

## 8" Two Nozzles (N1 A/B)

### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric



Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

#### Location and Orientation

Located on:	Front Channel
Orientation:	0°
Nozzle center line offset to datum line:	13,253.29 mm
End of nozzle to shell center:	650 mm
Passes through a Category A joint:	No

#### Nozzle

Access opening:	No
Material specification:	SA-106 B Smls. Pipe (II-D Metric p. 14, In. 19)
Description:	NPS 8 Sch 80 (XS) DN 200
Inside diameter, new:	193.68 mm
Nominal wall thickness:	12.7 mm
Corrosion allowance:	3 mm
Projection available outside vessel, L <sub>pr</sub> :	135.3 mm
Projection available outside vessel to flange face, L <sub>f</sub> :	275 mm
Local vessel minimum thickness:	25 mm
Liquid static head included:	0 kPa
Longitudinal joint efficiency:	1

#### Reinforcing Pad

Material specification:	SA-516 70 (II-D Metric p. 22, In. 6)
Diameter:	369.08 mm
Is split:	No

#### ASME B16.5-2009 Flange

Description:	NPS 8 Class 600 WN A105
Bolt Material:	SA-193 B7 Bolt ≤ 64 (II-D Metric p. 352, In. 31)
Blind included:	No

Rated MDMT:	-41.5°C per UCS-66(b)(1)(b)
Liquid static head:	0 kPa
MAWP rating:	9,530.01 kPa @ 85°C
MAP rating:	10,210.01 kPa @ 25°C
Hydrotest rating:	15,400.02 kPa @ 25°C
PWHT performed:	No
Circumferential joint radiography:	Full UW-11(a) Type 1

## Reinforcement Calculations for MAWP

Available reinforcement per UG-37 governs the MAWP of this nozzle.

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (cm <sup>2</sup> )							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (mm)	
For P = 8,116.25 kPa @ 85 °C The opening is adequately reinforced							The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A welds	t <sub>req</sub>	t <sub>min</sub>
<a href="#">43.5757</a>	<a href="#">43.5768</a>	<a href="#">0.9445</a>	<a href="#">2.1374</a>	--	<a href="#">37.5</a>	<a href="#">2.9948</a>	<a href="#">10.16</a>	11.11

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary (N)						
All failure paths are stronger than the applicable weld loads						
Weld load W	Weld load W <sub>1-1</sub>	Path 1-1 strength	Weld load W <sub>2-2</sub>	Path 2-2 strength	Weld load W <sub>3-3</sub>	Path 3-3 strength
<a href="#">589.409</a>	<a href="#">588.325</a>	<a href="#">812.346</a>	<a href="#">94.143</a>	<a href="#">1.870.541</a>	<a href="#">638.691</a>	<a href="#">1.321.958</a>

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (mm)	Actual weld size (mm)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg <sub>41</sub> )	<a href="#">6</a>	7.7	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg <sub>42</sub> )	<a href="#">9.5</a>	9.8	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	<a href="#">6.79</a>	25	weld size is adequate

WRC 107												
Load Case	P (kPa)	P <sub>r</sub> (N)	M <sub>c</sub> (N-m)	V <sub>c</sub> (N)	M <sub>L</sub> (N-m)	V <sub>L</sub> (N)	M <sub>t</sub> (N-m)	Max Comb Stress (MPa)	Allow Comb Stress (MPa)	Max Local Primary Stress (MPa)	Allow Local Primary Stress (MPa)	Over stressed
Load case 1	8,116.25	7,158	6,820	5,883	6,820	5,883	8,220	210.883	414	203.892	207	No
Load case 1 (Hot Shut Down)	0	7,158	6,820	5,883	6,820	5,883	8,220	-46.56	414	-10.887	207	No
<a href="#">Load case 1 (Pr Reversed)</a>	8,116.25	-7,158	6,820	5,883	6,820	5,883	8,220	<b>214.896</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>204.981</b>	<b>207</b>	No
Load case 1 (Pr Reversed) (Hot Shut Down)	0	-7,158	6,820	5,883	6,820	5,883	8,220	46.767	414	10.887	207	No

## Calculations for internal pressure 8,116.25 kPa @ 85 °C

Fig UCS-66.2 general note (1) applies.

Nozzle impact test exemption temperature from Fig UCS-66M Curve B = -24.98 °C  
Fig UCS-66.1M MDMT reduction = 7.8 °C, (coincident ratio = 0.8614).

Pad is impact test exempt per UG-20(f).

Nozzle UCS-66 governing thk: 11.11 mm

Nozzle rated MDMT: -32.78 °C

Pad UCS-66 governing thickness: 25 mm

Pad rated MDMT: -29 °C

**Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40**

$$\begin{aligned}L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\ &= \text{MAX}(199.67, 99.84 + (12.7 - 3) + (25 - 3)) \\ &= 199.67 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

**Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40**

$$\begin{aligned}L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\ &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(25 - 3), 2.5*(12.7 - 3) + 25) \\ &= 49.25 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

**Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned}t_{rn} &= P*R_n / (S_n*E - 0.6*P) \\ &= 8,116.2485*99.84 / (118,000*1 - 0.6*8,116.2485) \\ &= 7.16 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

**Required thickness  $t_r$  from UG-37(a)**

$$\begin{aligned}t_r &= P*R / (S*E - 0.6*P) \\ &= 8,116.2485*353 / (138,000*1 - 0.6*8,116.2485) \\ &= 21.52 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

**Required thickness  $t_r$  per Interpretation VIII-1-07-50**

$$\begin{aligned}t_r &= P*R / (S*E - 0.6*P) \\ &= 8,116.2485*353 / (138,000*1 - 0.6*8,116.2485) \\ &= 21.52 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

**Area required per UG-37(c)**

Allowable stresses:  $S_n = 118$ ,  $S_v = 138$ ,  $S_p = 138$  MPa

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}A &= d*t_r*F + 2*t_n*t_r*F*(1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= (199.67*21.52*1 + 2*9.7*21.52*1*(1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\ &= \underline{43.5757} \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

### Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

$A_1 =$  larger of the following = 0.9445 cm<sup>2</sup>

$$\begin{aligned} &= d(E_1 t - F t_r) - 2 t_n (E_1 t - F t_r) (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= (199.67(1 \cdot 22 - 1 \cdot 21.52) - 2 \cdot 9.7(1 \cdot 22 - 1 \cdot 21.52)(1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\ &= 0.9445 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2(t + t_n)(E_1 t - F t_r) - 2 t_n (E_1 t - F t_r) (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= (2(22 + 9.7)(1 \cdot 22 - 1 \cdot 21.52) - 2 \cdot 9.7(1 \cdot 22 - 1 \cdot 21.52)(1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\ &= 0.291 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$A_2 =$  smaller of the following = 2.1374 cm<sup>2</sup>

$$\begin{aligned} &= 5(t_n - t_{rn}) f_{r2} t \\ &= (5(9.7 - 7.16) \cdot 0.8551 \cdot 22) / 100 \\ &= 2.3871 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2(t_n - t_{rn})(2.5 t_n + t_e) f_{r2} \\ &= (2(9.7 - 7.16)(2.5 \cdot 9.7 + 25) \cdot 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 2.1374 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{41} &= \text{Leg}^2 f_{r3} \\ &= (11^2 \cdot 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= \underline{1.0348} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{42} &= \text{Leg}^2 f_{r4} \\ &= (14^2 \cdot 1) / 100 \\ &= \underline{1.96} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2 t_n) t_e f_{r4} \\ &= ((369.08 - 199.67 - 2 \cdot 9.7) \cdot 25 \cdot 1) / 100 \\ &= \underline{37.5} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_5 \\ &= 0.9445 + 2.1374 + 1.0348 + 1.96 + 37.5 \\ &= \underline{43.5768} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

As Area  $\geq$  A the reinforcement is adequate.

### UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_n \text{ or } t_e = 9.7 \text{ mm} \\ t_{c(\min)} &= \text{lesser of } 6 \text{ mm or } 0.7 t_{\min} = \underline{6} \text{ mm} \\ t_{c(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 \text{ Leg} = 0.7 \cdot 11 = 7.7 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

Outer fillet:  $t_{\min} = \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_e \text{ or } t = 19 \text{ mm}$   
 $t_{w(\min)} = 0.5 * t_{\min} = 9.5 \text{ mm}$   
 $t_{w(\text{actual})} = 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 14 = 9.8 \text{ mm}$

### UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

$$\begin{aligned} t_{a \text{ UG-27}} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 8,116.2485 * 99.84 / (118,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 8,116.2485) + 3 \\ &= 10.16 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$t_{a \text{ UG-22}} = 8.56 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_a &= \max[ t_{a \text{ UG-27}}, t_{a \text{ UG-22}} ] \\ &= \max[ 10.16, 8.56 ] \\ &= 10.16 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_{b1} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 8,116.2485 * 353 / (138,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 8,116.2485) + 3 \\ &= 24.52 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_{b1} &= \max[ t_{b1}, t_{b \text{ UG16}} ] \\ &= \max[ 24.52, 4.5 ] \\ &= 24.52 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_b &= \min[ t_{b3}, t_{b1} ] \\ &= \min[ 10.16, 24.52 ] \\ &= 10.16 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_{\text{UG-45}} &= \max[ t_a, t_b ] \\ &= \max[ 10.16, 10.16 ] \\ &= 10.16 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

Available nozzle wall thickness new,  $t_n = 0.875 * 12.7 = 11.11 \text{ mm}$

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

### Allowable stresses in joints UG-45 and UW-15(c)

Groove weld in tension:  $0.74 * 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}$

Nozzle wall in shear:  $0.7 * 118 = 82.6 \text{ MPa}$

Inner fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 * 118 = 57.82 \text{ MPa}$

Outer fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 * 138 = 67.62 \text{ MPa}$

Upper groove weld in tension:  $0.74 * 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}$

### Strength of welded joints:

(1) Inner fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * \text{Leg} * S_i = (\pi / 2) * 219.08 * 11 * 57.82 = 218,868.63 \text{ N}$$

(2) Outer fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Pad OD} * \text{Leg} * S_o = (\pi / 2) * 369.08 * 14 * 67.62 = 548,829.9 \text{ N}$$

(3) Nozzle wall in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Mean nozzle dia} * t_n * S_n = (\pi / 2) * 209.37 * 9.7 * 82.6 = 263,516.39 \text{ N}$$

(4) Groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 219.08 * 22 * 102.12 = 773,127.94 \text{ N}$$

(6) Upper groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 219.08 * 25 * 102.12 = 878,544.1 \text{ N}$$

### Loading on welds per UG-41(b)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} W &= (A - A_1 + 2 * t_n * f_{r1} * (E_1 * t - F * t_r)) * S_v \\ &= (4,357.5722 - 94.4514 + 2 * 9.7 * 0.8551 * (1 * 22 - 1 * 21.52)) * 138 \\ &= \underline{589,409.3} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{1-1} &= (A_2 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42}) * S_v \\ &= (213.7415 + 3,750 + 103.4837 + 195.9996) * 138 \\ &= \underline{588,325.1} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{2-2} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\ &= (213.7415 + 0 + 103.4837 + 0 + 2 * 9.7 * 22 * 0.8551) * 138 \\ &= \underline{94,143.05} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{3-3} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\ &= (213.7415 + 0 + 3,750 + 103.4837 + 195.9996 + 0 + 2 * 9.7 * 22 * 0.8551) * 138 \\ &= \underline{638,691.07} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

Load for path 1-1 lesser of W or  $W_{1-1} = 588,325.1 \text{ N}$

Path 1-1 through (2) & (3) =  $548,829.9 + 263,516.39 = \underline{812,346.29} \text{ N}$

Path 1-1 is stronger than  $W_{1-1}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

Load for path 2-2 lesser of W or  $W_{2-2} = 94,143.05 \text{ N}$

Path 2-2 through (1), (4), (6) =  $218,868.63 + 773,127.94 + 878,544.1 = \underline{1,870,540.68} \text{ N}$

Path 2-2 is stronger than  $W_{2-2}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

Load for path 3-3 lesser of W or  $W_{3-3} = 589,409.3 \text{ N}$

Path 3-3 through (2), (4) =  $548,829.9 + 773,127.94 = \underline{1,321,957.84} \text{ N}$

Path 3-3 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

## WRC 107 Load case 1 (Pr Reversed)

### Applied Loads

Radial load:	$P_r = -7,158$	N
Circumferential moment:	$M_c = 6,820$	N-m
Circumferential shear:	$V_c = 5,883$	N
Longitudinal moment:	$M_L = 6,820$	N-m
Longitudinal shear:	$V_L = 5,883$	N
Torsion moment:	$M_t = 8,220$	N-m
Internal pressure:	$P = 8,116.25$	kPa
Mean shell radius:	$R_m = 364$	mm
Local shell thickness:	$T = 22$	mm
Shell yield stress:	$S_y = 242$	MPa
Design factor:	3	

### Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the pad edge (includes pressure)

$$\gamma = R_m / T = 364 / 22 = 16.5453$$

$$\beta = 0.875 * r_o / R_m = 0.875 * 184.54 / 364 = 0.4436$$

Pressure stress intensity factor,  $I = 1.0318$  (derived from Division 2 Part 4.5)

$$\text{Local circumferential pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / T = 134.372 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Local longitudinal pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / (2 * T) = 67.183 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Maximum combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = 176.75 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Allowable combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = \pm 3 * S = \pm 414 \text{ MPa}$$

The maximum combined stress  $(P_L + P_b + Q)$  is within allowable limits.

$$\text{Maximum local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = 143.08 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Allowable local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = \pm 1.5 * S = \pm 207 \text{ MPa}$$

The maximum local primary membrane stress  $(P_L)$  is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the pad edge per WRC Bulletin 107										
Figure	value		A <sub>u</sub>	A <sub>l</sub>	B <sub>u</sub>	B <sub>l</sub>	C <sub>u</sub>	C <sub>l</sub>	D <sub>u</sub>	D <sub>l</sub>
3C*	N <sub>θ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.062	0	0	0	0	0.951	0.951	0.951	0.951
4C*	N <sub>θ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.8734	1.675	1.675	1.675	1.675	0	0	0	0
1C	M <sub>θ</sub> / P	0.0559	0	0	0	0	4.957	-4.957	4.957	-4.957
2C-1	M <sub>θ</sub> / P	0.0181	1.606	-1.606	1.606	-1.606	0	0	0	0
3A*	N <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.6594	0	0	0	0	-3.475	-3.475	3.475	3.475
1A	M <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0708	0	0	0	0	-37.073	37.073	37.073	-37.073
3B*	N <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	1.334	-7.033	-7.033	7.033	7.033	0	0	0	0
1B-1	M <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.016	-8.377	8.377	8.377	-8.377	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>			134.372	134.372	134.372	134.372	130.228	130.228	130.228	130.228
<b>Total circumferential stress</b>			122.244	135.785	153.064	133.096	95.589	159.82	176.685	92.624
<b>Primary membrane circumferential stress*</b>			129.015	129.015	143.08	143.08	127.705	127.705	134.655	134.655
3C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.062	0.951	0.951	0.951	0.951	0	0	0	0
4C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.8734	0	0	0	0	1.675	1.675	1.675	1.675
1C-1	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.0362	3.213	-3.213	3.213	-3.213	0	0	0	0
2C	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.03	0	0	0	0	2.661	-2.661	2.661	-2.661
4A*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	1.7461	0	0	0	0	-9.211	-9.211	9.211	9.211
2A	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0332	0	0	0	0	-17.382	17.382	17.382	-17.382
4B*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.6491	-3.427	-3.427	3.427	3.427	0	0	0	0
2B-1	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0285	-14.92	14.92	14.92	-14.92	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>			65.114	65.114	65.114	65.114	67.183	67.183	67.183	67.183
<b>Total longitudinal stress</b>			50.932	74.346	87.625	51.359	44.926	74.367	98.112	58.026
<b>Primary membrane longitudinal stress*</b>			62.639	62.639	69.492	69.492	59.647	59.647	78.069	78.069
<b>Shear from M<sub>t</sub></b>			1.744	1.744	1.744	1.744	1.744	1.744	1.744	1.744
<b>Circ shear from V<sub>c</sub></b>			0.462	0.462	-0.462	-0.462	0	0	0	0
<b>Long shear from V<sub>L</sub></b>			0	0	0	0	-0.462	-0.462	0.462	0.462
<b>Total Shear stress</b>			2.206	2.206	1.282	1.282	1.282	1.282	2.206	2.206
<b>Combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q)</b>			122.313	135.861	153.091	133.117	95.623	159.841	176.747	92.762

Note: \* denotes primary stress.

### Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the nozzle OD (includes pressure)

$$\gamma = R_m / T = 364 / 47 = 7.7446$$

$$\beta = 0.875 * r_o / R_m = 0.875 * 109.54 / 364 = 0.2633$$

Pressure stress intensity factor, I = 1.541 (derived from Division 2 Part 4.5)

Local circumferential pressure stress = I\*P\*R<sub>i</sub> / T = 200.679 MPa

Local longitudinal pressure stress = I\*P\*R<sub>i</sub> / (2\*T) = 100.339 MPa

Maximum combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q) = 214.9 MPa

Allowable combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q) = +-3\*S = +-414 MPa

The maximum combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q) is within allowable limits.

Maximum local primary membrane stress ( $P_L$ ) = 204.98 MPa  
Allowable local primary membrane stress ( $P_L$ ) =  $\pm 1.5 \cdot S = \pm 207$  MPa

The maximum local primary membrane stress ( $P_L$ ) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the nozzle OD per WRC Bulletin 107										
Figure	value	A <sub>u</sub>	A <sub>l</sub>	B <sub>u</sub>	B <sub>l</sub>	C <sub>u</sub>	C <sub>l</sub>	D <sub>u</sub>	D <sub>l</sub>	
3C*	N <sub>θ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.1011	0	0	0	0	0.462	0.462	0.462	0.462
4C*	N <sub>θ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.2994	0.545	0.545	0.545	0.545	0	0	0	0
1C	M <sub>θ</sub> / P	0.1044	0	0	0	0	2.027	-2.027	2.027	-2.027
2C-1	M <sub>θ</sub> / P	0.0753	1.462	-1.462	1.462	-1.462	0	0	0	0
3A*	N <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.2717	0	0	0	0	-1.131	-1.131	1.131	1.131
1A	M <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.095	0	0	0	0	-18.361	18.361	18.361	-18.361
3B*	N <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.9028	-3.758	-3.758	3.758	3.758	0	0	0	0
1B-1	M <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0436	-8.425	8.425	8.425	-8.425	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>		200.679	200.679	200.679	200.679	130.228	130.228	130.228	130.228	
<b>Total circumferential stress</b>		190.502	204.43	214.868	195.094	113.226	145.893	152.209	111.433	
<b>Primary membrane circumferential stress*</b>		197.466	197.466	204.981	204.981	129.559	129.559	131.821	131.821	
3C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.1011	0.462	0.462	0.462	0.462	0	0	0	0
4C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.2994	0	0	0	0	0.545	0.545	0.545	0.545
1C-1	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.1043	2.027	-2.027	2.027	-2.027	0	0	0	0
2C	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.075	0	0	0	0	1.455	-1.455	1.455	-1.455
4A*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.469	0	0	0	0	-1.951	-1.951	1.951	1.951
2A	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0554	0	0	0	0	-10.708	10.708	10.708	-10.708
4B*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.2719	-1.131	-1.131	1.131	1.131	0	0	0	0
2B-1	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0707	-13.665	13.665	13.665	-13.665	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>		65.114	65.114	65.114	65.114	100.339	100.339	100.339	100.339	
<b>Total longitudinal stress</b>		52.807	76.084	82.399	51.014	89.68	108.186	114.998	90.673	
<b>Primary membrane longitudinal stress*</b>		64.445	64.445	66.707	66.707	98.933	98.933	102.835	102.835	
<b>Shear from M<sub>t</sub></b>		2.317	2.317	2.317	2.317	2.317	2.317	2.317	2.317	
<b>Circ shear from V<sub>c</sub></b>		0.365	0.365	-0.365	-0.365	0	0	0	0	
<b>Long shear from V<sub>L</sub></b>		0	0	0	0	-0.365	-0.365	0.365	0.365	
<b>Total Shear stress</b>		2.682	2.682	1.951	1.951	1.951	1.951	2.682	2.682	
<b>Combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q)</b>		190.557	204.485	214.896	195.122	113.384	145.996	152.402	111.771	

Note: \* denotes primary stress.

### Longitudinal stress in the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{n(P_m)} &= P \cdot R_i / (2 \cdot t_n) - P_r / (\pi \cdot (R_o^2 - R_i^2)) + M \cdot R_o / I \\ &= 8,116.25 / 1000 \cdot 99.84 / (2 \cdot 8.11) - -7,158 / (\pi \cdot (109.54^2 - 99.84^2)) + 9,644,934.2 \cdot 109.54 / 3.5039E+07 \\ &= 81.214 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

The average primary stress P<sub>m</sub> (see Division 2 5.6.a.1) across the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads is acceptable (≤ S = 118 MPa)

### Shear stress in the nozzle wall due to external loads

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\text{shear}} &= (V_L^2 + V_c^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot R_i \cdot t_n) \\ &= (5,883^2 + 5,883^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot 99.84 \cdot 9.7) \\ &= 2.735 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\text{torsion}} &= M_t / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_i^2 \cdot t_n) \\ &= 8,220 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 99.84^2 \cdot 9.7) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 13.531 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{total}} &= \sigma_{\text{shear}} + \sigma_{\text{torsion}} \\ &= 2.735 + 13.531 \\ &= 16.265 \text{ MPa}\end{aligned}$$

UG-45: The total combined shear stress (16.265 MPa)  $\leq$  allowable ( $0.7 \cdot S_n = 0.7 \cdot 118 = 82.6 \text{ MPa}$ )

## Reinforcement Calculations for MAP

Available reinforcement per UG-37 governs the MAP of this nozzle.

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (cm <sup>2</sup> )							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (mm)	
For P = 9,048.06 kPa @ 25 °C The opening is adequately reinforced							The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A welds	t <sub>req</sub>	t <sub>min</sub>
47.1436	47.1445	2.1135	4.7722	--	37.5	2.7587	7.78	11.11

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary (N)						
All failure paths are stronger than the applicable weld loads						
Weld load W	Weld load W <sub>1-1</sub>	Path 1-1 strength	Weld load W <sub>2-2</sub>	Path 2-2 strength	Weld load W <sub>3-3</sub>	Path 3-3 strength
624.749	621.427	888.894	155.070	1,975.957	696.360	1,427.374

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (mm)	Actual weld size (mm)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg <sub>41</sub> )	6	7.7	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg <sub>42</sub> )	9.5	9.8	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	8.89	25	weld size is adequate

Calculations for internal pressure 9,048.06 kPa @ 25 °C

### Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(193.68, 96.84 + (12.7 - 0) + (25 - 0)) \\
 &= 193.68 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(25 - 0), 2.5*(12.7 - 0) + 25) \\
 &= 56.75 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_m &= P \cdot R_n / (S_n \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\
 &= 9,048.0631 \cdot 96.84 / (118,000 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 9,048.0631) \\
 &= 7.78 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Required thickness t<sub>r</sub> from UG-37(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_r &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\
 &= 9,048.0631 \cdot 350 / (138,000 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 9,048.0631)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 23.89 \text{ mm}$$

**Required thickness  $t_r$  per Interpretation VIII-1-07-50**

$$\begin{aligned} t_r &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\ &= 9,048.0631 \cdot 350 / (138,000 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 9,048.0631) \\ &= 23.89 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Area required per UG-37(c)**

Allowable stresses:  $S_n = 118$ ,  $S_v = 138$ ,  $S_p = 138$  MPa

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= d \cdot t_r \cdot F + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot t_r \cdot F \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= (193.68 \cdot 23.89 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 12.7 \cdot 23.89 \cdot 1 \cdot (1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\ &= \underline{47.1436} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

**Area available from FIG. UG-37.1**

$A_1 = \text{larger of the following} = \underline{2.1135} \text{ cm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned} &= d \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) - 2 \cdot t_n \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= (193.68 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.89) - 2 \cdot 12.7 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.89) \cdot (1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\ &= 2.1135 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2 \cdot (t + t_n) \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) - 2 \cdot t_n \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= (2 \cdot (25 + 12.7) \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.89) - 2 \cdot 12.7 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.89) \cdot (1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\ &= 0.7981 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$A_2 = \text{smaller of the following} = \underline{4.7722} \text{ cm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 5 \cdot (t_n - t_{rn}) \cdot f_{r2} \cdot t \\ &= (5 \cdot (12.7 - 7.78) \cdot 0.8551 \cdot 25) / 100 \\ &= 5.2561 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2 \cdot (t_n - t_{rn}) \cdot (2.5 \cdot t_n + t_e) \cdot f_{r2} \\ &= (2 \cdot (12.7 - 7.78) \cdot (2.5 \cdot 12.7 + 25) \cdot 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 4.7722 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{41} &= \text{Leg}^2 \cdot f_{r3} \\ &= (11^2 \cdot 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= \underline{1.0348} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{42} &= \text{Leg}^2 * f_{r4} \\
&= (13.13^2 * 1) / 100 \\
&= \underline{1.7239} \text{ cm}^2
\end{aligned}$$

(Part of the weld is outside of the limits)

$$\begin{aligned}
A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2 * t_n) * t_e * f_{r4} \\
&= ((369.08 - 193.68 - 2 * 12.7) * 25 * 1) / 100 \\
&= \underline{37.5} \text{ cm}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_5 \\
&= 2.1135 + 4.7722 + 1.0348 + 1.7239 + 37.5 \\
&= \underline{47.1445} \text{ cm}^2
\end{aligned}$$

As Area  $\geq$  A the reinforcement is adequate.

### UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_n \text{ or } t_e = 12.7 \text{ mm} \\
t_{c(\min)} &= \text{lesser of } 6 \text{ mm or } 0.7 * t_{\min} = \underline{6} \text{ mm} \\
t_{c(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 11 = 7.7 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Outer fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_e \text{ or } t = 19 \text{ mm} \\
t_{w(\min)} &= 0.5 * t_{\min} = \underline{9.5} \text{ mm} \\
t_{w(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 14 = 9.8 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

### UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

$$\begin{aligned}
t_{a \text{ UG-27}} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\
&= 9,048.0631 * 96.84 / (118,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 9,048.0631) + 0 \\
&= 7.78 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$t_{a \text{ UG-22}} = 6.1 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_a &= \max[ t_{a \text{ UG-27}}, t_{a \text{ UG-22}} ] \\
&= \max[ 7.78, 6.1 ] \\
&= 7.78 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_{b1} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\
&= 9,048.0631 * 350 / (138,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 9,048.0631) + 0 \\
&= 23.89 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_{b1} &= \max[ t_{b1}, t_{b \text{ UG16}} ] \\
&= \max[ 23.89, 1.5 ] \\
&= 23.89 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_b &= \min[ t_{b3}, t_{b1} ] \\
 &= \min[ 7.16, 23.89 ] \\
 &= 7.16 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_{UG-45} &= \max[ t_a, t_b ] \\
 &= \max[ 7.78, 7.16 ] \\
 &= 7.78 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

Available nozzle wall thickness new,  $t_n = 0.875 \cdot 12.7 = 11.11 \text{ mm}$

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

### Allowable stresses in joints UG-45 and UW-15(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Groove weld in tension:} & \quad 0.74 \cdot 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa} \\
 \text{Nozzle wall in shear:} & \quad 0.7 \cdot 118 = 82.6 \text{ MPa} \\
 \text{Inner fillet weld in shear:} & \quad 0.49 \cdot 118 = 57.82 \text{ MPa} \\
 \text{Outer fillet weld in shear:} & \quad 0.49 \cdot 138 = 67.62 \text{ MPa} \\
 \text{Upper groove weld in tension:} & \quad 0.74 \cdot 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Strength of welded joints:

(1) Inner fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot \text{Leg} \cdot S_i = (\pi / 2) \cdot 219.08 \cdot 11 \cdot 57.82 = 218,868.63 \text{ N}$$

(2) Outer fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Pad OD} \cdot \text{Leg} \cdot S_o = (\pi / 2) \cdot 369.08 \cdot 14 \cdot 67.62 = 548,829.9 \text{ N}$$

(3) Nozzle wall in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Mean nozzle dia} \cdot t_n \cdot S_n = (\pi / 2) \cdot 206.38 \cdot 12.7 \cdot 82.6 = 340,064.1 \text{ N}$$

(4) Groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot t_w \cdot S_g = (\pi / 2) \cdot 219.08 \cdot 25 \cdot 102.12 = 878,544.1 \text{ N}$$

(6) Upper groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot t_w \cdot S_g = (\pi / 2) \cdot 219.08 \cdot 25 \cdot 102.12 = 878,544.1 \text{ N}$$

### Loading on welds per UG-41(b)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= (A - A_1 + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot f_{r1} \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r)) \cdot S_v \\
 &= (4,714.3649 - 211.3544 + 2 \cdot 12.7 \cdot 0.8551 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.89)) \cdot 138 \\
 &= \underline{624,749.46 \text{ N}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{1-1} &= (A_2 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42}) \cdot S_v \\
 &= (477.2249 + 3,750 + 103.4837 + 172.3868) \cdot 138 \\
 &= \underline{621,427.23 \text{ N}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{2-2} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{43} + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot f_{r1}) \cdot S_v \\
 &= (477.2249 + 0 + 103.4837 + 0 + 2 \cdot 12.7 \cdot 25 \cdot 0.8551) \cdot 138 \\
 &= \underline{155,070.21 \text{ N}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
W_{3-3} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + 2*t_n*t_{r1})*S_v \\
&= (477.2249 + 0 + 3,750 + 103.4837 + 172.3868 + 0 + 2*12.7*25*0.8551)*138 \\
&= \underline{696.359.65} \text{ N}
\end{aligned}$$

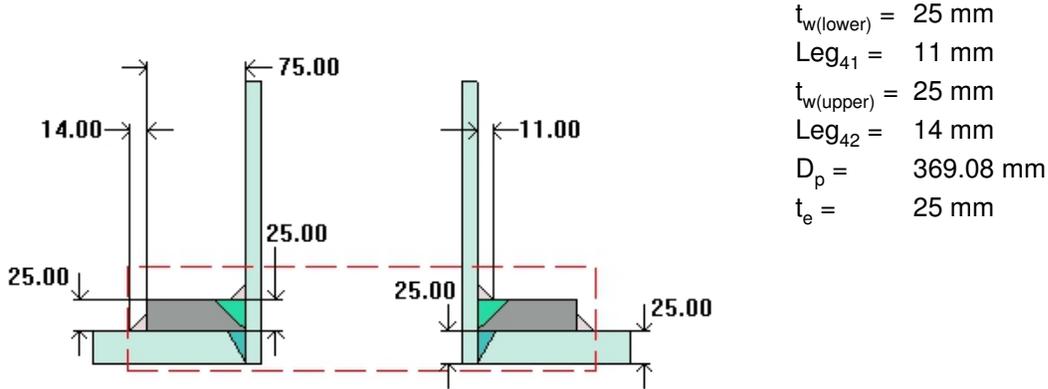
Load for path 1-1 lesser of W or  $W_{1-1} = 621,427.23$  N  
Path 1-1 through (2) & (3) =  $548,829.9 + 340,064.1 = \underline{888.894}$  N  
Path 1-1 is stronger than  $W_{1-1}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

Load for path 2-2 lesser of W or  $W_{2-2} = 155,070.21$  N  
Path 2-2 through (1), (4), (6) =  $218,868.63 + 878,544.1 + 878,544.1 = \underline{1,975.956.83}$  N  
Path 2-2 is stronger than  $W_{2-2}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

Load for path 3-3 lesser of W or  $W_{3-3} = 624,749.46$  N  
Path 3-3 through (2), (4) =  $548,829.9 + 878,544.1 = \underline{1,427.374}$  N  
Path 3-3 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

## 8" Two Nozzles (N9)

### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric



Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

#### Location and Orientation

Located on:	Rear Channel
Orientation:	180°
Nozzle center line offset to datum line:	300 mm
End of nozzle to shell center:	650 mm
Passes through a Category A joint:	No

#### Nozzle

Access opening:	No
Material specification:	SA-106 B Smls. Pipe (II-D Metric p. 14, In. 19)
Description:	NPS 8 Sch 80 (XS) DN 200
Inside diameter, new:	193.68 mm
Nominal wall thickness:	12.7 mm
Corrosion allowance:	3 mm
Projection available outside vessel, L <sub>pr</sub> :	135.3 mm
Projection available outside vessel to flange face, L <sub>f</sub> :	275 mm
Local vessel minimum thickness:	25 mm
Liquid static head included:	0 kPa
Longitudinal joint efficiency:	1

#### Reinforcing Pad

Material specification:	SA-516 70 (II-D Metric p. 22, In. 6)
Diameter:	369.08 mm
Is split:	No

#### ASME B16.5-2009 Flange

Description:	NPS 8 Class 600 WN A105
Bolt Material:	SA-193 B7 Bolt <= 64 (II-D Metric p. 352, In. 31)
Blind included:	No

Rated MDMT:	-41.5°C per UCS-66(b)(1)(b)
Liquid static head:	0 kPa
MAWP rating:	9,530.01 kPa @ 85°C
MAP rating:	10,210.01 kPa @ 25°C
Hydrotest rating:	15,400.02 kPa @ 25°C
PWHT performed:	No
Circumferential joint radiography:	Full UW-11(a) Type 1

## Reinforcement Calculations for MAWP

Available reinforcement per UG-37 governs the MAWP of this nozzle.

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (cm <sup>2</sup> )							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (mm)	
For P = 8,116.25 kPa @ 85 °C The opening is adequately reinforced							The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A welds	t <sub>req</sub>	t <sub>min</sub>
<a href="#">43.5757</a>	<a href="#">43.5768</a>	<a href="#">0.9445</a>	<a href="#">2.1374</a>	--	<a href="#">37.5</a>	<a href="#">2.9948</a>	<a href="#">10.16</a>	11.11

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary (N)						
All failure paths are stronger than the applicable weld loads						
Weld load W	Weld load W <sub>1-1</sub>	Path 1-1 strength	Weld load W <sub>2-2</sub>	Path 2-2 strength	Weld load W <sub>3-3</sub>	Path 3-3 strength
<a href="#">589.409</a>	<a href="#">588.325</a>	<a href="#">812.346</a>	<a href="#">94.143</a>	<a href="#">1.870.541</a>	<a href="#">638.691</a>	<a href="#">1.321.958</a>

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (mm)	Actual weld size (mm)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg <sub>41</sub> )	<a href="#">6</a>	7.7	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg <sub>42</sub> )	<a href="#">9.5</a>	9.8	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	<a href="#">6.79</a>	25	weld size is adequate

WRC 107												
Load Case	P (kPa)	P <sub>r</sub> (N)	M <sub>c</sub> (N-m)	V <sub>c</sub> (N)	M <sub>L</sub> (N-m)	V <sub>L</sub> (N)	M <sub>t</sub> (N-m)	Max Comb Stress (MPa)	Allow Comb Stress (MPa)	Max Local Primary Stress (MPa)	Allow Local Primary Stress (MPa)	Over stressed
Load case 1	8,116.25	7,158	6,820	5,883	6,820	5,883	8,220	210.883	414	203.892	207	No
Load case 1 (Hot Shut Down)	0	7,158	6,820	5,883	6,820	5,883	8,220	-46.56	414	-10.887	207	No
<a href="#">Load case 1 (Pr Reversed)</a>	8,116.25	-7,158	6,820	5,883	6,820	5,883	8,220	<b>214.896</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>204.981</b>	<b>207</b>	No
Load case 1 (Pr Reversed) (Hot Shut Down)	0	-7,158	6,820	5,883	6,820	5,883	8,220	46.767	414	10.887	207	No

## Calculations for internal pressure 8,116.25 kPa @ 85 °C

Fig UCS-66.2 general note (1) applies.

Nozzle impact test exemption temperature from Fig UCS-66M Curve B = -24.98 °C  
Fig UCS-66.1M MDMT reduction = 7.8 °C, (coincident ratio = 0.8614).

Pad is impact test exempt per UG-20(f).

Nozzle UCS-66 governing thk: 11.11 mm

Nozzle rated MDMT: -32.78 °C

Pad UCS-66 governing thickness: 25 mm

Pad rated MDMT: -29 °C

**Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40**

$$\begin{aligned}L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\ &= \text{MAX}(199.67, 99.84 + (12.7 - 3) + (25 - 3)) \\ &= 199.67 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

**Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40**

$$\begin{aligned}L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\ &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(25 - 3), 2.5*(12.7 - 3) + 25) \\ &= 49.25 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

**Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned}t_{rn} &= P*R_n / (S_n*E - 0.6*P) \\ &= 8,116.2485*99.84 / (118,000*1 - 0.6*8,116.2485) \\ &= 7.16 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

**Required thickness  $t_r$  from UG-37(a)**

$$\begin{aligned}t_r &= P*R / (S*E - 0.6*P) \\ &= 8,116.2485*353 / (138,000*1 - 0.6*8,116.2485) \\ &= 21.52 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

**Required thickness  $t_r$  per Interpretation VIII-1-07-50**

$$\begin{aligned}t_r &= P*R / (S*E - 0.6*P) \\ &= 8,116.2485*353 / (138,000*1 - 0.6*8,116.2485) \\ &= 21.52 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

**Area required per UG-37(c)**

Allowable stresses:  $S_n = 118$ ,  $S_v = 138$ ,  $S_p = 138$  MPa

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}A &= d*t_r*F + 2*t_n*t_r*F*(1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= (199.67*21.52*1 + 2*9.7*21.52*1*(1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\ &= \underline{43.5757} \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

### Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

$A_1 =$  larger of the following = 0.9445 cm<sup>2</sup>

$$\begin{aligned} &= d(E_1 t - F t_r) - 2 t_n (E_1 t - F t_r) (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= (199.67(1 \cdot 22 - 1 \cdot 21.52) - 2 \cdot 9.7(1 \cdot 22 - 1 \cdot 21.52)(1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\ &= 0.9445 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2(t + t_n)(E_1 t - F t_r) - 2 t_n (E_1 t - F t_r) (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= (2(22 + 9.7)(1 \cdot 22 - 1 \cdot 21.52) - 2 \cdot 9.7(1 \cdot 22 - 1 \cdot 21.52)(1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\ &= 0.291 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$A_2 =$  smaller of the following = 2.1374 cm<sup>2</sup>

$$\begin{aligned} &= 5(t_n - t_{rn}) f_{r2} t \\ &= (5(9.7 - 7.16) \cdot 0.8551 \cdot 22) / 100 \\ &= 2.3871 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2(t_n - t_{rn})(2.5 t_n + t_e) f_{r2} \\ &= (2(9.7 - 7.16)(2.5 \cdot 9.7 + 25) \cdot 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 2.1374 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{41} &= \text{Leg}^2 f_{r3} \\ &= (11^2 \cdot 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= \underline{1.0348} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{42} &= \text{Leg}^2 f_{r4} \\ &= (14^2 \cdot 1) / 100 \\ &= \underline{1.96} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2 t_n) t_e f_{r4} \\ &= ((369.08 - 199.67 - 2 \cdot 9.7) \cdot 25 \cdot 1) / 100 \\ &= \underline{37.5} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_5 \\ &= 0.9445 + 2.1374 + 1.0348 + 1.96 + 37.5 \\ &= \underline{43.5768} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

As Area  $\geq$  A the reinforcement is adequate.

### UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_n \text{ or } t_e = 9.7 \text{ mm} \\ t_{c(\min)} &= \text{lesser of } 6 \text{ mm or } 0.7 t_{\min} = \underline{6} \text{ mm} \\ t_{c(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 \text{ Leg} = 0.7 \cdot 11 = 7.7 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

Outer fillet:  $t_{\min} = \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_e \text{ or } t = 19 \text{ mm}$   
 $t_{w(\min)} = 0.5 * t_{\min} = 9.5 \text{ mm}$   
 $t_{w(\text{actual})} = 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 14 = 9.8 \text{ mm}$

### UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

$$\begin{aligned} t_{a \text{ UG-27}} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 8,116.2485 * 99.84 / (118,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 8,116.2485) + 3 \\ &= 10.16 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$t_{a \text{ UG-22}} = 8.56 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_a &= \max[ t_{a \text{ UG-27}}, t_{a \text{ UG-22}} ] \\ &= \max[ 10.16, 8.56 ] \\ &= 10.16 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_{b1} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 8,116.2485 * 353 / (138,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 8,116.2485) + 3 \\ &= 24.52 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_{b1} &= \max[ t_{b1}, t_{b \text{ UG16}} ] \\ &= \max[ 24.52, 4.5 ] \\ &= 24.52 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_b &= \min[ t_{b3}, t_{b1} ] \\ &= \min[ 10.16, 24.52 ] \\ &= 10.16 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_{\text{UG-45}} &= \max[ t_a, t_b ] \\ &= \max[ 10.16, 10.16 ] \\ &= 10.16 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

Available nozzle wall thickness new,  $t_n = 0.875 * 12.7 = 11.11 \text{ mm}$

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

### Allowable stresses in joints UG-45 and UW-15(c)

Groove weld in tension:  $0.74 * 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}$

Nozzle wall in shear:  $0.7 * 118 = 82.6 \text{ MPa}$

Inner fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 * 118 = 57.82 \text{ MPa}$

Outer fillet weld in shear:  $0.49 * 138 = 67.62 \text{ MPa}$

Upper groove weld in tension:  $0.74 * 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}$

### Strength of welded joints:

(1) Inner fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * \text{Leg} * S_i = (\pi / 2) * 219.08 * 11 * 57.82 = 218,868.63 \text{ N}$$

(2) Outer fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Pad OD} * \text{Leg} * S_o = (\pi / 2) * 369.08 * 14 * 67.62 = 548,829.9 \text{ N}$$

(3) Nozzle wall in shear

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Mean nozzle dia} * t_n * S_n = (\pi / 2) * 209.37 * 9.7 * 82.6 = 263,516.39 \text{ N}$$

(4) Groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 219.08 * 22 * 102.12 = 773,127.94 \text{ N}$$

(6) Upper groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) * \text{Nozzle OD} * t_w * S_g = (\pi / 2) * 219.08 * 25 * 102.12 = 878,544.1 \text{ N}$$

### Loading on welds per UG-41(b)(1)

$$\begin{aligned} W &= (A - A_1 + 2 * t_n * f_{r1} * (E_1 * t - F * t_r)) * S_v \\ &= (4,357.5722 - 94.4514 + 2 * 9.7 * 0.8551 * (1 * 22 - 1 * 21.52)) * 138 \\ &= \underline{589,409.3} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{1-1} &= (A_2 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42}) * S_v \\ &= (213.7415 + 3,750 + 103.4837 + 195.9996) * 138 \\ &= \underline{588,325.1} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{2-2} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\ &= (213.7415 + 0 + 103.4837 + 0 + 2 * 9.7 * 22 * 0.8551) * 138 \\ &= \underline{94,143.05} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{3-3} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + 2 * t_n * t * f_{r1}) * S_v \\ &= (213.7415 + 0 + 3,750 + 103.4837 + 195.9996 + 0 + 2 * 9.7 * 22 * 0.8551) * 138 \\ &= \underline{638,691.07} \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

Load for path 1-1 lesser of W or  $W_{1-1} = 588,325.1 \text{ N}$

Path 1-1 through (2) & (3) =  $548,829.9 + 263,516.39 = \underline{812,346.29} \text{ N}$

Path 1-1 is stronger than  $W_{1-1}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

Load for path 2-2 lesser of W or  $W_{2-2} = 94,143.05 \text{ N}$

Path 2-2 through (1), (4), (6) =  $218,868.63 + 773,127.94 + 878,544.1 = \underline{1,870,540.68} \text{ N}$

Path 2-2 is stronger than  $W_{2-2}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

Load for path 3-3 lesser of W or  $W_{3-3} = 589,409.3 \text{ N}$

Path 3-3 through (2), (4) =  $548,829.9 + 773,127.94 = \underline{1,321,957.84} \text{ N}$

Path 3-3 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

## WRC 107 Load case 1 (Pr Reversed)

### Applied Loads

Radial load:	$P_r = -7,158$	N
Circumferential moment:	$M_c = 6,820$	N-m
Circumferential shear:	$V_c = 5,883$	N
Longitudinal moment:	$M_L = 6,820$	N-m
Longitudinal shear:	$V_L = 5,883$	N
Torsion moment:	$M_t = 8,220$	N-m
Internal pressure:	$P = 8,116.25$	kPa
Mean shell radius:	$R_m = 364$	mm
Local shell thickness:	$T = 22$	mm
Shell yield stress:	$S_y = 242$	MPa
Design factor:	3	

### Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the pad edge (includes pressure)

$$\gamma = R_m / T = 364 / 22 = 16.5453$$

$$\beta = 0.875 * r_o / R_m = 0.875 * 184.54 / 364 = 0.4436$$

Pressure stress intensity factor,  $I = 1.0318$  (derived from Division 2 Part 4.5)

$$\text{Local circumferential pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / T = 134.372 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Local longitudinal pressure stress} = I * P * R_i / (2 * T) = 67.183 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Maximum combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = 176.75 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Allowable combined stress } (P_L + P_b + Q) = \pm 3 * S = \pm 414 \text{ MPa}$$

The maximum combined stress  $(P_L + P_b + Q)$  is within allowable limits.

$$\text{Maximum local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = 143.08 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{Allowable local primary membrane stress } (P_L) = \pm 1.5 * S = \pm 207 \text{ MPa}$$

The maximum local primary membrane stress  $(P_L)$  is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the pad edge per WRC Bulletin 107										
Figure	value		A <sub>u</sub>	A <sub>l</sub>	B <sub>u</sub>	B <sub>l</sub>	C <sub>u</sub>	C <sub>l</sub>	D <sub>u</sub>	D <sub>l</sub>
3C*	N <sub>θ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.062	0	0	0	0	0.951	0.951	0.951	0.951
4C*	N <sub>θ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.8734	1.675	1.675	1.675	1.675	0	0	0	0
1C	M <sub>θ</sub> / P	0.0559	0	0	0	0	4.957	-4.957	4.957	-4.957
2C-1	M <sub>θ</sub> / P	0.0181	1.606	-1.606	1.606	-1.606	0	0	0	0
3A*	N <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.6594	0	0	0	0	-3.475	-3.475	3.475	3.475
1A	M <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0708	0	0	0	0	-37.073	37.073	37.073	-37.073
3B*	N <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	1.334	-7.033	-7.033	7.033	7.033	0	0	0	0
1B-1	M <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.016	-8.377	8.377	8.377	-8.377	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>			134.372	134.372	134.372	134.372	130.228	130.228	130.228	130.228
<b>Total circumferential stress</b>			122.244	135.785	153.064	133.096	95.589	159.82	176.685	92.624
<b>Primary membrane circumferential stress*</b>			129.015	129.015	143.08	143.08	127.705	127.705	134.655	134.655
3C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.062	0.951	0.951	0.951	0.951	0	0	0	0
4C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.8734	0	0	0	0	1.675	1.675	1.675	1.675
1C-1	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.0362	3.213	-3.213	3.213	-3.213	0	0	0	0
2C	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.03	0	0	0	0	2.661	-2.661	2.661	-2.661
4A*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	1.7461	0	0	0	0	-9.211	-9.211	9.211	9.211
2A	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0332	0	0	0	0	-17.382	17.382	17.382	-17.382
4B*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.6491	-3.427	-3.427	3.427	3.427	0	0	0	0
2B-1	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0285	-14.92	14.92	14.92	-14.92	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>			65.114	65.114	65.114	65.114	67.183	67.183	67.183	67.183
<b>Total longitudinal stress</b>			50.932	74.346	87.625	51.359	44.926	74.367	98.112	58.026
<b>Primary membrane longitudinal stress*</b>			62.639	62.639	69.492	69.492	59.647	59.647	78.069	78.069
<b>Shear from M<sub>t</sub></b>			1.744	1.744	1.744	1.744	1.744	1.744	1.744	1.744
<b>Circ shear from V<sub>c</sub></b>			0.462	0.462	-0.462	-0.462	0	0	0	0
<b>Long shear from V<sub>L</sub></b>			0	0	0	0	-0.462	-0.462	0.462	0.462
<b>Total Shear stress</b>			2.206	2.206	1.282	1.282	1.282	1.282	2.206	2.206
<b>Combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q)</b>			122.313	135.861	153.091	133.117	95.623	159.841	176.747	92.762

Note: \* denotes primary stress.

### Maximum stresses due to the applied loads at the nozzle OD (includes pressure)

$$\gamma = R_m / T = 364 / 47 = 7.7446$$

$$\beta = 0.875 * r_o / R_m = 0.875 * 109.54 / 364 = 0.2633$$

Pressure stress intensity factor, I = 1.541 (derived from Division 2 Part 4.5)

Local circumferential pressure stress = I\*P\*R<sub>i</sub> / T = 200.679 MPa

Local longitudinal pressure stress = I\*P\*R<sub>i</sub> / (2\*T) = 100.339 MPa

Maximum combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q) = 214.9 MPa

Allowable combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q) = +-3\*S = +-414 MPa

The maximum combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q) is within allowable limits.

Maximum local primary membrane stress ( $P_L$ ) = 204.98 MPa  
Allowable local primary membrane stress ( $P_L$ ) =  $\pm 1.5 \cdot S = \pm 207$  MPa

The maximum local primary membrane stress ( $P_L$ ) is within allowable limits.

Stresses at the nozzle OD per WRC Bulletin 107										
Figure	value	A <sub>u</sub>	A <sub>l</sub>	B <sub>u</sub>	B <sub>l</sub>	C <sub>u</sub>	C <sub>l</sub>	D <sub>u</sub>	D <sub>l</sub>	
3C*	N <sub>θ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.1011	0	0	0	0	0.462	0.462	0.462	0.462
4C*	N <sub>θ</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.2994	0.545	0.545	0.545	0.545	0	0	0	0
1C	M <sub>θ</sub> / P	0.1044	0	0	0	0	2.027	-2.027	2.027	-2.027
2C-1	M <sub>θ</sub> / P	0.0753	1.462	-1.462	1.462	-1.462	0	0	0	0
3A*	N <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.2717	0	0	0	0	-1.131	-1.131	1.131	1.131
1A	M <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.095	0	0	0	0	-18.361	18.361	18.361	-18.361
3B*	N <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.9028	-3.758	-3.758	3.758	3.758	0	0	0	0
1B-1	M <sub>θ</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0436	-8.425	8.425	8.425	-8.425	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>		200.679	200.679	200.679	200.679	130.228	130.228	130.228	130.228	
<b>Total circumferential stress</b>		190.502	204.43	214.868	195.094	113.226	145.893	152.209	111.433	
<b>Primary membrane circumferential stress*</b>		197.466	197.466	204.981	204.981	129.559	129.559	131.821	131.821	
3C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.1011	0.462	0.462	0.462	0.462	0	0	0	0
4C*	N <sub>x</sub> / (P / R <sub>m</sub> )	1.2994	0	0	0	0	0.545	0.545	0.545	0.545
1C-1	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.1043	2.027	-2.027	2.027	-2.027	0	0	0	0
2C	M <sub>x</sub> / P	0.075	0	0	0	0	1.455	-1.455	1.455	-1.455
4A*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.469	0	0	0	0	-1.951	-1.951	1.951	1.951
2A	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>C</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0554	0	0	0	0	-10.708	10.708	10.708	-10.708
4B*	N <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> <sup>2</sup> *β)]	0.2719	-1.131	-1.131	1.131	1.131	0	0	0	0
2B-1	M <sub>x</sub> / [M <sub>L</sub> / (R <sub>m</sub> *β)]	0.0707	-13.665	13.665	13.665	-13.665	0	0	0	0
<b>Pressure stress*</b>		65.114	65.114	65.114	65.114	100.339	100.339	100.339	100.339	
<b>Total longitudinal stress</b>		52.807	76.084	82.399	51.014	89.68	108.186	114.998	90.673	
<b>Primary membrane longitudinal stress*</b>		64.445	64.445	66.707	66.707	98.933	98.933	102.835	102.835	
<b>Shear from M<sub>t</sub></b>		2.317	2.317	2.317	2.317	2.317	2.317	2.317	2.317	
<b>Circ shear from V<sub>c</sub></b>		0.365	0.365	-0.365	-0.365	0	0	0	0	
<b>Long shear from V<sub>L</sub></b>		0	0	0	0	-0.365	-0.365	0.365	0.365	
<b>Total Shear stress</b>		2.682	2.682	1.951	1.951	1.951	1.951	2.682	2.682	
<b>Combined stress (P<sub>L</sub>+P<sub>b</sub>+Q)</b>		190.557	204.485	214.896	195.122	113.384	145.996	152.402	111.771	

Note: \* denotes primary stress.

### Longitudinal stress in the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{n(P_m)} &= P \cdot R_i / (2 \cdot t_n) - P_r / (\pi \cdot (R_o^2 - R_i^2)) + M \cdot R_o / I \\ &= 8,116.25 / 1000 \cdot 99.84 / (2 \cdot 8.11) - -7,158 / (\pi \cdot (109.54^2 - 99.84^2)) + 9,644,934.2 \cdot 109.54 / 3.5039E+07 \\ &= 81.214 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

The average primary stress P<sub>m</sub> (see Division 2 5.6.a.1) across the nozzle wall due to internal pressure + external loads is acceptable (≤ S = 118 MPa)

### Shear stress in the nozzle wall due to external loads

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\text{shear}} &= (V_L^2 + V_c^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot R_i \cdot t_n) \\ &= (5,883^2 + 5,883^2)^{0.5} / (\pi \cdot 99.84 \cdot 9.7) \\ &= 2.735 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\text{torsion}} &= M_t / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_i^2 \cdot t_n) \\ &= 8,220 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 99.84^2 \cdot 9.7) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 13.531 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{total}} &= \sigma_{\text{shear}} + \sigma_{\text{torsion}} \\ &= 2.735 + 13.531 \\ &= 16.265 \text{ MPa}\end{aligned}$$

UG-45: The total combined shear stress (16.265 MPa)  $\leq$  allowable ( $0.7 \cdot S_n = 0.7 \cdot 118 = 82.6 \text{ MPa}$ )

## Reinforcement Calculations for MAP

Available reinforcement per UG-37 governs the MAP of this nozzle.

UG-37 Area Calculation Summary (cm <sup>2</sup> )							UG-45 Nozzle Wall Thickness Summary (mm)	
For P = 9,048.06 kPa @ 25 °C The opening is adequately reinforced							The nozzle passes UG-45	
A required	A available	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A welds	t <sub>req</sub>	t <sub>min</sub>
47.1436	47.1445	2.1135	4.7722	--	37.5	2.7587	7.78	11.11

UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary (N)						
All failure paths are stronger than the applicable weld loads						
Weld load W	Weld load W <sub>1-1</sub>	Path 1-1 strength	Weld load W <sub>2-2</sub>	Path 2-2 strength	Weld load W <sub>3-3</sub>	Path 3-3 strength
624.749	621.427	888.894	155.070	1,975.957	696.360	1,427.374

UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary			
Weld description	Required weld size (mm)	Actual weld size (mm)	Status
Nozzle to pad fillet (Leg <sub>41</sub> )	6	7.7	weld size is adequate
Pad to shell fillet (Leg <sub>42</sub> )	9.5	9.8	weld size is adequate
Nozzle to pad groove (Upper)	8.89	25	weld size is adequate

Calculations for internal pressure 9,048.06 kPa @ 25 °C

### Parallel Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_R &= \text{MAX}(d, R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C)) \\
 &= \text{MAX}(193.68, 96.84 + (12.7 - 0) + (25 - 0)) \\
 &= 193.68 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Outer Normal Limit of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_H &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(t - C), 2.5*(t_n - C_n) + t_e) \\
 &= \text{MIN}(2.5*(25 - 0), 2.5*(12.7 - 0) + 25) \\
 &= 56.75 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Nozzle required thickness per UG-27(c)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_m &= P \cdot R_n / (S_n \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\
 &= 9,048.0631 \cdot 96.84 / (118,000 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 9,048.0631) \\
 &= 7.78 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Required thickness t<sub>r</sub> from UG-37(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_r &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\
 &= 9,048.0631 \cdot 350 / (138,000 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 9,048.0631)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 23.89 \text{ mm}$$

**Required thickness  $t_r$  per Interpretation VIII-1-07-50**

$$\begin{aligned} t_r &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.6 \cdot P) \\ &= 9,048.0631 \cdot 350 / (138,000 \cdot 1 - 0.6 \cdot 9,048.0631) \\ &= 23.89 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Area required per UG-37(c)**

Allowable stresses:  $S_n = 118$ ,  $S_v = 138$ ,  $S_p = 138$  MPa

$$f_{r1} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r2} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_n / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r3} = \text{lesser of } f_{r2} \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 0.8551$$

$$f_{r4} = \text{lesser of } 1 \text{ or } S_p / S_v = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= d \cdot t_r \cdot F + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot t_r \cdot F \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= (193.68 \cdot 23.89 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 12.7 \cdot 23.89 \cdot 1 \cdot (1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\ &= \underline{47.1436} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

**Area available from FIG. UG-37.1**

$A_1 = \text{larger of the following} = \underline{2.1135} \text{ cm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned} &= d \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) - 2 \cdot t_n \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= (193.68 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.89) - 2 \cdot 12.7 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.89) \cdot (1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\ &= 2.1135 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2 \cdot (t + t_n) \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) - 2 \cdot t_n \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r) \cdot (1 - f_{r1}) \\ &= (2 \cdot (25 + 12.7) \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.89) - 2 \cdot 12.7 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.89) \cdot (1 - 0.8551)) / 100 \\ &= 0.7981 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$A_2 = \text{smaller of the following} = \underline{4.7722} \text{ cm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 5 \cdot (t_n - t_m) \cdot f_{r2} \cdot t \\ &= (5 \cdot (12.7 - 7.78) \cdot 0.8551 \cdot 25) / 100 \\ &= 5.2561 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2 \cdot (t_n - t_m) \cdot (2.5 \cdot t_n + t_e) \cdot f_{r2} \\ &= (2 \cdot (12.7 - 7.78) \cdot (2.5 \cdot 12.7 + 25) \cdot 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= 4.7722 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{41} &= \text{Leg}^2 \cdot f_{r3} \\ &= (11^2 \cdot 0.8551) / 100 \\ &= \underline{1.0348} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{42} &= \text{Leg}^2 * f_{r4} \\
&= (13.13^2 * 1) / 100 \\
&= \underline{1.7239} \text{ cm}^2
\end{aligned}$$

(Part of the weld is outside of the limits)

$$\begin{aligned}
A_5 &= (D_p - d - 2 * t_n) * t_e * f_{r4} \\
&= ((369.08 - 193.68 - 2 * 12.7) * 25 * 1) / 100 \\
&= \underline{37.5} \text{ cm}^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Area} &= A_1 + A_2 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_5 \\
&= 2.1135 + 4.7722 + 1.0348 + 1.7239 + 37.5 \\
&= \underline{47.1445} \text{ cm}^2
\end{aligned}$$

As Area  $\geq$  A the reinforcement is adequate.

### UW-16(c)(2) Weld Check

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Inner fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_n \text{ or } t_e = 12.7 \text{ mm} \\
t_{c(\min)} &= \text{lesser of } 6 \text{ mm or } 0.7 * t_{\min} = \underline{6} \text{ mm} \\
t_{c(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 11 = 7.7 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Outer fillet: } t_{\min} &= \text{lesser of } 19 \text{ mm or } t_e \text{ or } t = 19 \text{ mm} \\
t_{w(\min)} &= 0.5 * t_{\min} = \underline{9.5} \text{ mm} \\
t_{w(\text{actual})} &= 0.7 * \text{Leg} = 0.7 * 14 = 9.8 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

### UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check

$$\begin{aligned}
t_{a \text{ UG-27}} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\
&= 9,048.0631 * 96.84 / (118,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 9,048.0631) + 0 \\
&= 7.78 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$t_{a \text{ UG-22}} = 6.1 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_a &= \max[ t_{a \text{ UG-27}}, t_{a \text{ UG-22}} ] \\
&= \max[ 7.78, 6.1 ] \\
&= 7.78 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_{b1} &= P * R / (S * E - 0.6 * P) + \text{Corrosion} \\
&= 9,048.0631 * 350 / (138,000 * 1 - 0.6 * 9,048.0631) + 0 \\
&= 23.89 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t_{b1} &= \max[ t_{b1}, t_{b \text{ UG16}} ] \\
&= \max[ 23.89, 1.5 ] \\
&= 23.89 \text{ mm}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_b &= \min[ t_{b3}, t_{b1} ] \\
 &= \min[ 7.16, 23.89 ] \\
 &= 7.16 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_{UG-45} &= \max[ t_a, t_b ] \\
 &= \max[ 7.78, 7.16 ] \\
 &= 7.78 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

Available nozzle wall thickness new,  $t_n = 0.875 \cdot 12.7 = 11.11 \text{ mm}$

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

### Allowable stresses in joints UG-45 and UW-15(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Groove weld in tension:} & \quad 0.74 \cdot 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa} \\
 \text{Nozzle wall in shear:} & \quad 0.7 \cdot 118 = 82.6 \text{ MPa} \\
 \text{Inner fillet weld in shear:} & \quad 0.49 \cdot 118 = 57.82 \text{ MPa} \\
 \text{Outer fillet weld in shear:} & \quad 0.49 \cdot 138 = 67.62 \text{ MPa} \\
 \text{Upper groove weld in tension:} & \quad 0.74 \cdot 138 = 102.12 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Strength of welded joints:

(1) Inner fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot \text{Leg} \cdot S_i = (\pi / 2) \cdot 219.08 \cdot 11 \cdot 57.82 = 218,868.63 \text{ N}$$

(2) Outer fillet weld in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Pad OD} \cdot \text{Leg} \cdot S_o = (\pi / 2) \cdot 369.08 \cdot 14 \cdot 67.62 = 548,829.9 \text{ N}$$

(3) Nozzle wall in shear

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Mean nozzle dia} \cdot t_n \cdot S_n = (\pi / 2) \cdot 206.38 \cdot 12.7 \cdot 82.6 = 340,064.1 \text{ N}$$

(4) Groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot t_w \cdot S_g = (\pi / 2) \cdot 219.08 \cdot 25 \cdot 102.12 = 878,544.1 \text{ N}$$

(6) Upper groove weld in tension

$$(\pi / 2) \cdot \text{Nozzle OD} \cdot t_w \cdot S_g = (\pi / 2) \cdot 219.08 \cdot 25 \cdot 102.12 = 878,544.1 \text{ N}$$

### Loading on welds per UG-41(b)(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= (A - A_1 + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot f_{r1} \cdot (E_1 \cdot t - F \cdot t_r)) \cdot S_v \\
 &= (4,714.3649 - 211.3544 + 2 \cdot 12.7 \cdot 0.8551 \cdot (1 \cdot 25 - 1 \cdot 23.89)) \cdot 138 \\
 &= \underline{624,749.46 \text{ N}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{1-1} &= (A_2 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42}) \cdot S_v \\
 &= (477.2249 + 3,750 + 103.4837 + 172.3868) \cdot 138 \\
 &= \underline{621,427.23 \text{ N}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{2-2} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{43} + 2 \cdot t_n \cdot t \cdot f_{r1}) \cdot S_v \\
 &= (477.2249 + 0 + 103.4837 + 0 + 2 \cdot 12.7 \cdot 25 \cdot 0.8551) \cdot 138 \\
 &= \underline{155,070.21 \text{ N}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
W_{3-3} &= (A_2 + A_3 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42} + A_{43} + 2*t_n*t_{r1})*S_v \\
&= (477.2249 + 0 + 3,750 + 103.4837 + 172.3868 + 0 + 2*12.7*25*0.8551)*138 \\
&= \underline{696.359.65} \text{ N}
\end{aligned}$$

Load for path 1-1 lesser of W or  $W_{1-1} = 621,427.23$  N  
 Path 1-1 through (2) & (3) =  $548,829.9 + 340,064.1 = \underline{888.894}$  N  
 Path 1-1 is stronger than  $W_{1-1}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

Load for path 2-2 lesser of W or  $W_{2-2} = 155,070.21$  N  
 Path 2-2 through (1), (4), (6) =  $218,868.63 + 878,544.1 + 878,544.1 = \underline{1,975.956.83}$  N  
 Path 2-2 is stronger than  $W_{2-2}$  so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(1).

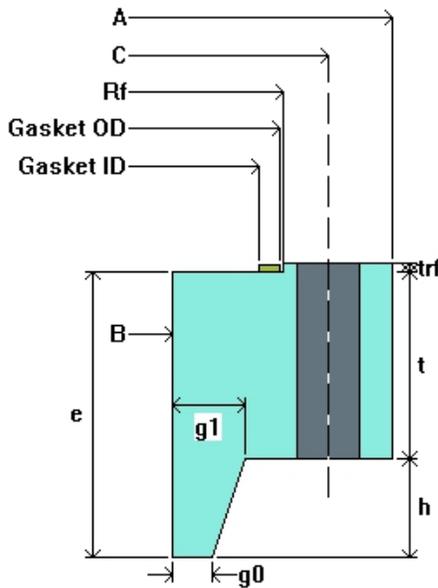
Load for path 3-3 lesser of W or  $W_{3-3} = 624,749.46$  N  
 Path 3-3 through (2), (4) =  $548,829.9 + 878,544.1 = \underline{1,427.374}$  N  
 Path 3-3 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

## Shell Side Flange (front)

### ASME VIII-1, 2013 Edition Metric, Appendix 2 Flange Calculations

Flange is attached to:	Shell #1 (Left)	
Flange type:	Weld neck integral	
Flange material specification:	SA-105 (II-D Metric p. 18, In. 32)	
Bolt material specification:	SA-193 B7 Bolt $\leq 64$ (II-D Metric p. 352, In. 31)	
Bolt Description:	1.5 in Series 8 Thread	
Internal design pressure, P:	7,700.01 kPa @ 85 °C	
Required flange thickness, $t_r$ :	105.09 mm	
Maximum allowable working pressure, MAWP:	7,961.61 kPa @ 85 °C	(bolting limits)
Maximum allowable pressure, MAP:	7,961.61 kPa @ 25 °C	(bolting limits)
Corrosion allowance:	Bore = 3 mm	Flange = 0 mm
Bolt corrosion (root), $C_{bolt}$ :	0 mm	
Design MDMT:	-29 °C	No impact test performed
Rated MDMT:	-29 °C	Flange material is normalized
		Material is produced to fine grain practice
		PWHT is not performed
Estimated weight:	New = 364.6 kg	corroded = 355.48 kg

### Flange dimensions, new



flange OD	A = 970 mm
bolt circle	C = 892 mm
raised face ID	Rf = 836 mm
gasket OD	= 833 mm
gasket ID	= 807 mm
flange ID	B = 700 mm
facing height	$t_{rf}$ = 5 mm
thickness	t = 115 mm
bolting	= 32- 1.5 in dia
hub thickness	$g_1$ = 45 mm
hub thickness	$g_0$ = 25 mm
hub length	h = 60 mm
length	e = 175 mm
gasket factor	m = 3
seating stress	y = 68.948 MPa

Gasket thickness T = 4.45 mm

Note: this flange is calculated as an integral type.

### Determination of Flange MDMT

Flange is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)  
UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm  
Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -48 °C

The rated flange MDMT is -29 °C

## Flange calculations for Internal Pressure + Weight Only

### Gasket details from facing sketch Confined gasket 1(a), Column II

Gasket width  $N = 13$  mm

$$b_0 = N/2 = 6.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Effective gasket seating width, } b = 2.5*b_0^{1/2} = 6.37 \text{ mm}$$

$$G = \text{OD of contact face} - 2*b = 833 - 2*6.37 = 820.25 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_G = (C - G)/2 = (892 - 820.25)/2 = 35.87 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_D = R + g_1/2 = 51 + 42/2 = 72 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_T = (R + g_1 + h_G)/2 = (51 + 42 + 35.87)/2 = 64.44 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_p &= 2*b*3.14*G*m*P \\ &= 2*6.37*3.14*820.25*3*7.7 \\ &= 758,324.92 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.785*G^2*P \\ &= 0.785*820.25^2*7.7 \\ &= 4,066,850.57 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_D &= 0.785*B^2*P \\ &= 0.785*706^2*7.7 \\ &= 3,012,797.67 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_T &= H - H_D \\ &= 4,066,850.57 - 3,012,797.67 \\ &= 1,054,052.9 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{m1} &= H + H_p \\ &= 4,066,850.57 + 758,324.92 \\ &= 4,825,175.49 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{m2} &= 3.14*b*G*y \\ &= 3.14*6.37*820.25*68.9476 \\ &= 1,131,700.61 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

**Required bolt area,  $A_m = \text{greater of } A_{m1}, A_{m2} = 280.5334 \text{ cm}^2$**

$$A_{m1} = W_{m1}/S_b = 4,825,175.49/(100*172) = 280.5334 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{m2} = W_{m2}/S_a = 1,131,700.61/(100*172) = 65.7965 \text{ cm}^2$$

Total area for 32- 1.5 in dia bolts, corroded,  $A_b = 290.0639 \text{ cm}^2$

$$W = (A_m + A_b)*S_a/2$$

$$= (28,053.34 + 29,006.39) * 172 / 2$$
$$= 4,907,137.87 \text{ N}$$

$$M_D = H_D * h_D = 3,012,797.67 * 0.072 = 216,921.8 \text{ N-m}$$

$$M_T = H_T * h_T = 1,054,052.9 * 0.0644 = 67,919.5 \text{ N-m}$$

$$H_G = W_{m1} - H = 4,825,175.49 - 4,066,850.57 = 758,324.92 \text{ N}$$

$$M_G = H_G * h_G = 758,324.92 * 0.0359 = 27,203.3 \text{ N-m}$$

$$M_o = M_D + M_T + M_G = 216,921.8 + 67,919.5 + 27,203.3 = 312,044.5 \text{ N-m}$$

$$M_g = W * h_G = 4,907,137.87 * 0.0359 = 176,033 \text{ N-m}$$

The bolts are adequately spaced so the TEMA RCB-11.23 load concentration factor does not apply.

## Hub and Flange Factors

$$g_0 = \min(g_0, t_n) = \min(22, 22) = 22$$

$$h_0 = (B \cdot g_0)^{1/2} = (706 \cdot 22)^{1/2} = 124.63 \text{ mm}$$

From FIG. 2-7.1, where  $K = A/B = 970/706 = 1.3739$

$$T = 1.7655 \quad Z = 3.253 \quad Y = 6.273 \quad U = 6.8934$$

$$h/h_0 = 0.4814 \quad g_1/g_0 = 1.9091$$

$$F = 0.8323 \quad V = 0.2433 \quad e = F/h_0 = 0.0668$$

$$d = (U/V) \cdot h_0 \cdot g_0^2 = (6.8934/0.2433) \cdot 12.4627 \cdot 2.2^2 \\ = 1,708.7243 \text{ cm}^3$$

## Stresses at operating conditions - VIII-1 Appendix 2-7

$$f = 1.1682$$

$$L = (t \cdot e + 1)/T + t^3/d \\ = (11.5 \cdot 0.0668 + 1)/1.7655 + 11.5^3/1,708.7243 \\ = 1.8915$$

$$S_H = f \cdot M_o / (L \cdot g_1^2 \cdot B) \\ = 1e3 \cdot 1.1682 \cdot 312,044.5 / (1.8915 \cdot 42^2 \cdot 706) \\ = 154.755 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_R = (1.33 \cdot t \cdot e + 1) \cdot M_o / (L \cdot t^2 \cdot B) \\ = (1.33 \cdot 11.5 \cdot 0.0668 + 1) \cdot 1e3 \cdot 312,044.5 / (1.8915 \cdot 115^2 \cdot 706) \\ = 35.718 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_T = Y \cdot M_o / (t^2 \cdot B) - Z \cdot S_R \\ = 1e3 \cdot 6.273 \cdot 312,044.5 / (115^2 \cdot 706) - 3.253 \cdot 35.718 \\ = 93.459 \text{ MPa}$$

Allowable stress  $S_{fo} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

Allowable stress  $S_{no} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

$S_T$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

$S_H$  does not exceed  $\text{Min}[1.5 \cdot S_{fo}, 2.5 \cdot S_{no}] = 207 \text{ MPa}$

$S_R$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

$0.5(S_H + S_R) = 95.236 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

$0.5(S_H + S_T) = 124.107 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

## Flange rigidity at operating per VIII-1 Appendix 2-14

$$J = 52.14 \cdot V \cdot M_o / (L \cdot E \cdot g_0^2 \cdot K_1 \cdot h_0) \\ = 1e3 \cdot 52.14 \cdot 0.2433 \cdot 312,044.5 / (1.8915 \cdot 197.8E+03 \cdot 22^2 \cdot 0.3 \cdot 124.63) \\ = 0.5848$$

The flange rigidity index  $J$  does not exceed 1; satisfactory.

## Stresses at gasket seating - VIII-1 Appendix 2-7

$$S_H = f \cdot M_g / (L \cdot g_1^2 \cdot B) \\ = 1e3 \cdot 1.1682 \cdot 176,033 / (1.8915 \cdot 42^2 \cdot 706)$$

= 87.301 MPa

$$S_R = (1.33 \cdot t \cdot e + 1) \cdot M_g / (L \cdot t^2 \cdot B)$$
$$= (1.33 \cdot 115 \cdot 0.0067 + 1) \cdot 1e3 \cdot 176,033 / (1.8915 \cdot 115^2 \cdot 706)$$
$$= 20.149 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_T = Y \cdot M_g / (t^2 \cdot B) - Z \cdot S_R$$
$$= 6.273 \cdot 1e3 \cdot 176,033 / (115^2 \cdot 706) - 3.253 \cdot 20.149$$
$$= 52.723 \text{ MPa}$$

Allowable stress  $S_{fa} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

Allowable stress  $S_{na} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

$S_T$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

$S_H$  does not exceed  $\text{Min}[1.5 \cdot S_{fa}, 2.5 \cdot S_{na}] = 207 \text{ MPa}$

$S_R$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

$0.5(S_H + S_R) = 53.725 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

$0.5(S_H + S_T) = 70.012 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

### Flange rigidity at gasket seating per VIII-1 Appendix 2-14

$$J = 52.14 \cdot V \cdot M_o / (L \cdot E \cdot g_o^{2 \cdot K_f \cdot h_o})$$
$$= 1e3 \cdot 52.14 \cdot 0.2433 \cdot 176,033 / (1.8915 \cdot 201.23E+03 \cdot 22^2 \cdot 0.3 \cdot 124.63)$$
$$= 0.3243$$

The flange rigidity index J does not exceed 1; satisfactory.

### Shell Side Flange (front) - Flange hub

#### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

Component: Flange hub  
Material specification: SA-105 (II-D Metric p. 18, ln. 32)  
Material is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)  
UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm

Internal design pressure:  $P = 7,700.01 \text{ kPa @ } 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### Static liquid head:

$$P_{th} = 9.55 \text{ kPa}_{head} \quad (SG = 1, H_s = 975 \text{ mm, Horizontal test})$$

Corrosion allowance      Inner C = 3 mm      Outer C = 0 mm

Design MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       No impact test performed  
Rated MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       Material is normalized  
Material is produced to Fine Grain Practice  
PWHT is not performed

Radiography:      Longitudinal joint -      Seamless No RT  
Left circumferential joint -      N/A  
Right circumferential joint -      Full UW-11(a) Type 1

Estimated weight      New = 25.8 kg      corr = 22.9 kg  
Capacity      New = 23.09 liters      corr = 23.49 liters

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ID} &= 700 \text{ mm} \\ \text{Length} &= 60 \text{ mm} \\ L_c &= 25 \text{ mm} \\ t &= 25 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Design thickness, (at 85 °C) UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} t &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.60 \cdot P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 7,700.01 \cdot 353 / (138,000 \cdot 1.00 - 0.60 \cdot 7,700.01) + 3 \\ &= 23.38 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Maximum allowable working pressure, (at 85 °C) UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) - P_s \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 22 / (353 + 0.60 \cdot 22) - 0 \\ &= 8,290.65 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Maximum allowable pressure, (at 25 °C) UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 25 / (350 + 0.60 \cdot 25) \\ &= 9,452.05 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and Corroded-  $S_{cHC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and New-  $S_{cHN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and New-  $S_{cCN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and Corroded-  $S_{cCC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Vacuum and Corroded-  $S_{cVC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

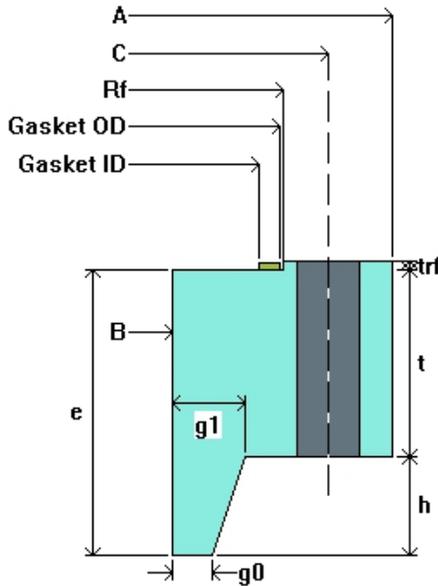
$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cVC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

## Shell Side Flange (rear)

### ASME VIII-1, 2013 Edition Metric, Appendix 2 Flange Calculations

Flange is attached to:	Shell #1 (Right)	
Flange type:	Weld neck integral	
Flange material specification:	SA-105 (II-D Metric p. 18, In. 32)	
Bolt material specification:	SA-193 B7 Bolt $\leq 64$ (II-D Metric p. 352, In. 31)	
Bolt Description:	1.5 in Series 8 Thread	
Internal design pressure, P:	7,700.01 kPa @ 85 °C	
Required flange thickness, $t_r$ :	105.09 mm	
Maximum allowable working pressure, MAWP:	7,961.61 kPa @ 85 °C	(bolting limits)
Maximum allowable pressure, MAP:	7,961.61 kPa @ 25 °C	(bolting limits)
Corrosion allowance:	Bore = 3 mm	Flange = 0 mm
Bolt corrosion (root), $C_{bolt}$ :	0 mm	
Design MDMT:	-29 °C	No impact test performed
Rated MDMT:	-29 °C	Flange material is normalized
		Material is produced to fine grain practice
		PWHT is not performed
Estimated weight:	New = 364.6 kg	corroded = 355.48 kg

### Flange dimensions, new



flange OD	A = 970 mm
bolt circle	C = 892 mm
raised face ID	Rf = 836 mm
gasket OD	= 833 mm
gasket ID	= 807 mm
flange ID	B = 700 mm
facing height	$t_{rf} = 5$ mm
thickness	t = 115 mm
bolting	= 32- 1.5 in dia
hub thickness	$g_1 = 45$ mm
hub thickness	$g_0 = 25$ mm
hub length	h = 60 mm
length	e = 175 mm
gasket factor	m = 3
seating stress	y = 68.948 MPa
Gasket thickness	T = 4.45 mm

Flexitallic Spiral  
gasket description Wound CG 304  
S.S.

Note: this flange is calculated as an integral type.

### Determination of Flange MDMT

Flange is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)

UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm  
Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -48 °C

The rated flange MDMT is -29 °C

## Flange calculations for Internal Pressure + Weight Only

### Gasket details from facing sketch Confined gasket 1(a), Column II

Gasket width  $N = 13$  mm

$$b_0 = N/2 = 6.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Effective gasket seating width, } b = 2.5*b_0^{1/2} = 6.37 \text{ mm}$$

$$G = \text{OD of contact face} - 2*b = 833 - 2*6.37 = 820.25 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_G = (C - G)/2 = (892 - 820.25)/2 = 35.87 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_D = R + g_1/2 = 51 + 42/2 = 72 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_T = (R + g_1 + h_G)/2 = (51 + 42 + 35.87)/2 = 64.44 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_p &= 2*b*3.14*G*m*P \\ &= 2*6.37*3.14*820.25*3*7.7 \\ &= 758,324.92 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.785*G^2*P \\ &= 0.785*820.25^2*7.7 \\ &= 4,066,850.57 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_D &= 0.785*B^2*P \\ &= 0.785*706^2*7.7 \\ &= 3,012,797.67 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_T &= H - H_D \\ &= 4,066,850.57 - 3,012,797.67 \\ &= 1,054,052.9 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{m1} &= H + H_p \\ &= 4,066,850.57 + 758,324.92 \\ &= 4,825,175.49 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{m2} &= 3.14*b*G*y \\ &= 3.14*6.37*820.25*68.9476 \\ &= 1,131,700.61 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

**Required bolt area,  $A_m = \text{greater of } A_{m1}, A_{m2} = 280.5334 \text{ cm}^2$**

$$A_{m1} = W_{m1}/S_b = 4,825,175.49/(100*172) = 280.5334 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{m2} = W_{m2}/S_a = 1,131,700.61/(100*172) = 65.7965 \text{ cm}^2$$

Total area for 32- 1.5 in dia bolts, corroded,  $A_b = 290.0639 \text{ cm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned} W &= (A_m + A_b)*S_a/2 \\ &= (28,053.34 + 29,006.39)*172/2 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 4,907,137.87 \text{ N}$$

$$M_D = H_D * h_D = 3,012,797.67 * 0.072 = 216,921.8 \text{ N-m}$$

$$M_T = H_T * h_T = 1,054,052.9 * 0.0644 = 67,919.5 \text{ N-m}$$

$$H_G = W_{m1} - H = 4,825,175.49 - 4,066,850.57 = 758,324.92 \text{ N}$$

$$M_G = H_G * h_G = 758,324.92 * 0.0359 = 27,203.3 \text{ N-m}$$

$$M_o = M_D + M_T + M_G = 216,921.8 + 67,919.5 + 27,203.3 = 312,044.5 \text{ N-m}$$

$$M_g = W * h_G = 4,907,137.87 * 0.0359 = 176,033 \text{ N-m}$$

The bolts are adequately spaced so the TEMA RCB-11.23 load concentration factor does not apply.

## Hub and Flange Factors

$$g_0 = \min(g_0, t_n) = \min(22, 22) = 22$$

$$h_0 = (B \cdot g_0)^{1/2} = (706 \cdot 22)^{1/2} = 124.63 \text{ mm}$$

From FIG. 2-7.1, where  $K = A/B = 970/706 = 1.3739$

$$T = 1.7655 \quad Z = 3.253 \quad Y = 6.273 \quad U = 6.8934$$

$$h/h_0 = 0.4814 \quad g_1/g_0 = 1.9091$$

$$F = 0.8323 \quad V = 0.2433 \quad e = F/h_0 = 0.0668$$

$$d = (U/V) \cdot h_0 \cdot g_0^2 = (6.8934/0.2433) \cdot 12.4627 \cdot 2.2^2 \\ = 1,708.7243 \text{ cm}^3$$

## Stresses at operating conditions - VIII-1 Appendix 2-7

$$f = 1.1682$$

$$L = (t \cdot e + 1)/T + t^3/d \\ = (11.5 \cdot 0.0668 + 1)/1.7655 + 11.5^3/1,708.7243 \\ = 1.8915$$

$$S_H = f \cdot M_o / (L \cdot g_1^2 \cdot B) \\ = 1e3 \cdot 1.1682 \cdot 312,044.5 / (1.8915 \cdot 42^2 \cdot 706) \\ = 154.755 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_R = (1.33 \cdot t \cdot e + 1) \cdot M_o / (L \cdot t^2 \cdot B) \\ = (1.33 \cdot 11.5 \cdot 0.0668 + 1) \cdot 1e3 \cdot 312,044.5 / (1.8915 \cdot 115^2 \cdot 706) \\ = 35.718 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_T = Y \cdot M_o / (t^2 \cdot B) - Z \cdot S_R \\ = 1e3 \cdot 6.273 \cdot 312,044.5 / (115^2 \cdot 706) - 3.253 \cdot 35.718 \\ = 93.459 \text{ MPa}$$

Allowable stress  $S_{fo} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

Allowable stress  $S_{no} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

$S_T$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

$S_H$  does not exceed  $\text{Min}[1.5 \cdot S_{fo}, 2.5 \cdot S_{no}] = 207 \text{ MPa}$

$S_R$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

$0.5(S_H + S_R) = 95.236 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

$0.5(S_H + S_T) = 124.107 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

## Flange rigidity at operating per VIII-1 Appendix 2-14

$$J = 52.14 \cdot V \cdot M_o / (L \cdot E \cdot g_0^2 \cdot K_1 \cdot h_0) \\ = 1e3 \cdot 52.14 \cdot 0.2433 \cdot 312,044.5 / (1.8915 \cdot 197.8E+03 \cdot 22^2 \cdot 0.3 \cdot 124.63) \\ = 0.5848$$

The flange rigidity index  $J$  does not exceed 1; satisfactory.

## Stresses at gasket seating - VIII-1 Appendix 2-7

$$S_H = f \cdot M_g / (L \cdot g_1^2 \cdot B) \\ = 1e3 \cdot 1.1682 \cdot 176,033 / (1.8915 \cdot 42^2 \cdot 706)$$

= 87.301 MPa

$$S_R = (1.33 \cdot t^e + 1) \cdot M_g / (L \cdot t^2 \cdot B)$$
$$= (1.33 \cdot 115^0 \cdot 0.0067 + 1) \cdot 1e3 \cdot 176,033 / (1.8915 \cdot 115^2 \cdot 706)$$
$$= 20.149 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_T = Y \cdot M_g / (t^2 \cdot B) - Z \cdot S_R$$
$$= 6.273 \cdot 1e3 \cdot 176,033 / (115^2 \cdot 706) - 3.253 \cdot 20.149$$
$$= 52.723 \text{ MPa}$$

Allowable stress  $S_{fa} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

Allowable stress  $S_{na} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

$S_T$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

$S_H$  does not exceed  $\text{Min}[1.5 \cdot S_{fa}, 2.5 \cdot S_{na}] = 207 \text{ MPa}$

$S_R$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

$0.5(S_H + S_R) = 53.725 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

$0.5(S_H + S_T) = 70.012 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

#### Flange rigidity at gasket seating per VIII-1 Appendix 2-14

$$J = 52.14 \cdot V \cdot M_o / (L \cdot E \cdot g_o^{2 \cdot K_f \cdot h_o})$$
$$= 1e3 \cdot 52.14 \cdot 0.2433 \cdot 176,033 / (1.8915 \cdot 201.23E+03 \cdot 22^2 \cdot 0.3 \cdot 124.63)$$
$$= 0.3243$$

The flange rigidity index J does not exceed 1; satisfactory.

#### Shell Side Flange (rear) - Flange hub

##### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

Component: Flange hub  
Material specification: SA-105 (II-D Metric p. 18, ln. 32)  
Material is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)  
UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm

Internal design pressure:  $P = 7,700.01 \text{ kPa @ } 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

##### Static liquid head:

$$P_{th} = 9.55 \text{ kPa}_{head} \quad (SG = 1, H_s = 975 \text{ mm, Horizontal test})$$

Corrosion allowance      Inner C = 3 mm      Outer C = 0 mm

Design MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       No impact test performed  
Rated MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       Material is normalized  
Material is produced to Fine Grain Practice  
PWHT is not performed

Radiography:      Longitudinal joint -      Seamless No RT  
Left circumferential joint - Full UW-11(a) Type 1  
Right circumferential joint - N/A

Estimated weight      New = 25.8 kg      corr = 22.9 kg  
Capacity      New = 23.09 liters      corr = 23.49 liters

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ID} &= 700 \text{ mm} \\ \text{Length} &= 60 \text{ mm} \\ L_c &= 25 \text{ mm} \\ t &= 25 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Design thickness, (at 85 °C) UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} t &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.60 \cdot P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 7,700.01 \cdot 353 / (138,000 \cdot 1.00 - 0.60 \cdot 7,700.01) + 3 \\ &= 23.38 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Maximum allowable working pressure, (at 85 °C) UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) - P_s \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 22 / (353 + 0.60 \cdot 22) - 0 \\ &= 8,290.65 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Maximum allowable pressure, (at 25 °C) UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 25 / (350 + 0.60 \cdot 25) \\ &= 9,452.05 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and Corroded-  $S_{cHC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and New-  $S_{cHN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and New-  $S_{cCN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and Corroded-  $S_{cCC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Vacuum and Corroded-  $S_{cVC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

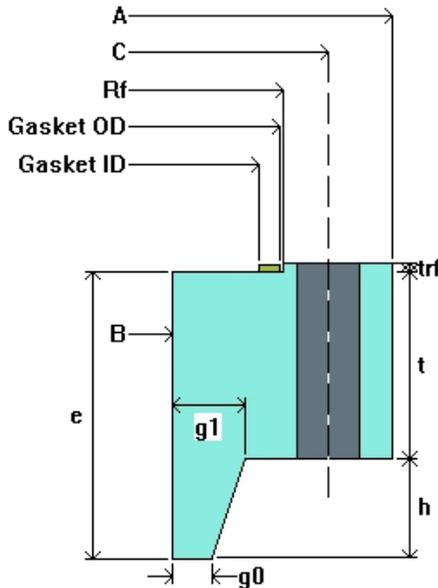
$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cVC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

## Tube Side Flange (front)

### ASME VIII-1, 2013 Edition Metric, Appendix 2 Flange Calculations

Flange is attached to:	Front Channel (Right)	
Flange type:	Weld neck integral	
Flange material specification:	SA-105 (II-D Metric p. 18, In. 32)	
Bolt material specification:	SA-193 B7 Bolt $\leq 64$ (II-D Metric p. 352, In. 31)	
Bolt Description:	1.5 in Series 8 Thread	
Internal design pressure, P:	7,700.01 kPa @ 85 °C	
Required flange thickness, $t_r$ :	105.09 mm	
Maximum allowable working pressure, MAWP:	7,961.61 kPa @ 85 °C	(bolting limits)
Maximum allowable pressure, MAP:	7,961.61 kPa @ 25 °C	(bolting limits)
Corrosion allowance:	Bore = 3 mm	Flange = 0 mm
Bolt corrosion (root), $C_{bolt}$ :	0 mm	
Design MDMT:	-29 °C	No impact test performed
Rated MDMT:	-29 °C	Flange material is normalized
		Material is produced to fine grain practice
		PWHT is not performed
		corroded = 356.3 kg
Estimated weight:	New = 365.46 kg	

### Flange dimensions, new



flange OD	A = 970 mm
bolt circle	C = 892 mm
raised face ID	Rf = 836 mm
gasket OD	= 833 mm
gasket ID	= 807 mm
flange ID	B = 700 mm
facing height	$t_{rf}$ = 5 mm
thickness	t = 115 mm
bolting	= 32- 1.5 in dia
hub thickness	$g_1$ = 45 mm
hub thickness	$g_0$ = 25 mm
hub length	h = 60 mm
length	e = 177 mm
gasket factor	m = 3
seating stress	y = 68.948 MPa

Gasket thickness T = 4.45 mm

Note: this flange is calculated as an integral type.

### Determination of Flange MDMT

UCS-66(b)(1)(b) has been applied.  
 Flange is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)  
 UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm  
 Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -48 °C

The rated flange MDMT is -29 °C

## Flange calculations for Internal Pressure + Weight Only

### Gasket details from facing sketch Confined gasket 1(a), Column II

Gasket width  $N = 13$  mm

$$b_0 = N/2 = 6.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Effective gasket seating width, } b = 2.5 * b_0^{1/2} = 6.37 \text{ mm}$$

$$G = \text{OD of contact face} - 2 * b = 833 - 2 * 6.37 = 820.25 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_G = (C - G)/2 = (892 - 820.25)/2 = 35.87 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_D = R + g_1/2 = 51 + 42/2 = 72 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_T = (R + g_1 + h_G)/2 = (51 + 42 + 35.87)/2 = 64.44 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_p &= 2 * b * 3.14 * G * m * P \\ &= 2 * 6.37 * 3.14 * 820.25 * 3 * 7.7 \\ &= 758,324.92 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.785 * G^2 * P \\ &= 0.785 * 820.25^2 * 7.7 \\ &= 4,066,850.57 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_D &= 0.785 * B^2 * P \\ &= 0.785 * 706^2 * 7.7 \\ &= 3,012,797.67 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_T &= H - H_D \\ &= 4,066,850.57 - 3,012,797.67 \\ &= 1,054,052.9 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{m1} &= H + H_p \\ &= 4,066,850.57 + 758,324.92 \\ &= 4,825,175.49 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{m2} &= 3.14 * b * G * y \\ &= 3.14 * 6.37 * 820.25 * 68.9476 \\ &= 1,131,700.61 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

**Required bolt area,  $A_m = \text{greater of } A_{m1}, A_{m2} = 280.5334 \text{ cm}^2$**

$$A_{m1} = W_{m1}/S_b = 4,825,175.49 / (100 * 172) = 280.5334 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{m2} = W_{m2}/S_a = 1,131,700.61 / (100 * 172) = 65.7965 \text{ cm}^2$$

Total area for 32- 1.5 in dia bolts, corroded,  $A_b = 290.0639 \text{ cm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned} W &= (A_m + A_b) * S_a / 2 \\ &= (28,053.34 + 29,006.39) * 172 / 2 \\ &= 4,907,137.87 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_D &= H_D * h_D = 3,012,797.67 * 0.072 = 216,921.8 \text{ N-m} \\ M_T &= H_T * h_T = 1,054,052.9 * 0.0644 = 67,919.5 \text{ N-m} \end{aligned}$$

$$H_G = W_{m1} - H = 4,825,175.49 - 4,066,850.57 = 758,324.92 \text{ N}$$

$$M_G = H_G * h_G = 758,324.92 * 0.0359 = 27,203.3 \text{ N-m}$$

$$M_o = M_D + M_T + M_G = 216,921.8 + 67,919.5 + 27,203.3 = 312,044.5 \text{ N-m}$$

$$M_g = W * h_G = 4,907,137.87 * 0.0359 = 176,033 \text{ N-m}$$

The bolts are adequately spaced so the TEMA RCB-11.23 load concentration factor does not apply.

## Hub and Flange Factors

$$g_0 = \min(g_0, t_n) = \min(22, 22) = 22$$

$$h_0 = (B \cdot g_0)^{1/2} = (706 \cdot 22)^{1/2} = 124.63 \text{ mm}$$

From FIG. 2-7.1, where  $K = A/B = 970/706 = 1.3739$

$$T = 1.7655 \quad Z = 3.253 \quad Y = 6.273 \quad U = 6.8934$$

$$h/h_0 = 0.4814 \quad g_1/g_0 = 1.9091$$

$$F = 0.8323 \quad V = 0.2433 \quad e = F/h_0 = 0.0668$$

$$d = (U/V) \cdot h_0 \cdot g_0^2 = (6.8934/0.2433) \cdot 12.4628 \cdot 2.2^2 \\ = 1,708.749 \text{ cm}^3$$

## Stresses at operating conditions - VIII-1 Appendix 2-7

$$f = 1.1682$$

$$L = (t \cdot e + 1)/T + t^3/d \\ = (11.5 \cdot 0.0668 + 1)/1.7655 + 11.5^3/1,708.749 \\ = 1.8914$$

$$S_H = f \cdot M_o / (L \cdot g_1^2 \cdot B) \\ = 1e3 \cdot 1.1682 \cdot 312,044.5 / (1.8914 \cdot 42^2 \cdot 706) \\ = 154.753 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_R = (1.33 \cdot t \cdot e + 1) \cdot M_o / (L \cdot t^2 \cdot B) \\ = (1.33 \cdot 11.5 \cdot 0.0668 + 1) \cdot 1e3 \cdot 312,044.5 / (1.8914 \cdot 115^2 \cdot 706) \\ = 35.718 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_T = Y \cdot M_o / (t^2 \cdot B) - Z \cdot S_R \\ = 1e3 \cdot 6.273 \cdot 312,044.5 / (115^2 \cdot 706) - 3.253 \cdot 35.718 \\ = 93.458 \text{ MPa}$$

Allowable stress  $S_{fo} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

Allowable stress  $S_{no} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

$S_T$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

$S_H$  does not exceed  $\text{Min}[1.5 \cdot S_{fo}, 2.5 \cdot S_{no}] = 207 \text{ MPa}$

$S_R$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

$0.5(S_H + S_R) = 95.236 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

$0.5(S_H + S_T) = 124.106 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

## Flange rigidity at operating per VIII-1 Appendix 2-14

$$J = 52.14 \cdot V \cdot M_o / (L \cdot E \cdot g_0^2 \cdot K_1 \cdot h_0) \\ = 1e3 \cdot 52.14 \cdot 0.2433 \cdot 312,044.5 / (1.8914 \cdot 197.8E+03 \cdot 22^2 \cdot 0.3 \cdot 124.63) \\ = 0.5848$$

The flange rigidity index  $J$  does not exceed 1; satisfactory.

## Stresses at gasket seating - VIII-1 Appendix 2-7

$$S_H = f \cdot M_g / (L \cdot g_1^2 \cdot B) \\ = 1e3 \cdot 1.1682 \cdot 176,033 / (1.8914 \cdot 42^2 \cdot 706)$$

= 87.301 MPa

$$S_R = (1.33 \cdot t^e + 1) \cdot M_g / (L \cdot t^2 \cdot B)$$
$$= (1.33 \cdot 115 \cdot 0.0067 + 1) \cdot 1e3 \cdot 176,033 / (1.8914 \cdot 115^2 \cdot 706)$$
$$= 20.149 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_T = Y \cdot M_g / (t^2 \cdot B) - Z \cdot S_R$$
$$= 6.273 \cdot 1e3 \cdot 176,033 / (115^2 \cdot 706) - 3.253 \cdot 20.149$$
$$= 52.722 \text{ MPa}$$

Allowable stress  $S_{fa} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

Allowable stress  $S_{na} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

$S_T$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

$S_H$  does not exceed  $\text{Min}[1.5 \cdot S_{fa}, 2.5 \cdot S_{na}] = 207 \text{ MPa}$

$S_R$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

$0.5(S_H + S_R) = 53.725 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

$0.5(S_H + S_T) = 70.011 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

#### Flange rigidity at gasket seating per VIII-1 Appendix 2-14

$$J = 52.14 \cdot V \cdot M_o / (L \cdot E \cdot g_o^{2 \cdot K_f \cdot h_o})$$
$$= 1e3 \cdot 52.14 \cdot 0.2433 \cdot 176,033 / (1.8914 \cdot 201.23E+03 \cdot 22^2 \cdot 0.3 \cdot 124.63)$$
$$= 0.3243$$

The flange rigidity index J does not exceed 1; satisfactory.

#### Tube Side Flange (front) - Flange hub

##### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

Component: Flange hub  
Material specification: SA-105 (II-D Metric p. 18, ln. 32)  
Material is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)  
UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm

Internal design pressure:  $P = 7,700.01 \text{ kPa @ } 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

##### Static liquid head:

$$P_{th} = 9.8 \text{ kPa}_{head} \quad (SG = 1, H_s = 1,000 \text{ mm, Horizontal test})$$

Corrosion allowance      Inner C = 3 mm      Outer C = 0 mm

Design MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       No impact test performed  
Rated MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       Material is normalized  
Material is produced to Fine Grain Practice  
PWHT is not performed

Radiography:      Longitudinal joint -      Seamless No RT  
Left circumferential joint - Full UW-11(a) Type 1  
Right circumferential joint - N/A

Estimated weight      New = 25.8 kg      corr = 22.9 kg  
Capacity      New = 23.09 liters      corr = 23.49 liters

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ID} &= 700 \text{ mm} \\ \text{Length} &= 60 \text{ mm} \\ L_c &= 25 \text{ mm} \\ t &= 25 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Design thickness, (at 85 °C) UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} t &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.60 \cdot P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 7,700.01 \cdot 353 / (138,000 \cdot 1.00 - 0.60 \cdot 7,700.01) + 3 \\ &= 23.38 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Maximum allowable working pressure, (at 85 °C) UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) - P_s \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 22 / (353 + 0.60 \cdot 22) - 0 \\ &= 8,290.65 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Maximum allowable pressure, (at 25 °C) UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 25 / (350 + 0.60 \cdot 25) \\ &= 9,452.05 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and Corroded-  $S_{cHC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and New-  $S_{cHN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and New-  $S_{cCN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and Corroded-  $S_{cCC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Vacuum and Corroded-  $S_{cVC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

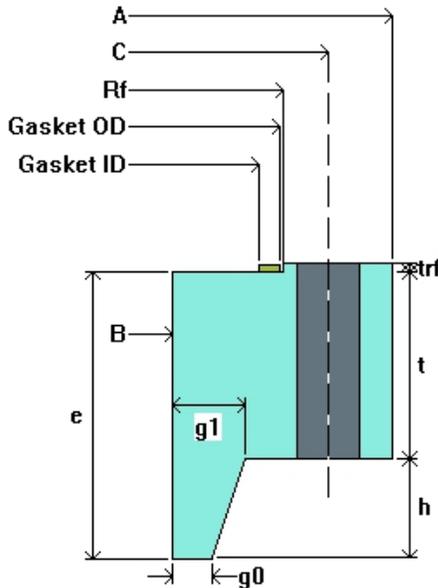
$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cVC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

## Tube Side Flange (rear)

### ASME VIII-1, 2013 Edition Metric, Appendix 2 Flange Calculations

Flange is attached to:	Rear Channel (Left)	
Flange type:	Weld neck integral	
Flange material specification:	SA-105 (II-D Metric p. 18, In. 32)	
Bolt material specification:	SA-193 B7 Bolt $\leq 64$ (II-D Metric p. 352, In. 31)	
Bolt Description:	1.5 in Series 8 Thread	
Internal design pressure, P:	7,700.01 kPa @ 85 °C	
Required flange thickness, $t_r$ :	105.09 mm	
Maximum allowable working pressure, MAWP:	7,961.61 kPa @ 85 °C	(bolting limits)
Maximum allowable pressure, MAP:	7,961.61 kPa @ 25 °C	(bolting limits)
Corrosion allowance:	Bore = 3 mm	Flange = 0 mm
Bolt corrosion (root), $C_{bolt}$ :	0 mm	
Design MDMT:	-29 °C	No impact test performed
Rated MDMT:	-29 °C	Flange material is normalized
		Material is produced to fine grain practice
		PWHT is not performed
Estimated weight:	New = 365.46 kg	corroded = 356.3 kg

### Flange dimensions, new



flange OD	A = 970 mm
bolt circle	C = 892 mm
raised face ID	Rf = 836 mm
gasket OD	= 833 mm
gasket ID	= 807 mm
flange ID	B = 700 mm
facing height	$t_{rf} = 5$ mm
thickness	t = 115 mm
bolting	= 32- 1.5 in dia
hub thickness	$g_1 = 45$ mm
hub thickness	$g_0 = 25$ mm
hub length	h = 60 mm
length	e = 177 mm
gasket factor	m = 3
seating stress	y = 68.948 MPa
Gasket thickness	T = 4.45 mm

gasket description Flexitallic Spiral Wound CG 304 S.S.

Note: this flange is calculated as an integral type.

### Determination of Flange MDMT

UCS-66(b)(1)(b) has been applied.

Flange is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)  
UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm  
Bolts rated MDMT per Fig UCS-66 note (c) = -48 °C

The rated flange MDMT is -29 °C

## Flange calculations for Internal Pressure + Weight Only

### Gasket details from facing sketch Confined gasket 1(a), Column II

Gasket width  $N = 13$  mm

$$b_0 = N/2 = 6.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Effective gasket seating width, } b = 2.5*b_0^{1/2} = 6.37 \text{ mm}$$

$$G = \text{OD of contact face} - 2*b = 833 - 2*6.37 = 820.25 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_G = (C - G)/2 = (892 - 820.25)/2 = 35.87 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_D = R + g_1/2 = 51 + 42/2 = 72 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_T = (R + g_1 + h_G)/2 = (51 + 42 + 35.87)/2 = 64.44 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_p &= 2*b*3.14*G*m*P \\ &= 2*6.37*3.14*820.25*3*7.7 \\ &= 758,324.92 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.785*G^2*P \\ &= 0.785*820.25^2*7.7 \\ &= 4,066,850.57 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_D &= 0.785*B^2*P \\ &= 0.785*706^2*7.7 \\ &= 3,012,797.67 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_T &= H - H_D \\ &= 4,066,850.57 - 3,012,797.67 \\ &= 1,054,052.9 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{m1} &= H + H_p \\ &= 4,066,850.57 + 758,324.92 \\ &= 4,825,175.49 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{m2} &= 3.14*b*G*y \\ &= 3.14*6.37*820.25*68.9476 \\ &= 1,131,700.61 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

**Required bolt area,  $A_m = \text{greater of } A_{m1}, A_{m2} = 280.5334 \text{ cm}^2$**

$$A_{m1} = W_{m1}/S_b = 4,825,175.49/(100*172) = 280.5334 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{m2} = W_{m2}/S_a = 1,131,700.61/(100*172) = 65.7965 \text{ cm}^2$$

Total area for 32- 1.5 in dia bolts, corroded,  $A_b = 290.0639 \text{ cm}^2$

$$W = (A_m + A_b)*S_a/2$$

$$= (28,053.34 + 29,006.39) * 172 / 2$$
$$= 4,907,137.87 \text{ N}$$

$$M_D = H_D * h_D = 3,012,797.67 * 0.072 = 216,921.8 \text{ N-m}$$

$$M_T = H_T * h_T = 1,054,052.9 * 0.0644 = 67,919.5 \text{ N-m}$$

$$H_G = W_{m1} - H = 4,825,175.49 - 4,066,850.57 = 758,324.92 \text{ N}$$

$$M_G = H_G * h_G = 758,324.92 * 0.0359 = 27,203.3 \text{ N-m}$$

$$M_o = M_D + M_T + M_G = 216,921.8 + 67,919.5 + 27,203.3 = 312,044.5 \text{ N-m}$$

$$M_g = W * h_G = 4,907,137.87 * 0.0359 = 176,033 \text{ N-m}$$

The bolts are adequately spaced so the TEMA RCB-11.23 load concentration factor does not apply.

## Hub and Flange Factors

$$g_0 = \min(g_0, t_n) = \min(22, 22) = 22$$

$$h_0 = (B \cdot g_0)^{1/2} = (706 \cdot 22)^{1/2} = 124.63 \text{ mm}$$

From FIG. 2-7.1, where  $K = A/B = 970/706 = 1.3739$

$$T = 1.7655 \quad Z = 3.253 \quad Y = 6.273 \quad U = 6.8934$$

$$h/h_0 = 0.4814 \quad g_1/g_0 = 1.9091$$

$$F = 0.8323 \quad V = 0.2433 \quad e = F/h_0 = 0.0668$$

$$d = (U/V) \cdot h_0 \cdot g_0^2 = (6.8934/0.2433) \cdot 12.4628 \cdot 2.2^2 \\ = 1,708.749 \text{ cm}^3$$

## Stresses at operating conditions - VIII-1 Appendix 2-7

$$f = 1.1682$$

$$L = (t \cdot e + 1)/T + t^3/d \\ = (11.5 \cdot 0.0668 + 1)/1.7655 + 11.5^3/1,708.749 \\ = 1.8914$$

$$S_H = f \cdot M_o / (L \cdot g_1^2 \cdot B) \\ = 1e3 \cdot 1.1682 \cdot 312,044.5 / (1.8914 \cdot 42^2 \cdot 706) \\ = 154.753 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_R = (1.33 \cdot t \cdot e + 1) \cdot M_o / (L \cdot t^2 \cdot B) \\ = (1.33 \cdot 11.5 \cdot 0.0668 + 1) \cdot 1e3 \cdot 312,044.5 / (1.8914 \cdot 115^2 \cdot 706) \\ = 35.718 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_T = Y \cdot M_o / (t^2 \cdot B) - Z \cdot S_R \\ = 1e3 \cdot 6.273 \cdot 312,044.5 / (115^2 \cdot 706) - 3.253 \cdot 35.718 \\ = 93.458 \text{ MPa}$$

Allowable stress  $S_{fo} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

Allowable stress  $S_{no} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

$S_T$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

$S_H$  does not exceed  $\text{Min}[1.5 \cdot S_{fo}, 2.5 \cdot S_{no}] = 207 \text{ MPa}$

$S_R$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

$0.5(S_H + S_R) = 95.236 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

$0.5(S_H + S_T) = 124.106 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fo}$

## Flange rigidity at operating per VIII-1 Appendix 2-14

$$J = 52.14 \cdot V \cdot M_o / (L \cdot E \cdot g_0^2 \cdot K_1 \cdot h_0) \\ = 1e3 \cdot 52.14 \cdot 0.2433 \cdot 312,044.5 / (1.8914 \cdot 197.8E+03 \cdot 22^2 \cdot 0.3 \cdot 124.63) \\ = 0.5848$$

The flange rigidity index  $J$  does not exceed 1; satisfactory.

## Stresses at gasket seating - VIII-1 Appendix 2-7

$$S_H = f \cdot M_g / (L \cdot g_1^2 \cdot B) \\ = 1e3 \cdot 1.1682 \cdot 176,033 / (1.8914 \cdot 42^2 \cdot 706)$$

= 87.301 MPa

$$S_R = (1.33 \cdot t^e + 1) \cdot M_g / (L \cdot t^2 \cdot B)$$
$$= (1.33 \cdot 115 \cdot 0.0067 + 1) \cdot 1e3 \cdot 176,033 / (1.8914 \cdot 115^2 \cdot 706)$$
$$= 20.149 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_T = Y \cdot M_g / (t^2 \cdot B) - Z \cdot S_R$$
$$= 6.273 \cdot 1e3 \cdot 176,033 / (115^2 \cdot 706) - 3.253 \cdot 20.149$$
$$= 52.722 \text{ MPa}$$

Allowable stress  $S_{fa} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

Allowable stress  $S_{na} = 138 \text{ MPa}$

$S_T$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

$S_H$  does not exceed  $\text{Min}[1.5 \cdot S_{fa}, 2.5 \cdot S_{na}] = 207 \text{ MPa}$

$S_R$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

$0.5(S_H + S_R) = 53.725 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

$0.5(S_H + S_T) = 70.011 \text{ MPa}$  does not exceed  $S_{fa}$

### Flange rigidity at gasket seating per VIII-1 Appendix 2-14

$$J = 52.14 \cdot V \cdot M_o / (L \cdot E \cdot g_o^{2 \cdot K_f \cdot h_o})$$
$$= 1e3 \cdot 52.14 \cdot 0.2433 \cdot 176,033 / (1.8914 \cdot 201.23E+03 \cdot 22^2 \cdot 0.3 \cdot 124.63)$$
$$= 0.3243$$

The flange rigidity index J does not exceed 1; satisfactory.

### Tube Side Flange (rear) - Flange hub

#### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

Component: Flange hub  
Material specification: SA-105 (II-D Metric p. 18, ln. 32)  
Material is impact test exempt per UG-20(f)  
UCS-66 governing thickness = 25 mm

Internal design pressure:  $P = 7,700.01 \text{ kPa @ } 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### Static liquid head:

$$P_{th} = 9.8 \text{ kPa}_{head} \quad (SG = 1, H_s = 1,000 \text{ mm, Horizontal test})$$

Corrosion allowance      Inner C = 3 mm      Outer C = 0 mm

Design MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       No impact test performed  
Rated MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       Material is normalized  
Material is produced to Fine Grain Practice  
PWHT is not performed

Radiography:      Longitudinal joint -      Seamless No RT  
Left circumferential joint -      N/A  
Right circumferential joint -      Full UW-11(a) Type 1

Estimated weight      New = 25.8 kg      corr = 22.9 kg  
Capacity      New = 23.09 liters      corr = 23.49 liters

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ID} &= 700 \text{ mm} \\ \text{Length} &= 60 \text{ mm} \\ L_c &= 25 \text{ mm} \\ t &= 25 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Design thickness, (at 85 °C) UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} t &= P \cdot R / (S \cdot E - 0.60 \cdot P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 7,700.01 \cdot 353 / (138,000 \cdot 1.00 - 0.60 \cdot 7,700.01) + 3 \\ &= 23.38 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

**Maximum allowable working pressure, (at 85 °C) UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) - P_s \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 22 / (353 + 0.60 \cdot 22) - 0 \\ &= 8,290.65 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Maximum allowable pressure, (at 25 °C) UG-27(c)(1)**

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S \cdot E \cdot t / (R + 0.60 \cdot t) \\ &= 138,000 \cdot 1.00 \cdot 25 / (350 + 0.60 \cdot 25) \\ &= 9,452.05 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and Corroded-  $S_{cHC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Hot and New-  $S_{cHN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cHN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and New-  $S_{cCN}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 25) \\ &= 0.008333 \\ B &= 119.63 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCN} &= \min(B, S) = 119.63 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Cold and Corroded-  $S_{cCC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cCC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

**Allowable Compressive Stress, Vacuum and Corroded-  $S_{cVC}$ , (table CS-2 Metric)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 0.125 / (R_o / t) \\ &= 0.125 / (375 / 22) \\ &= 0.007333 \\ B &= 119.47 \text{ MPa} \\ S &= 138 / 1.00 = 138 \text{ MPa} \\ S_{cVC} &= \min(B, S) = 119.47 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

## Saddle

Saddle material:		A36
Saddle construction is:		Web at edge of rib
Saddle allowable stress:	$S_s =$	165.474 MPa
Saddle yield stress:	$S_y =$	248.211 MPa
Saddle distance to datum:		1,550 mm
Tangent to tangent length:	$L =$	13,653.29 mm
Saddle separation:	$L_s =$	10,500 mm
Vessel radius:	$R =$	375 mm
Tangent distance left:	$A_l =$	1,553.29 mm
Tangent distance right:	$A_r =$	1,600 mm
Tubesheet distance left:	$A_{tsl} =$	666.45 mm
Tubesheet distance right:	$A_{tsr} =$	703.56 mm
Saddle height:	$H_s =$	679.8 mm
Saddle contact angle:	$\theta =$	120 °
Wear plate thickness:	$t_p =$	12 mm
Wear plate width:	$W_p =$	300 mm
Wear plate contact angle:	$\theta_w =$	132 °
Web plate thickness:	$t_s =$	12 mm
Base plate length:	$E =$	685.8 mm
Base plate width:	$F =$	250 mm
Base plate thickness:	$t_b =$	19 mm
Number of stiffener ribs:	$n =$	2
Largest stiffener rib spacing:	$d_i =$	648.4 mm
Stiffener rib thickness:	$t_w =$	12 mm
Saddle width:	$b =$	200 mm
Anchor bolt size & type:		1 inch series 8 threaded
Anchor bolt material:		SA-193 B8
Anchor bolt allowable shear:		129.621 MPa
Anchor bolt corrosion allowance:		0 mm
Anchor bolts per saddle:		4
Base coefficient of friction:	$\mu =$	0.45

Weight on left saddle: operating corr = 7,902.94 kg, test new = 10,540.13 kg  
 Weight on right saddle: operating corr = 7,924.26 kg, test new = 10,580.5 kg  
 Weight of saddle pair = 175.09 kg

### Notes:

- (1) Saddle calculations are based on the method presented in "Stresses in Large Cylindrical Pressure Vessels on Two Saddle Supports" by L.P. Zick.
- (2) If CL of tubesheet is located within a distance of  $R_o / 2$  to CL of saddle, the shell is assumed stiffened as if tubesheet is a bulk head.

Load	Vessel condition	Bending + pressure between saddles (MPa)				Bending + pressure at the saddle (MPa)			
		S <sub>1</sub> (+)	allow (+)	S <sub>1</sub> (-)	allow (-)	S <sub>2</sub> (+)	allow (+)	S <sub>2</sub> (-)	allow (-)
Weight	Operating	<a href="#">79.095</a>	138	<a href="#">15.221</a>	119.473	<a href="#">80.63</a>	138	<a href="#">16.757</a>	119.473
Weight	Test	<a href="#">90.53</a>	235.8	<a href="#">18.012</a>	119.473	<a href="#">92.358</a>	235.8	<a href="#">19.841</a>	119.473

Load	Vessel condition	Tangential shear (MPa)		Circumferential stress (MPa)		Stress over saddle (MPa)		Splitting (MPa)	
		S <sub>3</sub>	allow	S <sub>4</sub> (horns)	allow (+/-)	S <sub>5</sub>	allow	S <sub>6</sub>	allow
Weight	Operating	<a href="#">8.582</a>	110.4	<a href="#">-15.325</a>	207	<a href="#">9.236</a>	121	<a href="#">3.101</a>	110.316
Weight	Test	<a href="#">10.112</a>	188.64	<a href="#">-16.129</a>	235.8	<a href="#">10.892</a>	223.39	<a href="#">4.14</a>	223.39

### Load Case 1: Weight ,Operating

#### Longitudinal stress between saddles (Weight ,Operating, left saddle loading and geometry govern)

$$S_1 = \pm 3K_1 Q (L / 12) / (\pi R^2 t)$$

$$= 3 \cdot 0.5269 \cdot 77,501.37 \cdot (13,653.29 / 12) / (\pi \cdot 364^2 \cdot 22)$$

$$= 15.221 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_p = P R / (2 t)$$

$$= 7.96 \cdot 353 / (2 \cdot 22)$$

$$= 63.874 \text{ MPa}$$

Maximum tensile stress  $S_{1t} = S_1 + S_p = \text{79.095}$  MPa  
Maximum compressive stress (shut down)  $S_{1c} = S_1 = \text{15.221}$  MPa

Tensile stress is acceptable ( $\leq 1 \cdot S \cdot E = 138$  MPa)  
Compressive stress is acceptable ( $\leq 1 \cdot S_c = 119.473$  MPa)

#### Longitudinal stress at the right saddle (Weight ,Operating)

$$L_e = 2 \cdot (\text{Left head depth}) / 3 + L + 2 \cdot (\text{Right head depth}) / 3$$

$$= 2 \cdot 199 / 3 + 13,653.29 + 2 \cdot 199 / 3$$

$$= 13,918.62 \text{ mm}$$

$$w = W_t / L_e = 155,211.81 \cdot 10 / 13,918.62 = 111.51 \text{ N/cm}$$

Bending moment at the right saddle:

$$M_q = w \cdot (2H \cdot A_r / 3 + A_r^2 / 2 - (R^2 - H^2) / 4)$$

$$= 111.51 / 10000 \cdot (2 \cdot 199 \cdot 1,600 / 3 + 1,600^2 / 2 - (375^2 - 199^2) / 4)$$

$$= 16,359.2 \text{ N-m}$$

$$S_2 = \pm M_q K_1' / (\pi R^2 t)$$

$$= 16,359.2 \cdot 1e3 \cdot 9.3799 / (\pi \cdot 364^2 \cdot 22)$$

$$= 16.757 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_p = P R / (2 t)$$

$$= 7.96 \cdot 353 / (2 \cdot 22)$$

$$= 63.874 \text{ MPa}$$

Maximum tensile stress  $S_{2t} = S_2 + S_p = 80.63$  MPa  
 Maximum compressive stress (shut down)  $S_{2c} = S_2 = 16.757$  MPa

Tensile stress is acceptable ( $\leq 1 \cdot S = 138$  MPa)  
 Compressive stress is acceptable ( $\leq 1 \cdot S_c = 119.473$  MPa)

### Tangential shear stress in the shell (left saddle, Weight ,Operating)

$$Q_{\text{shear}} = Q - w \cdot (a + 2 \cdot H / 3)$$

$$= 77,501.37 - 11.15 \cdot (1,553.29 + 2 \cdot 199 / 3)$$

$$= 58,700.63 \text{ N}$$

$$S_3 = K_{2.2} \cdot Q_{\text{shear}} / (R \cdot t)$$

$$= 1.1707 \cdot 58,700.63 / (364 \cdot 22)$$

$$= 8.582 \text{ MPa}$$

Tangential shear stress is acceptable ( $\leq 0.8 \cdot S = 110.4$  MPa)

### Circumferential stress at the right saddle horns (Weight ,Operating)

$$S_4 = -Q / (4 \cdot t \cdot (b + 1.56 \cdot \text{Sqr}(R_o \cdot t))) - 3 \cdot K_3 \cdot Q / (2 \cdot t^2)$$

$$= -77,710.44 / (4 \cdot 22 \cdot (200 + 1.56 \cdot \text{Sqr}(375 \cdot 22))) - 3 \cdot 0.0529 \cdot 77,710.44 / (2 \cdot 22^2)$$

$$= -15.325 \text{ MPa}$$

Circumferential stress at saddle horns is acceptable ( $\leq 1.5 \cdot S_a = 207$  MPa)  
 The wear plate was not considered in the calculation of  $S_4$  because the wear plate width is not at least  $\{B + 1.56 \cdot (R_o \cdot t_c)^{0.5}\} = 341.69$  mm

### Ring compression in shell over right saddle (Weight ,Operating)

$$S_5 = K_5 \cdot Q / ((t + t_p) \cdot (t_s + 1.56 \cdot \text{Sqr}(R_o \cdot t_c)))$$

$$= 0.7603 \cdot 77,710.44 / ((22 + 12) \cdot (12 + 1.56 \cdot \text{Sqr}(375 \cdot 34)))$$

$$= 9.236 \text{ MPa}$$

Ring compression in shell is acceptable ( $\leq 0.5 \cdot S_y = 121$  MPa)

### Saddle splitting load (right, Weight ,Operating)

Area resisting splitting force = Web area + wear plate area

$$A_e = H_{\text{eff}} \cdot t_s + t_p \cdot W_p$$

$$= 12.5 \cdot 1.2 + 1.2 \cdot 30$$

$$= 51 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$S_6 = K_8 \cdot Q / A_e$$

$$= 0.2035 \cdot 77,710.44 / 5,100$$

$$= 3.101 \text{ MPa}$$

Stress in saddle is acceptable ( $\leq (2 / 3) \cdot S_s = 110.316$  MPa)

## Load Case 2: Weight ,Test

### Longitudinal stress between saddles (Weight ,Test, left saddle loading and geometry govern)

$$S_1 = \pm 3 \cdot K_1 \cdot Q \cdot (L / 12) / (\pi \cdot R^2 \cdot t)$$

$$= 3 \cdot 0.5269 \cdot 103,363.33 \cdot (13,653.29 / 12) / (\pi \cdot 362.5^2 \cdot 25)$$

$$= 18.012 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_p = P \cdot R / (2 \cdot t)$$

$$= 10.36 \cdot 350 / (2 \cdot 25)$$

$$= 72.518 \text{ MPa}$$

Maximum tensile stress  $S_{1t} = S_1 + S_p = 90.53 \text{ MPa}$   
 Maximum compressive stress (shut down)  $S_{1c} = S_1 = 18.012 \text{ MPa}$

Tensile stress is acceptable ( $\leq 0.9 \cdot S_y = 235.8 \text{ MPa}$ )  
 Compressive stress is acceptable ( $\leq 1 \cdot S_c = 119.473 \text{ MPa}$ )

### Longitudinal stress at the right saddle (Weight ,Test)

$$L_e = 2 \cdot (\text{Left head depth}) / 3 + L + 2 \cdot (\text{Right head depth}) / 3$$

$$= 2 \cdot 199 / 3 + 13,653.29 + 2 \cdot 199 / 3$$

$$= 13,918.62 \text{ mm}$$

$$w = W_t / L_e = 207,122.56 \cdot 10 / 13,918.62 = 148.81 \text{ N/cm}$$

Bending moment at the right saddle:

$$M_q = w \cdot (2 \cdot H \cdot A_r / 3 + A_r^2 / 2 - (R^2 - H^2) / 4)$$

$$= 148.81 / 10000 \cdot (2 \cdot 199 \cdot 1,600 / 3 + 1,600^2 / 2 - (375^2 - 199^2) / 4)$$

$$= 21,830.5 \text{ N-m}$$

$$S_2 = \pm M_q \cdot K_1' / (\pi \cdot R^2 \cdot t)$$

$$= 21,830.5 \cdot 1e3 \cdot 9.3799 / (\pi \cdot 362.5^2 \cdot 25)$$

$$= 19.841 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_p = P \cdot R / (2 \cdot t)$$

$$= 10.36 \cdot 350 / (2 \cdot 25)$$

$$= 72.518 \text{ MPa}$$

Maximum tensile stress  $S_{2t} = S_2 + S_p = 92.358 \text{ MPa}$   
 Maximum compressive stress (shut down)  $S_{2c} = S_2 = 19.841 \text{ MPa}$

Tensile stress is acceptable ( $\leq 0.9 \cdot S_y = 235.8 \text{ MPa}$ )  
 Compressive stress is acceptable ( $\leq 1 \cdot S_c = 119.473 \text{ MPa}$ )

### Tangential shear stress in the shell (left saddle, Weight ,Test)

$$Q_{\text{shear}} = Q - w \cdot (a + 2 \cdot H / 3)$$

$$= 103,363.33 - 14.88 \cdot (1,553.29 + 2 \cdot 199 / 3)$$

$$= 78,274.67 \text{ N}$$

$$S_3 = K_{2.2} \cdot Q_{\text{shear}} / (R \cdot t)$$

$$= 1.1707 \cdot 78,274.67 / (362.5 \cdot 25)$$

$$= 10.112 \text{ MPa}$$

Tangential shear stress is acceptable ( $\leq 0.8 \cdot (0.9 \cdot S_y) = 188.64 \text{ MPa}$ )

### Circumferential stress at the right saddle horns (Weight ,Test)

$$S_4 = -Q / (4 \cdot t \cdot (b + 1.56 \cdot \text{Sqr}(R_o \cdot t))) - 3 \cdot K_3 \cdot Q / (2 \cdot t^2)$$

$$= -103,759.23 / (4 \cdot 25 \cdot (200 + 1.56 \cdot \text{Sqr}(375 \cdot 25))) - 3 \cdot 0.0529 \cdot 103,759.23 / (2 \cdot 25^2)$$

$$= -16.129 \text{ MPa}$$

Circumferential stress at saddle horns is acceptable ( $\leq 0.9 \cdot S_y = 235.8$  MPa)

The wear plate was not considered in the calculation of  $S_4$  because the wear plate width is not at least  $\{B + 1.56 \cdot (R_o t_c)^{0.5}\} = 351.05$  mm

### Ring compression in shell over right saddle (Weight ,Test)

$$\begin{aligned} S_5 &= K_5 \cdot Q / ((t + t_p) \cdot (t_s + 1.56 \cdot \text{Sqr}(R_o \cdot t_c))) \\ &= 0.7603 \cdot 103,759.23 / ((25 + 12) \cdot (12 + 1.56 \cdot \text{Sqr}(375 \cdot 37))) \\ &= \underline{10.892} \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

Ring compression in shell is acceptable ( $\leq 0.9 \cdot S_y = 223.39$  MPa)

### Saddle splitting load (right, Weight ,Test)

Area resisting splitting force = Web area + wear plate area

$$\begin{aligned} A_e &= H_{\text{eff}} \cdot t_s + t_p \cdot W_p \\ &= 12.5 \cdot 1.2 + 1.2 \cdot 30 \\ &= 51 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_6 &= K_8 \cdot Q / A_e \\ &= 0.2035 \cdot 103,759.23 / 5,100 \\ &= \underline{4.14} \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

Stress in saddle is acceptable ( $\leq 0.9 \cdot S_y = 223.39$  MPa)

### Shear stress in anchor bolting, one end slotted

Maximum seismic or wind base shear = 0 N

Thermal expansion base shear =  $W \cdot \mu = 78,568.95 \cdot 0.45 = 35,356.03$  N  
Corroded root area for a 1 inch series 8 threaded bolt =  $3.5548 \text{ cm}^2$  ( 4 per saddle )

Bolt shear stress =  $35,356.03 / (355.4832 \cdot 1 \cdot 4) = 24.865$  MPa

Anchor bolt stress is acceptable ( $\leq 129.621$  MPa)

### Shear stress in anchor bolting, transverse

Maximum seismic or wind base shear = 0 N  
Corroded root area for a 1 inch series 8 threaded bolt =  $3.5548 \text{ cm}^2$  ( 4 per saddle )

Bolt shear stress =  $0 / (355.4832 \cdot 2 \cdot 4) = 0$  MPa

Anchor bolt stress is acceptable ( $\leq 129.621$  MPa)

### Web plate buckling check (Escoe pg 251)

Allowable compressive stress  $S_c$  is the lesser of 165.474 or 79.228 MPa: (79.228)

$$\begin{aligned} S_c &= K_i \cdot \pi^2 \cdot E / (12 \cdot (1 - 0.3^2) \cdot (d_i / t_s)^2) \\ &= 1.28 \cdot \pi^2 \cdot 199.95 \text{E}+03 / (12 \cdot (1 - 0.3^2) \cdot (648.4 / 12)^2) \\ &= 79.228 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

Allowable compressive load on the saddle

$$b_e = d_i t_s / (d_i t_s + 2 t_w (b - 25.4)) * 25.4$$

$$= 648.4 * 12 / (648.4 * 12 + 2 * 12 * (200 - 25.4)) * 25.4$$

$$= 16.51$$

$$F_b = n * (A_s + 2 b_e t_s) * S_c$$

$$= 2 * (2,256 + 2 * 16.51 * 12) * 79.228$$

$$= 420,259.98 \text{ N}$$

Saddle loading of 104,617.73 N is  $\leq F_b$ ; satisfactory.

**Primary bending + axial stress in the saddle due to end loads (assumes one saddle slotted)**

$$\sigma_b = V * (H_s - x_o) * y / I + Q / A$$

$$= 0 * (679.8 - 310.12) * 135.25 / (1e4 * 3,193.94) + 77,710.44 / 12,306.23$$

$$= 6.315 \text{ MPa}$$

The primary bending + axial stress in the saddle  $\leq 165.474 \text{ MPa}$ ; satisfactory.

**Secondary bending + axial stress in the saddle due to end loads (includes thermal expansion, assumes one saddle slotted)**

$$\sigma_b = V * (H_s - x_o) * y / I + Q / A$$

$$= 35,356.03 * (679.8 - 310.12) * 135.25 / (1e4 * 3,193.94) + 77,710.44 / 12,306.23$$

$$= 61.662 \text{ MPa}$$

The secondary bending + axial stress in the saddle  $< 2 * S_y = 496.423 \text{ MPa}$ ; satisfactory.

**Saddle base plate thickness check (Roark sixth edition, Table 26, case 7a)**

where  $a = 648.4$ ,  $b = 238 \text{ mm}$

$$t_b = (\beta_1 * q * b^2 / (1.5 * S_a))^{0.5}$$

$$= (2.2719 * 0.61 * 238^2 / (1.5 * 165.474))^{0.5}$$

$$= 17.79 \text{ mm}$$

The base plate thickness of 19 mm is adequate.

**Foundation bearing check**

$$S_f = Q_{max} / (F * E)$$

$$= 104,617.73 / (250 * 685.8)$$

$$= 0.61 \text{ MPa}$$

Concrete bearing stress  $\leq 11.432 \text{ MPa}$  ; satisfactory.

### Baffle Summary Report

<b>Baffle Name</b>	<b>Distance from Front Tubesheet (mm)</b>	<b>Cut Direction</b>	<b>Cut Distance from Center (mm)</b>	<b>Baffle Weight (kg)<sup>1</sup></b>
Baffle #1	460	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #2	670	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #3	880	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #4	1,090	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #5	1,300	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #6	1,510	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #7	1,720	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #8	1,930	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #9	2,140	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #10	2,350	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #11	2,560	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #12	2,770	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #13	2,980	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #14	3,190	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #15	3,400	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #16	3,610	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #17	3,820	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #18	4,030	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #19	4,240	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #20	4,450	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #21	4,660	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #22	4,870	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #23	5,080	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #24	5,290	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #25	5,500	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #26	5,710	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #27	5,920	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #28	6,130	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #29	6,340	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #30	6,550	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #31	6,760	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #32	6,970	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #33	7,180	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #34	7,390	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #35	7,600	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #36	7,810	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #37	8,020	Downwards	100.38	12.1

Baffle #38	8,230	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #39	8,440	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #40	8,650	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #41	8,860	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #42	9,070	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #43	9,280	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #44	9,490	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #45	9,700	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #46	9,910	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #47	10,120	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #48	10,330	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #49	10,540	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #50	10,750	Upwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #51	10,960	Downwards	100.38	12.1
Baffle #52	11,170	Upwards	100.38	12.1

Baffle Material: SA-36  
 Baffle Type: Single Segmental  
 Baffle Orientation: Horizontal  
 Baffle Shell Clearance: 4.7 mm (4.8 mm TEMA (Max))  
 Baffle Thickness: 10 mm (4.8 mm TEMA)  
 Baffle Diameter: 695.3 mm  
 Baffle Count: 52  
 Maximum Tubesheet to Baffle Distance: 780 mm  
 Maximum Baffle to Baffle Distance: 420 mm  
 Distance between Tubesheet Shell Side Faces: 11,740 mm  
 Baffle Group Weight: 628.9 kg  
 Baffle Material Density (assumed): 7833.41 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Note: Baffle weight is approximated.

## Data Inputs Summary

<b>General Options</b>				
<b>Identifier</b>	Heat Exchanger			
<b>Codes</b>	ASME VIII-1, 2013 Edition Metric		TEMA Ninth Edition (2007)	
<b>Description</b>	Fixed tubesheets	Class R	One pass shell	<b>SIZE 28-472.4409 TYPE BEM</b>
Shell material: SA-516 70	Expansion joint not used		Tubesheets of differing thickness method not used	Perform ASME tube design check
Tube supports/baffle plates present	Maximum tubesheet to tube support distance: 780 mm		Maximum tube support separation: 420 mm	Baffles support all tubes: No

<b>Tube Options</b>				
Tube material: SA-179 Smls. Tube	Length between outer tubesheet faces: $L_t = 12,000$ mm			
<b>Tube dimensions, new, mm</b>	$d_o = 19.05$	$t_t = 2.77$ (2.42 min)	Inner corrosion: 0	Outer corrosion: 0
<b>Tube to tubesheet joint option</b>	Table A-2 Type f, Welded, $a < 1.4t$ , and expanded, enhanced with two or more grooves			

<b>Channel and Shell Options</b>						
<b>Shell dimensions new, mm</b>	Material: SA-516 70	$D_i = 700$	$t_s = 25$	Inner corrosion: 3	Outer corrosion: 0	MDMT: -29 °C
<b>Front channel dimensions, new, mm</b>	Type: bonnet	Ellipsoidal head		Inner corrosion: 3	Outer corrosion: 0	MDMT: -29 °C
	Cylinder	SA-516 70		$D_i = 700$	$t_c = 25$	L = 600
	Closure	SA-516 70		$D_i = 700$	$t_{min} = 24$	$L_{SF} = 50$
<b>Rear channel dimensions, new, mm</b>	Type: bonnet	Ellipsoidal head		Inner corrosion: 3	Outer corrosion: 0	MDMT: -29 °C
	Cylinder	SA-516 70		$D_i = 700$	$t_c = 25$	L = 600
	Closure	SA-516 70		$D_i = 700$	$t_{min} = 24$	$L_{SF} = 50$

<b>Tubesheet Options</b>								
<b>Tube Layout</b>	Shear does not govern			Tube hole count: 537	Tube pitch: 25.4 mm		Pattern: 90° (square)	
<b>Tubesheet dimensions, mm (front and rear)</b>	Material: SA-350 LF2 Cl 1	T = 130		OD = 970	Shell side corrosion = 3	Tube side corrosion = 3	MDMT = -29 °C	Tube sheet pass groove depth = 0
	Impact test is not performed	Normalized		Produced fine grain practice	PWHT not performed		Gasketed shell side	Gasketed tube side

## Design Conditions Summary

<b>Design Conditions</b>				
Description		Operating	Tube side hydrotest	Shell side hydrotest
<b>Tube Side</b>	Design Pressure (kPa)	7,700.01	10,304.84	0
	Operating Pressure (kPa)	7,700.01	N/A	N/A
	External Design Pressure (kPa)	0	N/A	N/A
	Tubesheet Static Pressure (kPa)	0	9.8	0
	Design temperature (°C)	85	25	25
<b>Shell Side</b>	Design Pressure (kPa)	7,700.01	0	10,350.09
	Operating Pressure (kPa)	7,700.01	N/A	N/A
	External Design Pressure (kPa)	0	N/A	N/A
	Tubesheet Static Pressure (kPa)	0	0	9.55
	Design temperature (°C)	85	25	25
<b>Tubes</b>	Design temperature (°C)	85	25	25
	Mean temperature (°C)	35.01	25	25
	$\alpha_T$ (mm/mm/°C)	1.17E-05	1.16E-05	1.16E-05
	$E_t$ (MPa)	201.47E+03	202E+03	202E+03
	$S_t$ (MPa)	92.4	161.1	161.1
	$S_y$ (MPa)	165	179	179
<b>Shell</b>	Mean temperature (°C)	-3.55	25	25
	$\alpha_s$ (mm/mm/°C)	1.15E-05	1.16E-05	1.16E-05
	$E_s$ (MPa)	204E+03	202E+03	202E+03
	$S_s$ (MPa)	138	235.8	235.8
<b>Tubesheet</b>	Design temperature (°C)	85	25	25
	Mean temperature (°C)	35.01	25	25
	E (MPa)	201.47E+03	202E+03	202E+03
	S (MPa)	138	223.2	223.2

## Materials and Gaskets Summary

<b>Materials And Gaskets</b>				
Part	Quantity	Size	Material	Gasket
Front ellipsoidal head	1	700.00 ID x 24 mm min thk	SA-516 70	-
Front channel cylinder	1	700.00 ID x 25 thk x 600.00 mm	SA-516 70	-
Tube Side Flange (front)	1	970.00 OD x 115 mm thk	SA-105	833.00 OD x 807.00 ID x 4.45 mm thk
Front tubesheet	1	970.00 OD x 130 mm thk	SA-350 LF2 Cl 1	
Shell Side Flange (front)	1	970.00 OD x 115 mm thk	SA-105	833.00 OD x 807.00 ID x 4.45 mm thk
Front Tubesheet flange bolts	32	1.5 in dia. stud x 450.00 mm long	SA-193 B7	-
Tubes	537	19.05 OD x 2.77 nom wall (2.42 min) x 12000.00 mm	SA-179 Smls. Tube	-
Shell cylinder	1	700.00 ID x 25 mm thk x 11390.71 mm	SA-516 70	-
Shell Side Flange (rear)	1	970.00 OD x 115 mm thk	SA-105	Flexitallic Spiral Wound CG 304 S.S. 833.00 OD x 807.00 ID x 4.45 mm thk
Rear tubesheet	1	970.00 OD x 130 mm thk	SA-350 LF2 Cl 1	
Tube Side Flange (rear)	1	970.00 OD x 115 mm thk	SA-105	Flexitallic Spiral Wound CG 304 S.S. 833.00 OD x 807.00 ID x 4.45 mm thk
Rear Tubesheet flange bolts	32	1.5 in dia. stud x 450.00 mm long	SA-193 B7	-
Rear channel cylinder	1	700.00 ID x 25 thk x 600.00 mm	SA-516 70	-
Rear ellipsoidal head	1	700.00 ID x 24 mm min thk	SA-516 70	-

<b>Nozzle Materials And Gaskets</b>				
Part	Quantity	Size	Material	Gasket
8" Two Nozzles (N1 A/B)	1	8 in 600# WN	A105	-
	1	NPS 8 Sch 80 (XS) DN 200	SA-106 B Smls. Pipe	
	1	219.08 ID x 75.00 wide x 25 mm thk pad	SA-516 70	
Bolts for 8" Two Nozzles (N1 A/B)	12	1.125 in dia. stud x 196.85 mm long	SA-193 B7	
6" Two Nozzles (N3 A/B)	1	6 in 600# WN	A105	-
	1	NPS 6 Sch 80 (XS) DN 150	SA-106 B Smls. Pipe	
	1	168.28 ID x 75.00 wide x 20 mm thk pad	SA-516 70	
Bolts for 6" Two Nozzles (N3 A/B)	12	1 in dia. stud x 171.45 mm long	SA-193 B7	
6" Two Nozzles (N4 A/B)	1	6 in 600# WN	A105	-
	1	NPS 6 Sch 80 (XS) DN 150	SA-106 B Smls. Pipe	
	1	168.28 ID x 75.00 wide x 20 mm thk pad	SA-516 70	
Bolts for 6" Two Nozzles (N4 A/B)	12	1 in dia. stud x 171.45 mm long	SA-193 B7	
8" Two Nozzles (N9)	1	8 in 600# WN	A105	-
	1	NPS 8 Sch 80 (XS) DN 200	SA-106 B Smls. Pipe	
	1	219.08 ID x 75.00 wide x 25 mm thk pad	SA-516 70	
Bolts for 8" Two Nozzles (N9)	12	1.125 in dia. stud x 196.85 mm long	SA-193 B7	

## Shell and Tubes

<b>TEMA A.22 Shell Longitudinal Stress, Corroded</b>			
(+) $S_s$ , max = 51.162 MPa, (-) $S_s$ , max = 0 MPa		The shell longitudinal stresses are not excessive.	
<b>Equations used</b>	$P_l = P_t - P_t'$		$P_t'$ is from <a href="#">A.154</a>
	$P_s^* = P_l$		
	$P_s^* = P_s'$		$P_s'$ is from <a href="#">A.153</a>
	$P_s^* = -P_d$		$P_d$ is from <a href="#">A.151</a>
	$P_s^* = P_l + P_s'$		
	$P_s^* = P_l - P_d$		
	$P_s^* = P_s' - P_d$		
	$P_s^* = P_l + P_s' - P_d$		$S_s = C_s \cdot (D_o - t_s) \cdot P_s^* / (4 \cdot t_s)$
<b>Operating</b>	$P_l = 7,700.01 - 5,635.08 = 2,064.93$		$S_s(+)$ = $1 \cdot (750 - 22) \cdot 6.18 / (4 \cdot 22) = 51.162$ MPa
	$P_s^* = 2,064.93$	$C_s = 1$	
$P_d = -5,247.73$	$P_s^* = 4,119.53$	$C_s = 1$	
$P_s' = 4,119.53$	$P_s^* = -5,247.73$	$C_s = 0.5$	
$P_t' = 5,635.08$	$P_s^* = 2,064.93 + 4,119.53 = 6,184.46$	$C_s = 1$	all stresses are tensile
	$P_s^* = 2,064.93 - 5,247.73 = 7,312.66$	$C_s = 0.5$	
	$P_s^* = 4,119.53 - 5,247.73 = 9,367.26$	$C_s = 0.5$	
	$P_s^* = 2,064.93 + 4,119.53 - 5,247.73 = 11,432.19$	$C_s = 0.5$	
			Allowable Stress (+/-)
			138 MPa

**TEMA A.23 Tube Longitudinal Stress - Periphery Of Bundle, Corroded**

(+) $S_{t, \max} = 26.092$ MPa, (-) $S_{t, \max} = -81.336$ MPa		<i>The tube longitudinal stress is excessive.</i>		
<b>Equations used</b>	$P_2 = P_t' - (f_t \cdot P_t / F_q)$	$P_t'$ and $f_t$ are from <a href="#">A.154</a>	$F_q$ is from <a href="#">A.151</a>	
	$P_3 = P_s' - (f_s \cdot P_s / F_q)$	$P_s'$ and $f_s$ are from <a href="#">A.153</a>		
	$P_t^* = P_2$			
	$P_t^* = -P_3$			
	$P_t^* = P_d$	$P_d$ is from <a href="#">A.151</a>		
	$P_t^* = P_2 - P_3$			
	$P_t^* = P_2 + P_d$			
	$P_t^* = -P_3 + P_d$			
	$P_t^* = P_2 - P_3 + P_d$	$S_t = C_t \cdot F_q \cdot P_t^* \cdot G^2 / (4 \cdot N \cdot t_t^* \cdot (d_o - t_t))$	Allowable Stress (+/-)	
<b>Operating</b>	$P_2 = 5,635.08 - (0.8543 \cdot 7,700.01 / 1.834) = 2,048.23$	$S_t(+)$ = $1 \cdot 1.834 \cdot 2.05 \cdot 820.25^2 / (4 \cdot 537 \cdot 2.77 \cdot (19.05 - 2.77)) = 26.092$ MPa	92.4 MPa	
	$P_3 = 4,119.53 - (0.7104 \cdot 7,700.01 / 1.834) = 1,137.13$			
	$P_t^* = 2,048.23$			$C_t = 1$
	$P_t^* = -1,137.13$			$C_t = 1$
	$P_s' = 4,119.53$	$P_t^* = -5,247.73$	$C_t = 1$	
	$P_t' = 5,635.08$	$P_t^* = 2,048.23 - 1,137.13 = 911.1$	$C_t = 1$	$S_t(-)$ = $1 \cdot 1.834 \cdot -6.38 \cdot 820.25^2 / (4 \cdot 537 \cdot 2.77 \cdot (19.05 - 2.77)) = -81.336$ MPa  <i>The stress is excessive</i>
	$P_s = 7,700.01$	$P_t^* = 2,048.23 + -5,247.73 = -3,199.5$	$C_t = 1$	
	$P_t = 7,700.01$	$P_t^* = -1,137.13 + -5,247.73 = -6,384.86$	$C_t = 1$	
	$P_t^* = -1,137.13 + -5,247.73 = -4,336.63$	$C_t = 1$		

**TEMA A.25 Tube To Tubesheet Joint Loads - Periphery Of Bundle, Corroded**

<b>Equations used</b>	$W_j = \pi \cdot F_q \cdot P_t^* \cdot G^2 / (4 \cdot N)$	$F_q$ is from <a href="#">A.151</a>
	$P_t^* = P_2$	$P_2$ and $P_3$ are from <a href="#">A.23</a>
	$P_t^* = -P_3$	
	$P_t^* = P_2 - P_3$	
	$L_{\max} = A_t \cdot S_a \cdot f_e \cdot f_r \cdot f_y$	$L_{\max}$ is the allowable load from ASME VIII-1, Appendix A-2 Joint Type f, welded, $a < 1.4t$ , and expanded, enhanced with two or more grooves
<b>Operating</b>	$W_j = \pi \cdot 1.834 \cdot 2.05 \cdot 820.25^2 / (4 \cdot 537) = 3,696.51$ N	
$W_j \leq L_{\max}$ indicates the joint strength is adequate for the Corroded condition.	$L_{\max} = 100 \cdot 1.4167 \cdot 92.4 \cdot 1 \cdot 0.75 \cdot 1 = 9,817.87$ N	$f_y = S_{yTS} / S_{yTube} = 33,358.6811 / 23,931.2277 = 1.3939, f_y = 1$

TEMA A.151 Equivalent Differential Expansion Pressure, Corroded, Actual Thickness	
Equations used	J = 1 for shells without expansion joints.
	$K = E_s \cdot t_s \cdot (D_o - t_s) / (E_t \cdot t_t \cdot N \cdot (d - t_t))$
	$\Delta L = L_t \cdot (\alpha_s \cdot (T_m - 70) - \alpha_t \cdot (t_m - 70))$ from T-4.5
	$F_q = 0.25 + (F - 0.6) \cdot ((300 \cdot t_s \cdot E_s / (K \cdot L \cdot E)) \cdot (G/T)^3)^{0.25}$
	$P_d = 4 \cdot J \cdot E_s \cdot t_s \cdot (\Delta L / L_t) / ((D_o - 3 \cdot t_s) \cdot (1 + J \cdot K \cdot F_q))$
Operating	$K = 203,998.499 \cdot 22 \cdot (750 - 22) / (201,466.137 \cdot 2.77 \cdot 537 \cdot (19.05 - 2.77)) = 0.6697$
	$\Delta L = 12,000 \cdot (6.3889E-06 \cdot (25.61 - 70) - 6.4723E-06 \cdot (95.018 - 70)) = -5.35$
	$F_q = 0.25 + (1 - 0.6) \cdot ((300 \cdot 22 \cdot 203,998.499 / (0.6697 \cdot 11,746 \cdot 201,466.137)) \cdot (820.25 / 124)^3)^{0.25} = 1.834$
	$P_d = 1000 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 203,998.5 \cdot 22 \cdot (-5.35 / 12,000) / ((750 - 3 \cdot 22) \cdot (1 + 1 \cdot 0.6697 \cdot 1.834)) = -5,247.73 \text{ kPa}$

TEMA A.153 Effective Shell Side Design Pressure For Bending, Corroded, Actual Thickness		
Equations used	$f_s = 1 - N \cdot (d_o / G)^2 = 1 - 537 \cdot (19.05 / 820.25)^2 = 0.7104$	
	$P_s' = P_s \cdot (0.4 \cdot J \cdot (1.5 + K \cdot (1.5 + f_s)) - ((1 - J) / 2) \cdot (D_j^2 / G^2 - 1)) / (1 + J \cdot K \cdot F_q)$ J, K, F <sub>q</sub> are from <a href="#">A.151</a>	
	P = greatest absolute value of P <sub>1</sub> through P <sub>6</sub>	$P_1 = (P_s' - P_d) / 2$ P <sub>d</sub> is from <a href="#">A.151</a>
		$P_2 = P_s'$
		$P_3 = P_{Bs}$ P <sub>Bs</sub> = 0 (bolt moment not present)
		$P_4 = (P_s' - P_d - P_{Bs}) / 2$
		$P_5 = (P_{Bs} + P_d) / 2$
$P_6 = P_s' - P_{Bs}$		
Operating	$P_s' = 7,700.01 \cdot (0.4 \cdot 1 \cdot (1.5 + 0.6697 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7104)) - ((1 - 1) / 2) \cdot (820.25^2 / 820.25^2 - 1)) / (1 + 1 \cdot 0.6697 \cdot 1.834) = 4,119.53 \text{ kPa}$	
	P = 4,683.63 kPa  P <sub>Bs</sub> = 0  P <sub>d</sub> = -5,247.73	$P_1 = (4,119.53 - -5,247.73) / 2 = 4,683.63 \text{ kPa}$
		$P_2 = 4,119.53 \text{ kPa}$
		$P_3 = 0 \text{ kPa}$
		$P_4 = (4,119.53 - -5,247.73 - 0) / 2 = 4,683.63 \text{ kPa}$
		$P_5 = (0 + -5,247.73) / 2 = -2,623.87 \text{ kPa}$
		$P_6 = 4,119.53 - 0 = 4,119.53 \text{ kPa}$

TEMA A.154 Effective Tube Side Design Pressure For Bending, Corroded, Actual Thickness				
Equations used	$f_t = 1 - N*((d_o - 2*t_t)/G)^2 = 1 - 537*((19.05 - 2*2.77)/820.25)^2 = 0.8543$			
	$P_t' = P_t*((1 + 0.4*J*K*(1.5 + f_t))/(1 + J*K*F_q))$		J, K, F <sub>q</sub> are from <a href="#">A.151</a>	
	P = greatest absolute value of	when P <sub>s</sub> ' is positive	$P_1 = (P_t' + P_{Bt} + P_d)/2$	P <sub>d</sub> is from <a href="#">A.151</a>
			$P_2 = P_t' + P_{Bt}$	P <sub>Bt</sub> = 0 (bolt moment not present)
	when P <sub>s</sub> ' is negative	$P_1 = (P_t' - P_{s'} + P_{Bt} + P_d)/2$	P <sub>s</sub> ' is from <a href="#">A.153</a>	
		$P_2 = P_t' - P_{s'} + P_{Bt}$		
Operating	$P_t' = 7,700.01*((1 + 0.4*1*0.6697*(1.5 + 0.8543))/(1 + 1*0.6697*1.834)) = 5,635.08 \text{ kPa}$			
	P = <b>5,635.08 kPa</b>		$P_1 = (5,635.08 + 0 + -5,247.73)/2 = 193.68 \text{ kPa}$	
	P <sub>s</sub> ' = 4,119.53 P <sub>d</sub> = -5,247.73 P <sub>Bt</sub> = 0		$P_2 = 5,635.08 + 0 = 5,635.08 \text{ kPa}$	

TEMA A.24 Allowable Tube Compressive Stress - Periphery Of Bundle, Corroded		
Equations used	$r = 0.25*(d_o^2 + (d_o - 2*t_t)^2)^{0.5} = 0.25*(19.05^2 + (19.05 - 2*2.77)^2)^{0.5} = 5.84$	
	$F_s = 3.25 - 0.5*F_q$ , where $1.25 \leq F_s \leq 2$	F <sub>q</sub> is from <a href="#">A.151</a>
	$C_c = (2*\pi^2*E_t/S_y)^{0.5}$	$k^*/r = 0.8*780/5.84 = 106.8755$
	$S_c = (S_y/F_s)*(1 - (k^*/r)/(2*C_c))$	when $C_c > k^*/r$
	$S_c = \pi^2*E_t/(F_s*(k^*/r)^2)$	when $C_c \leq k^*/r$
Operating	$F_s = 3.25 - 0.5*1.834 = 2.333$	F <sub>s</sub> = 2
	$C_c = (2*\pi^2*201,466.137/165)^{0.5} = 155.2473$	
	$S_c = (165/2)*(1 - (0.8*780/5.84)/(2*155.2473)) = 54.103 \text{ MPa}$	C <sub>c</sub> > 106.8755

### TEMA A.22 Shell Longitudinal Stress, New

(+) $S_{s, \max} = 45.284$ MPa, (-) $S_{s, \max} = 0$ MPa		The shell longitudinal stresses are not excessive.		
<b>Equations used</b>	$P_l = P_t - P_t'$	$P_t'$ is from <a href="#">A.154</a>		
	$P_s^* = P_l$			
	$P_s^* = P_s'$	$P_s'$ is from <a href="#">A.153</a>		
	$P_s^* = -P_d$	$P_d$ is from <a href="#">A.151</a>		
	$P_s^* = P_l + P_s'$			
	$P_s^* = P_l - P_d$			
	$P_s^* = P_s' - P_d$			
	$P_s^* = P_l + P_s' - P_d$	$S_s = C_s \cdot (D_o - t_s) \cdot P_s^* / (4 \cdot t_s)$	Allowable Stress (+/-)	
<b>Operating</b>	$P_l = 7,700.01 - 5,616.37 = 2,083.64$		$S_{s(+)} = 1 \cdot (750 - 25) \cdot 6.25 / (4 \cdot 25) = 45.284$ MPa  138 MPa	
	$P_s^* = 2,083.64$	$C_s = 1$		
	$P_d = -5,730.91$	$P_s^* = 4,162.41$		$C_s = 1$
	$P_s' = 4,162.41$	$P_s^* = -5,730.91$		$C_s = 0.5$
	$P_t' = 5,616.37$	$P_s^* = 2,083.64 + 4,162.41 = 6,246.05$		$C_s = 1$
		$P_s^* = 2,083.64 - 5,730.91 = 7,814.56$		$C_s = 0.5$
		$P_s^* = 4,162.41 - 5,730.91 = 9,893.32$		$C_s = 0.5$
		$P_s^* = 2,083.64 + 4,162.41 - 5,730.91 = 11,976.96$		$C_s = 0.5$
<b>Tube side hydrotest</b>	$P_l = 10,314.63 - 7,538.32 = 2,776.31$		$S_{s(+)} = 1 \cdot (750 - 25) \cdot 2.78 / (4 \cdot 25) = 20.128$ MPa  235.8 MPa	
	$P_s^* = 2,776.31$	$C_s = 1$		
	$P_d = 0$	$P_s^* = 0$		$C_s = 1$
	$P_s' = 0$	$P_s^* = -0$		$C_s = 1$
	$P_t' = 7,538.32$	$P_s^* = 2,776.31 + 0 = 2,776.31$		$C_s = 1$
		$P_s^* = 2,776.31 - 0 = 2,776.31$		$C_s = 0.5$
		$P_s^* = 0 - 0 = 0$		$C_s = 1$
		$P_s^* = 2,776.31 + 0 - 0 = 2,776.31$		$C_s = 0.5$
<b>Shell side hydrotest</b>	$P_l = 0 - 0 = 0$		$S_{s(+)} = 1 \cdot (750 - 25) \cdot 5.6 / (4 \cdot 25) = 40.625$ MPa  235.8 MPa	
	$P_s^* = 0$	$C_s = 1$		
	$P_d = 0$	$P_s^* = 5,603.41$		$C_s = 1$
	$P_s' = 5,603.41$	$P_s^* = -0$		$C_s = 1$
	$P_t' = 0$	$P_s^* = 0 + 5,603.41 = 5,603.41$		$C_s = 1$
		$P_s^* = 0 - 0 = 0$		$C_s = 1$
		$P_s^* = 5,603.41 - 0 = 5,603.41$		$C_s = 0.5$
		$P_s^* = 0 + 5,603.41 - 0 = 5,603.41$		$C_s = 0.5$

**TEMA A.23 Tube Longitudinal Stress - Periphery Of Bundle, New**

(+) $S_{t, \max} = 32.027$ MPa, (-) $S_{t, \max} = -84.369$ MPa		<i>The tube longitudinal stress is excessive.</i>			
<b>Equations used</b>	$P_2 = P_t' - (f_t' P_t' / F_q)$	$P_t'$ and $f_t'$ are from <a href="#">A.154</a>	$F_q$ is from <a href="#">A.151</a>		
	$P_3 = P_s' - (f_s' P_s' / F_q)$	$P_s'$ and $f_s'$ are from <a href="#">A.153</a>			
	$P_t^* = P_2$				
	$P_t^* = -P_3$				
	$P_t^* = P_d$	$P_d$ is from <a href="#">A.151</a>			
	$P_t^* = P_2 - P_3$				
	$P_t^* = P_2 + P_d$				
	$P_t^* = -P_3 + P_d$				
	$P_t^* = P_2 - P_3 + P_d$	$S_t = C_t F_q P_t^* G^2 / (4 N t_i^* (d_o - t_i))$	Allowable Stress (+/-)		
<b>Operating</b>	$P_2 = 5,616.37 - (0.8543 * 7,700.01 / 1.7806) = 1,922$	$S_{t(+)} = 1 * 1.7806 * 1.92 * 820.25^2 / (4 * 537 * 2.77 * (19.05 - 2.77)) = 23.771$ MPa		92.4 MPa	
	$P_3 = 4,162.41 - (0.7104 * 7,700.01 / 1.7806) = 1,090.61$				
	$P_t^* = 1,922$ $C_t = 1$				
	$F_q = 12.28$	$P_t^* = -1,090.61$ $C_t = 1$	$S_{t(-)} = 1 * 1.7806 * -6.82 * 820.25^2 / (4 * 537 * 2.77 * (19.05 - 2.77)) = -84.369$ MPa		54.103 MPa <a href="#">A.24</a>
	$P_d = -5,730.91$	$P_t^* = -5,730.91$ $C_t = 1$			
	$P_s' = 4,162.41$	$P_t^* = 1,922 - 1,090.61 = 831.39$ $C_t = 1$			
	$P_t' = 5,616.37$	$P_t^* = 1,922 + -5,730.91 = -3,808.92$ $C_t = 1$	<i>The stress is excessive</i>		
	$P_s = 7,700.01$	$P_t^* = -1,090.61 + -5,730.91 = -6,821.52$ $C_t = 1$			
	$P_t = 7,700.01$	$P_t^* = -1,090.61 + -5,730.91 = -4,899.52$ $C_t = 1$			
<b>Tube side hydrotest</b>	$P_2 = 7,538.32 - (0.8543 * 10,314.63 / 1.7806) = 2,589.49$	$S_{t(+)} = 1 * 1.7806 * 2.59 * 820.25^2 / (4 * 537 * 2.77 * (19.05 - 2.77)) = 32.027$ MPa		161.1 MPa	
	$P_3 = 0 - (0.7104 * 0 / 1.7806) = 0$				
	$P_t^* = 2,589.49$ $C_t = 1$				
	$F_q = 12.28$	$P_t^* = -0$ $C_t = 1$	all stresses are tensile		
	$P_d = 0$	$P_t^* = 0$ $C_t = 1$			
	$P_s' = 0$	$P_t^* = 2,589.49 - 0 = 2,589.49$ $C_t = 1$			
	$P_t' = 7,538.32$	$P_t^* = 2,589.49 + 0 = 2,589.49$ $C_t = 0.5$	all stresses are compressive		
	$P_s = 0$	$P_t^* = -0 + 0 = 0$ $C_t = 1$			
	$P_t = 10,314.63$	$P_t^* = -0 + 0 = 2,589.49$ $C_t = 0.5$			
<b>Shell side hydrotest</b>	$P_2 = 0 - (0.8543 * 0 / 1.7806) = 0$	$S_{t(-)} = 1 * 1.7806 * -1.47 * 820.25^2 / (4 * 537 * 2.77 * (19.05 - 2.77)) = -18.188$ MPa		57.455 MPa <a href="#">A.24</a>	
	$P_3 = 5,603.41 - (0.7104 * 10,359.65 / 1.7806) = 1,470.58$				
	$P_t^* = 0$ $C_t = 1$				
	$F_q = 12.28$	$P_t^* = -1,470.58$ $C_t = 1$	all stresses are compressive		
	$P_d = 0$	$P_t^* = 0$ $C_t = 1$			
	$P_s' = 5,603.41$	$P_t^* = 0 - 1,470.58 = -1,470.58$ $C_t = 1$			
	$P_t' = 0$	$P_t^* = 0 + 0 = 0$ $C_t = 1$	all stresses are compressive		
	$P_s = 10,359.65$	$P_t^* = -1,470.58 + 0 = -1,470.58$ $C_t = 1$			
	$P_t = 0$	$P_t^* = -1,470.58 + 0 = -1,470.58$ $C_t = 1$			

**TEMA A.25 Tube To Tubesheet Joint Loads - Periphery Of Bundle, New**

<b>Equations used</b>	$W_j = \pi * F_q * P_t^* * G^2 / (4 * N)$	$F_q$ is from <a href="#">A.151</a>
	$P_t^* = P_2$	$P_2$ and $P_3$ are from <a href="#">A.23</a>
	$P_t^* = -P_3$	
	$P_t^* = P_2 - P_3$	
	$L_{max} = A_t * S_a * f_e * f_r * f_y$	$L_{max}$ is the allowable load from ASME VIII-1, Appendix A-2 Joint Type f, welded, a < 1.4t, and expanded, enhanced with two or more grooves
<b>Operating</b>	$W_j = \pi * 1.7806 * 1.92 * 820.25^2 / (4 * 537) = 3,367.74 \text{ N}$	
$W_j \leq L_{max}$ indicates the joint strength is adequate for the New condition.	$L_{max} = 100 * 1.4167 * 92.4 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 = 9,817.87 \text{ N}$	$f_y = S_{yTS} / S_{yTube} = 33,358.6811 / 23,931.2277 = 1.3939, f_y = 1$
<b>Tube side hydrotest</b>	$W_j = \pi * 1.7806 * 2.59 * 820.25^2 / (4 * 537) = 4,537.32 \text{ N}$	
$W_j \leq L_{max}$ indicates the joint strength is adequate for the New condition.	$L_{max} = 100 * 1.4167 * 161.1 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 = 17,117.52 \text{ N}$	$f_y = S_{yTS} / S_{yTube} = 35,969.3605 / 25,961.7562 = 1.3855, f_y = 1$
<b>Shell side hydrotest</b>	$W_j = \pi * 1.7806 * 1.47 * 820.25^2 / (4 * 537) = 2,576.77 \text{ N}$	
$W_j \leq L_{max}$ indicates the joint strength is adequate for the New condition.	$L_{max} = 100 * 1.4167 * 161.1 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 = 17,117.52 \text{ N}$	$f_y = S_{yTS} / S_{yTube} = 35,969.3605 / 25,961.7562 = 1.3855, f_y = 1$

**TEMA A.151 Equivalent Differential Expansion Pressure, New, Actual Thickness**

<b>Equations used</b>	J = 1 for shells without expansion joints.	
	$K = E_s * t_s * (D_o - t_s) / (E_t * t_t * N * (d - t_t))$	
	$\Delta L = L_t * (\alpha_s * (T_m - 70) - \alpha_T * (t_m - 70))$	from T-4.5
	$F_q = 0.25 + (F - 0.6) * ((300 * t_s * E_s / (K * L * E)) * (G / T)^3)^{0.25}$	
	$P_d = 4 * J * E_s * t_s * (\Delta L / L_t) / ((D_o - 3 * t_s) * (1 + J * K * F_q))$	
<b>Operating</b>	$K = 203,998.499 * 25 * (750 - 25) / (201,466.137 * 2.77 * 537 * (19.05 - 2.77)) = 0.7579$	
	$\Delta L = 12,000 * (6.3889E-06 * (25.61 - 70) - 6.4723E-06 * (95.018 - 70)) = -5.35$	
	$F_q = 0.25 + (1 - 0.6) * ((300 * 25 * 203,998.499 / (0.7579 * 11,740 * 201,466.137)) * (820.25 / 130)^3)^{0.25} = \mathbf{1.7806}$	
	$P_d = 1000 * 4 * 1 * 203,998.5 * 25 * (-5.35 / 12,000) / ((750 - 3 * 25) * (1 + 1 * 0.7579 * 1.7806)) = \mathbf{-5,730.91 \text{ kPa}}$	
<b>Tube side hydrotest</b>	$K = 201,999.998 * 25 * (750 - 25) / (201,999.998 * 2.77 * 537 * (19.05 - 2.77)) = 0.7485$	
	$\Delta L = 12,000 * (6.4167E-06 * (77 - 70) - 6.4167E-06 * (77 - 70)) = 0$	
	$F_q = 0.25 + (1 - 0.6) * ((300 * 25 * 201,999.998 / (0.7485 * 11,740 * 201,999.998)) * (820.25 / 130)^3)^{0.25} = \mathbf{1.7806}$	
	$P_d = 1000 * 4 * 1 * 202,000 * 25 * (0 / 12,000) / ((750 - 3 * 25) * (1 + 1 * 0.7485 * 1.7806)) = \mathbf{0 \text{ kPa}}$	
<b>Shell side hydrotest</b>	$K = 201,999.998 * 25 * (750 - 25) / (201,999.998 * 2.77 * 537 * (19.05 - 2.77)) = 0.7485$	
	$\Delta L = 12,000 * (6.4167E-06 * (77 - 70) - 6.4167E-06 * (77 - 70)) = 0$	
	$F_q = 0.25 + (1 - 0.6) * ((300 * 25 * 201,999.998 / (0.7485 * 11,740 * 201,999.998)) * (820.25 / 130)^3)^{0.25} = \mathbf{1.7806}$	
	$P_d = 1000 * 4 * 1 * 202,000 * 25 * (0 / 12,000) / ((750 - 3 * 25) * (1 + 1 * 0.7485 * 1.7806)) = \mathbf{0 \text{ kPa}}$	

<b>TEMA A.152 Equivalent Bolting Pressure, New</b>	
<b>Equations used</b>	$P_{Bt} = 6.2 \cdot M_1 / (F^2 \cdot G^3)$
	$P_{Bs} = 6.2 \cdot M_2 / (F^2 \cdot G^3)$
<b>Tube side hydrotest</b>	$P_{Bt} = 6.2 \cdot 1e6 \cdot 418,002.5 / (1^2 \cdot 820.25^3) = 4,695.97 \text{ kPa}$
	$P_{Bs} = 6.2 \cdot 1e6 \cdot 231,868.2 / (1^2 \cdot 820.25^3) = 2,604.88 \text{ kPa}$
<b>Shell side hydrotest</b>	$P_{Bt} = 6.2 \cdot 1e6 \cdot 419,826.7 / (1^2 \cdot 820.25^3) = 4,716.46 \text{ kPa}$
	$P_{Bs} = 6.2 \cdot 1e6 \cdot 232,880.1 / (1^2 \cdot 820.25^3) = 2,616.25 \text{ kPa}$

**TEMA A.153 Effective Shell Side Design Pressure For Bending, New, Actual Thickness**

<b>Equations used</b>	$f_s = 1 - N \cdot (d_o/G)^2 = 1 - 537 \cdot (19.05/820.25)^2 = 0.7104$		
	$P_s' = P_s \cdot (0.4 \cdot J \cdot (1.5 + K \cdot (1.5 + f_s)) - ((1 - J)/2) \cdot (D_j^2/G^2 - 1)) / (1 + J \cdot K \cdot F_q)$	J, K, F <sub>q</sub> are from <a href="#">A.151</a>	
	P = greatest absolute value of P <sub>1</sub> through P <sub>6</sub>	$P_1 = (P_s' - P_d)/2$	P <sub>d</sub> is from <a href="#">A.151</a>
		$P_2 = P_s'$	
		$P_3 = P_{Bs}$	P <sub>Bs</sub> is from <a href="#">A.152</a>
		$P_4 = (P_s' - P_d - P_{Bs})/2$	
$P_5 = (P_{Bs} + P_d)/2$			
$P_6 = P_s' - P_{Bs}$			
<b>Operating</b>	$P_s' = 7,700.01 \cdot (0.4 \cdot 1 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7579 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7104)) - ((1 - 1)/2) \cdot (820.25^2/820.25^2 - 1)) / (1 + 1 \cdot 0.7579 \cdot 1.7806) = 4,162.41 \text{ kPa}$		
	P = <b>4,946.66 kPa</b>  P <sub>Bs</sub> = 0  P <sub>d</sub> = -5,730.91	$P_1 = (4,162.41 - -5,730.91)/2 = 4,946.66 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_2 = 4,162.41 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_3 = 0 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_4 = (4,162.41 - -5,730.91 - 0)/2 = 4,946.66 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_5 = (0 + -5,730.91)/2 = -2,865.46 \text{ kPa}$	
$P_6 = 4,162.41 - 0 = 4,162.41 \text{ kPa}$			
<b>Tube side hydrotest</b>	$P_s' = 0 \cdot (0.4 \cdot 1 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7485 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7104)) - ((1 - 1)/2) \cdot (820.25^2/820.25^2 - 1)) / (1 + 1 \cdot 0.7485 \cdot 1.7806) = 0 \text{ kPa}$		
	P = <b>2,604.88 kPa</b>  P <sub>Bs</sub> = 2,604.88  P <sub>d</sub> = 0	$P_1 = (0 - 0)/2 = 0 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_2 = 0 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_3 = 2,604.88 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_4 = (0 - 0 - 2,604.88)/2 = -1,302.44 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_5 = (2,604.88 + 0)/2 = 1,302.44 \text{ kPa}$	
$P_6 = 0 - 2,604.88 = -2,604.88 \text{ kPa}$			
<b>Shell side hydrotest</b>	$P_s' = 10,359.65 \cdot (0.4 \cdot 1 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7485 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7104)) - ((1 - 1)/2) \cdot (820.25^2/820.25^2 - 1)) / (1 + 1 \cdot 0.7485 \cdot 1.7806) = 5,603.41 \text{ kPa}$		
	P = <b>5,603.41 kPa</b>  P <sub>Bs</sub> = 2,616.25  P <sub>d</sub> = 0	$P_1 = (5,603.41 - 0)/2 = 2,801.7 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_2 = 5,603.41 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_3 = 2,616.25 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_4 = (5,603.41 - 0 - 2,616.25)/2 = 1,493.58 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_5 = (2,616.25 + 0)/2 = 1,308.12 \text{ kPa}$	
$P_6 = 5,603.41 - 2,616.25 = 2,987.16 \text{ kPa}$			

<b>TEMA A.154 Effective Tube Side Design Pressure For Bending, New, Actual Thickness</b>				
<b>Equations used</b>	$f_t = 1 - N * ((d_o - 2 * t) / G)^2 = 1 - 537 * ((19.05 - 2 * 2.77) / 820.25)^2 = 0.8543$			
	$P_t' = P_t * ((1 + 0.4 * J * K * (1.5 + f_t)) / (1 + J * K * F_q))$		J, K, F <sub>q</sub> are from <a href="#">A.151</a>	
	P = greatest absolute value of	when P <sub>s</sub> ' is positive	$P_1 = (P_t' + P_{Bt} + P_d) / 2$	P <sub>d</sub> is from <a href="#">A.151</a>
			$P_2 = P_t' + P_{Bt}$	P <sub>Bt</sub> is from <a href="#">A.152</a>
	when P <sub>s</sub> ' is negative	$P_1 = (P_t' - P_{s'} + P_{Bt} + P_d) / 2$	P <sub>s</sub> ' is from <a href="#">A.153</a>	
		$P_2 = P_t' - P_{s'} + P_{Bt}$		
<b>Operating</b>	$P_t' = 7,700.01 * ((1 + 0.4 * 1 * 0.7579 * (1.5 + 0.8543)) / (1 + 1 * 0.7579 * 1.7806)) = 5,616.37 \text{ kPa}$			
	P = <b>5,616.37 kPa</b> P <sub>s</sub> ' = 4,162.41 P <sub>d</sub> = -5,730.91 P <sub>Bt</sub> = 0	$P_1 = (5,616.37 + 0 + -5,730.91) / 2 = -57.27 \text{ kPa}$ $P_2 = 5,616.37 + 0 = 5,616.37 \text{ kPa}$		
<b>Tube side hydrotest</b>	$P_t' = 10,314.63 * ((1 + 0.4 * 1 * 0.7485 * (1.5 + 0.8543)) / (1 + 1 * 0.7485 * 1.7806)) = 7,538.32 \text{ kPa}$			
	P = <b>12,234.29 kPa</b> P <sub>s</sub> ' = 0 P <sub>d</sub> = 0 P <sub>Bt</sub> = 4,695.97	$P_1 = (7,538.32 + 4,695.97 + 0) / 2 = 6,117.15 \text{ kPa}$ $P_2 = 7,538.32 + 4,695.97 = 12,234.29 \text{ kPa}$		
<b>Shell side hydrotest</b>	$P_t' = 0 * ((1 + 0.4 * 1 * 0.7485 * (1.5 + 0.8543)) / (1 + 1 * 0.7485 * 1.7806)) = 0 \text{ kPa}$			
	P = <b>4,716.46 kPa</b> P <sub>s</sub> ' = 5,603.41 P <sub>d</sub> = 0 P <sub>Bt</sub> = 4,716.46	$P_1 = (0 + 4,716.46 + 0) / 2 = 2,358.23 \text{ kPa}$ $P_2 = 0 + 4,716.46 = 4,716.46 \text{ kPa}$		

<b>TEMA A.24 Allowable Tube Compressive Stress - Periphery Of Bundle, New</b>		
<b>Equations used</b>	$r = 0.25 * (d_o^2 + (d_o - 2 * t)^2)^{0.5} = 0.25 * (19.05^2 + (19.05 - 2 * 2.77)^2)^{0.5} = 5.84$	
	$F_s = 3.25 - 0.5 * F_q$ , where $1.25 \leq F_s \leq 2$	F <sub>q</sub> is from <a href="#">A.151</a>
	$C_c = (2 * \pi^2 * E_t / S_y)^{0.5}$	$k^1 / r = 0.8 * 780 / 5.84 = 106.8755$
	$S_c = (S_y / F_s) * (1 - (k^1 / r) / (2 * C_c))$	when $C_c > k^1 / r$
	$S_c = \pi^2 * E_t / (F_s * (k^1 / r)^2)$	when $C_c \leq k^1 / r$
<b>Operating</b>	$F_s = 3.25 - 0.5 * 1.7806 = 2.3597$	F <sub>s</sub> = 2
	$C_c = (2 * \pi^2 * 201,466.137 / 165)^{0.5} = 155.2473$	
	$S_c = (165 / 2) * (1 - (0.8 * 780 / 5.84) / (2 * 155.2473)) = 54.103 \text{ MPa}$	C <sub>c</sub> > 106.8755
<b>Tube side hydrotest</b>	$F_s = 3.25 - 0.5 * 1.7806 = 2.3597$	F <sub>s</sub> = 2
	$C_c = (2 * \pi^2 * 201,999.998 / 179)^{0.5} = 149.2499$	
	$S_c = (179 / 2) * (1 - (0.8 * 780 / 5.84) / (2 * 149.2499)) = 57.455 \text{ MPa}$	C <sub>c</sub> > 106.8755
<b>Shell side hydrotest</b>	$F_s = 3.25 - 0.5 * 1.7806 = 2.3597$	F <sub>s</sub> = 2
	$C_c = (2 * \pi^2 * 201,999.998 / 179)^{0.5} = 149.2499$	
	$S_c = (179 / 2) * (1 - (0.8 * 780 / 5.84) / (2 * 149.2499)) = 57.455 \text{ MPa}$	C <sub>c</sub> > 106.8755

## Tubes

### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

Component: Tubes  
Material specification: SA-179 Smls. Tube (II-D Metric p. 6, ln. 11)  
Material is impact test exempt per UCS-66(d) (NPS 4 or smaller pipe)

Internal design pressure:  $P = 7,700.01 \text{ kPa @ } 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
External design pressure:  $P_e = 7,700.01 \text{ kPa @ } 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### Static liquid head:

$$P_{th} = 9.75 \text{ kPa}_{\text{head}} \quad (\text{SG} = 1, H_s = 994.78 \text{ mm, Horizontal test})$$

Corrosion allowance      Inner C = 0 mm      Outer C = 0 mm

Design MDMT =  $-29 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       No impact test performed  
Rated MDMT =  $-105 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$       Material is not normalized  
Material is not produced to Fine Grain Practice  
PWHT is not performed

Estimated weight New = 13.3 kg      corr = 13.3 kg  
Capacity      New = 1.72 liters      corr = 1.72 liters

OD = 19.05 mm  
Length = 12,000 mm  
 $L_c$   
t = 2.77 mm

#### Design thickness, (at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) Appendix 1-1

$$\begin{aligned} t &= P R_o / (S E + 0.40 P) + \text{Corrosion} \\ &= 7,700.01 * 9.52 / (92,400 * 1.00 + 0.40 * 7,700.01) + 0 \\ &= 0.77 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

#### Maximum allowable working pressure, (at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) Appendix 1-1

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S E t / (R_o - 0.40 t) - P_s \\ &= 92,400 * 1.00 * (2.77 * 0.875) / (9.52 - 0.40 * (2.77 * 0.875)) - 0 \\ &= 26,176.67 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

#### Maximum allowable pressure, (at $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) Appendix 1-1

$$\begin{aligned} P &= S E t / (R_o - 0.40 t) \\ &= 92,400 * 1.00 * (2.77 * 0.875) / (9.52 - 0.40 * (2.77 * 0.875)) \\ &= 26,176.67 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

#### External Pressure, (Corroded & at $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) UG-28(c)

$L / D_o = 12,000 / 19.05 = 50.0000$   
 $D_o / t = 19.05 / 1.22 = 15.6201$   
From table G:      A = 0.004633  
From table CS-1      B = 90.2068 MPa  
Metric:

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_a &= 4*B / (3*(D_o / t)) \\
 &= 4*90,206.79 / (3*(19.05 / 1.22)) \\
 &= 7,700.06 \text{ kPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

**Design thickness for external pressure  $P_a = 7,700.06 \text{ kPa}$**

$$t_a = t + \text{Corrosion} = 1.22 + 0 = 1.22 \text{ mm}$$

**Maximum Allowable External Pressure, (Corroded & at 85 °C) UG-28(c)**

$$L / D_o = 12,000 / 19.05 = 50.0000$$

$$D_o / t = 19.05 / (2.77*0.875) = 7.8597$$

$$\text{From table G: } A = 0.018368$$

$$\text{From table CS-1 } B = 95.1 \text{ MPa}$$

Metric:

$$S_1 = 2*S_e = 2*92.4 = 184.8 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S_2 = 0.90*S_y = 0.90*190.2 = 171.18 \text{ MPa}$$

$$S = \min(S_1, S_2) = \min(184.8, 171.18) = 171.18 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_{a1} &= [2.167 / (D_o / t) - 0.08333]*B \\
 &= [2.167 / 7.8597 - 0.08333]*13793.0892 \\
 &= 18,298.14 \text{ kPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_{a2} &= (2*S / (D_o / t))*[1 - 1/(D_o / t)] \\
 &= (2*171.18 / 7.8597)*[1 - 1/7.8597] \\
 &= 38,016.77 \text{ kPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Maximum Allowable External Pressure} = \min(P_{a1}, P_{a2}) = 18,298.14 \text{ kPa}$$

## Tubesheet -- ASME

### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2013 Edition Metric

#### Tubesheet

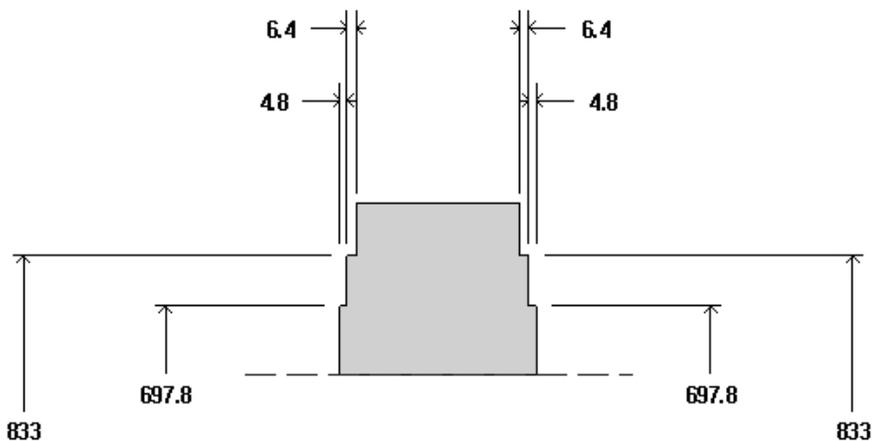
Type of heat exchanger:	Fixed Both Ends
Type of construction:	Fixed\Stationary tubesheet per Fig. UHX-13.1 Configuration d: both sides gasketed
Simply supported:	No
Tubesheet material specification:	SA-350 LF2 Cl 1 (II-D Metric p. 18, In. 37)
Tube layout:	Square
Tubesheet outer diameter, $A$ :	970 mm
Tubesheet thickness, $h$ :	130 mm ( $t_{design} = 116.55$ mm)
Number of tubes, $N_t$ :	537
Tube pitch, $p$ :	25.4 mm
Radius to outer tube center, $r_o$ :	335.25 mm
Total area of untubed lanes, $A_L$ :	0 m <sup>2</sup>
Pass partition groove depth, $h_g$ :	0 mm
Corrosion allowance shell side, $c_s$ :	3 mm
Corrosion allowance tube side, $c_t$ :	3 mm
Tubesheet poisson's ratio, $\nu$ :	0.3
Perimeter of the tube layout, $C_p$ :	2,139.27 mm
Total area enclosed by $C_p$ , $A_p$ :	0.3642 m <sup>2</sup>
Consider radial thermal expansion per UHX-13.8:	No

#### Stepped Tubesheet

Step 1 diameter shell side	833 mm
Step 1 depth shell side	6.4 mm
Step 2 diameter shell side	697.8 mm
Step 2 depth shell side	4.8 mm
Step 1 diameter tube side	833 mm
Step 1 depth tube side	6.4 mm
Step 2 diameter tube side	697.8 mm
Step 2 depth tube side	4.8 mm

Tube Side

Shell Side



#### Shell

Shell material specification:	SA-516 70 (II-D Metric p. 22, In. 6)
Shell inner diameter, $D_s$ :	700 mm
Shell thickness, $t_s$ :	25 mm
Shell inner corrosion allowance:	3 mm

Shell outer corrosion allowance: 0 mm  
 Shell poisson's ratio,  $\nu_s$ : 0.31  
 Circumferential weld joint efficiency,  $E_{s,w}$ : 1

**Channel**

Channel material specification: SA-516 70 (II-D Metric p. 22, In. 6)  
 Channel inner diameter,  $D_c$ : 700 mm  
 Channel thickness,  $t_c$ : 25 mm  
 Channel inner corrosion allowance: 3 mm  
 Channel outer corrosion allowance: 0 mm  
 Channel poisson's ratio,  $\nu_c$ : 0.3

**Tubes**

Tube material specification: SA-179 Smls. Tube (II-D Metric p. 6, In. 11)  
 Tube outer diameter,  $d_t$ : 19.05 mm  
 Tube nominal thickness,  $t_t$ : 2.77 mm  
 Tube minimum thickness,  $t_{t,min}$ : 2.42 mm  
 Tube tolerance: 12.5%  
 Tube length between outer tubesheet faces,  $L_t$ : 12,000 mm  
 Tube inner corrosion allowance: 0 mm  
 Tube outer corrosion allowance: 0 mm  
 Tube expansion depth ratio,  $\rho$ : 0.85  
 Tube poisson's ratio,  $\nu_t$ : 0.3

**Flange**

Bolt circle diameter, C: 892 mm  
 Shell side gasket load reaction diameter,  $G_s$ : 820.25 mm  
 Channel side gasket load reaction diameter,  $G_c$ : 820.25 mm

**Tube Supports**

Tube supports present: Yes  
 Support all tubes: No  
 Maximum distance from tubesheet to first support: 780 mm  
 Maximum distance between tube supports: 420 mm

**Tube-To-Tubesheet Joints**

Calculation method: Appendix A  
 Joint type: Table A-2 Type f, Welded, a <1.4\*t, and expanded, enhanced with two or more grooves

[Tube-To-Tubesheet Joint Loads](#)

**Summary Tables**

<b>Tubesheet Design Thickness Summary</b>	
Condition	$t_{design}$ (mm)
Operating	116.5481836
Tube side hydrotest	89.6002329
Shell side hydrotest	71.5611329

Tubesheet Effective Bolt Load		
Condition	Load Case	W* (N)
Operating	Load case 1	4,825,175.49
	Load case 2	4,825,175.49
	Load case 3	4,825,175.49
	Load case 5	4,907,137.87
	Load case 6	4,907,137.87
	Load case 7	4,907,137.87
	Load case 8	3,060,400.43
Tube side hydrotest	Load case 1	6,463,614.18
Shell side hydrotest	Load case 2	6,491,822.21

Pressures										
Condition	Shell Side					Tube Side				
	P <sub>sd,max</sub> (kPa)	P <sub>sd,min</sub> (kPa)	P <sub>sox</sub> (kPa)	Static Pressure (kPa)	Consider Liquid	P <sub>td,max</sub> (kPa)	P <sub>td,min</sub> (kPa)	P <sub>tox</sub> (kPa)	Static Pressure (kPa)	Consider Liquid
<a href="#">Operating</a>	7,700.01	0	7,700.01	0	No	7,700.01	0	7,700.01	0	No
<a href="#">Tube side hydrotest</a>	0	0	-	0	No	10,304.84	0	-	9.8	Yes
<a href="#">Shell side hydrotest</a>	10,350.09	0	-	9.55	Yes	0	0	-	0	No

Temperatures						
Condition	Tubesheet design T (°C)	Shell design T <sub>s</sub> (°C)	Channel design T <sub>c</sub> (°C)	Tube design T <sub>t</sub> (°C)	Shell mean T <sub>s,m</sub> (°C)	Tube mean T <sub>t,m</sub> (°C)
<a href="#">Operating</a>	85	85	85	85	-3.55	35.01
<a href="#">Tube side hydrotest</a>	25	25	25	25	25	25
<a href="#">Shell side hydrotest</a>	25	25	25	25	25	25

Material Properties							
Condition	Component	Material	Modulus of Elasticity (MPa)	Allowable Stress (MPa)	Yield Stress (MPa)	Mean Coefficient Thermal Expansion	Mean Coefficient Thermal Expansion
<a href="#">Operating</a>	Shell	SA-516 70	$E_s = 198,800$	$S_s = 138$	$S_{y,s} = 242$	$\alpha'_s = 1.35E-05$	$\alpha_{s,m} = 1.15E-05$
	Channel	SA-516 70	$E_c = 198,800$	$S_c = 138$	$S_{y,c} = 242$	$\alpha'_c = 1.33E-05$	N/A
	Tubesheet	SA-350 LF2 Cl 1	$E = 198,800$	$S = 138$	$S = 230$	$\alpha' = 1.18E-05$	N/A
	Tubes	SA-179 Smls. Tube	$E_t = 198,800$	$S_t = 92.4$	$S_{y,t} = 165$	N/A	$\alpha_{t,m} = 1.17E-05$
$E_{tT} = 198,800$			$S_{tT} = 92.4$	N/A	N/A	N/A	
<a href="#">Tube side hydrotest</a>	Shell	SA-516 70	$E_s = 202,000$	$S_s = 235.8$	$S_{y,s} = 262$	$\alpha'_s = 1.16E-05$	$\alpha_{s,m} = 1.16E-05$
	Channel	SA-516 70	$E_c = 202,000$	$S_c = 235.8$	$S_{y,c} = 262$	$\alpha'_c = 1.16E-05$	N/A
	Tubesheet	SA-350 LF2 Cl 1	$E = 202,000$	$S = 223.2$	$S = 248$	$\alpha' = 1.16E-05$	N/A
	Tubes	SA-179 Smls. Tube	$E_t = 202,000$	$S_t = 161.1$	$S_{y,t} = 179$	N/A	$\alpha_{t,m} = 1.16E-05$
$E_{tT} = 202,000$			$S_{tT} = 161.1$	N/A	N/A	N/A	
<a href="#">Shell side hydrotest</a>	Shell	SA-516 70	$E_s = 202,000$	$S_s = 235.8$	$S_{y,s} = 262$	$\alpha'_s = 1.16E-05$	$\alpha_{s,m} = 1.16E-05$
	Channel	SA-516 70	$E_c = 202,000$	$S_c = 235.8$	$S_{y,c} = 262$	$\alpha'_c = 1.16E-05$	N/A
	Tubesheet	SA-350 LF2 Cl 1	$E = 202,000$	$S = 223.2$	$S = 248$	$\alpha' = 1.16E-05$	N/A
	Tubes	SA-179 Smls. Tube	$E_t = 202,000$	$S_t = 161.1$	$S_{y,t} = 179$	N/A	$\alpha_{t,m} = 1.16E-05$
$E_{tT} = 202,000$			$S_{tT} = 161.1$	N/A	N/A	N/A	

### [Calculations for Operating Condition](#)

Design Loading Case	Shell Side Design Pressure, $P_s$ (kPa)	Tube Side Design Pressure, $P_t$ (kPa)
1	0	7,700.01
2	7,700.01	0
3	7,700.01	7,700.01

<b>Table UHX-13.4-2</b>				
Operating Loading Case	Operating Pressure		Axial Mean Metal Temperature	
	Shell Side, P <sub>s</sub> (kPa)	Tube Side, P <sub>t</sub> (kPa)	Tubes, T <sub>tm</sub> (°C)	Shell, T <sub>sm</sub> (°C)
5	0	7,700.01	35.01	-3.55
6	7,700.01	0		
7	7,700.01	7,700.01		
8	0	0		

<b>UHX-9.5</b>			
$h_r = D_E / (3.2 \cdot S) \cdot \text{abs}(P_s - P_t)$			
<b>Condition Operating</b>			
New or corroded	Load case 1, 2, 5, 6	$h_r = 807 / (3.2 \cdot 138) \cdot \text{abs}(0 - 7,700.01) =$	14.07
	Load case 3, 7, 8	$h_r = 807 / (3.2 \cdot 138) \cdot \text{abs}(7,700.01 - 7,700.01) =$	0
<b>Tubesheet Design Thickness to Maintain <math>h_r = 14.07 + 11.2 + 11.2 = 36.47</math> mm</b>			

<b>UHX-13.5.1 Step 1</b>		
$D_o = 2*r_o + d_t$		
$\mu = (p - d_t) / p$		
$d^* = \text{MAX}\{[d_t - 2*t_t*(E_{tT} / E)*(S_{tT} / S)*p], [d_t - 2*t_t]\}$		
$p^* = p / (1 - 4*\text{MIN}(A_L, 4*D_o*p) / (\pi*D_o^2))^{0.5}$		
$\mu^* = (p^* - d^*) / p^*$		
$h_g' = \text{MAX}[(h_g - c_t), 0]$ for pressure load only. For load cases 5, 6, 7, 8 $h_g' = 0$ .		
$a_o = D_o / 2$		
$\rho_s = a_s / a_o$		
$\rho_c = a_c / a_o$		
$x_t = 1 - N_t*((d_t - 2*t_t) / (2*a_o))^2$		
$x_s = 1 - N_t*(d_t / (2*a_o))^2$		
<b>Condition Operating</b>		
New or corroded	$D_o = 2*335.25 + 19.05 =$	689.55
New or corroded	$\mu = (25.4 - 19.05) / 25.4 =$	0.25
New	$d^* = \text{MAX}\{[19.05 - 2*2.77*(198,800.004 / 198,800.004)*(92.4 / 138)*0.85], [19.05 - 2*2.77]\} =$	15.8970174
Corroded	$d^* = \text{MAX}\{[19.05 - 2*2.77*(198,800.004 / 198,800.004)*(92.4 / 138)*0.8669], [19.05 - 2*2.77]\} =$	15.834196
New or corroded	$p^* = 25.4 / (1 - 4*\text{MIN}(0, 4*689.55*25.4) / (\pi*689.55^2))^{0.5} =$	25.4
New	$\mu^* = (25.399 - 15.8970174) / 25.399 =$	0.374109
Corroded	$\mu^* = (25.399 - 15.834196) / 25.399 =$	0.376582
	$h_g' =$	0
New or corroded	$a_o = 689.55 / 2 =$	344.78
New or corroded	$\rho_s = 410.13 / 344.78 =$	1.18955
New or corroded	$\rho_c = 410.13 / 344.78 =$	1.18955
New or corroded	$x_s = 1 - 537*(19.05 / (2*344.78))^2 =$	0.590143
New or corroded	$x_t = 1 - 537*((19.05 - 2*2.77) / (2*344.78))^2 =$	0.793864

<b>UHX-13.5.2 Step 2</b>		
$K_s = \pi * t_s * (D_s + t_s) * E_s / L$		
$K_t = \pi * t_t * (d_t - t_t) * E_t / L$		
$K_{s,t} = K_s / (N_t * K_t)$		
$J = 1 / (1 + K_s / K_J)$		
$\beta_s, k_s, \lambda_s, \& \delta_s = 0$ for configuration d		
$\beta_c, k_c, \lambda_c, \& \delta_c = 0$ for configuration d		
<b>Condition Operating</b>		
New	$K_s = \pi * 25 * (700 + 25) * 198,800.004 / 11,740 =$	964,219.94
Corroded	$K_s = \pi * 22 * (706 + 22) * 198,800.004 / 11,746 =$	851,589.42
New	$K_t = \pi * 2.77 * (19.05 - 2.77) * 198,800.004 / 11,740 =$	2,399.01
Corroded	$K_t = \pi * 2.77 * (19.05 - 2.77) * 198,800.004 / 11,746 =$	2,397.79
New	$K_{s,t} = 964,219.94 / (537 * 2,399.01) =$	0.748462
Corroded	$K_{s,t} = 851,589.42 / (537 * 2,397.79) =$	0.661372
New or corroded	$J = 1$ as no expansion joint used	

<b>UHX-13.5.3 Step 3</b>		
$E^* / E = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 \mu^* + \alpha_2 \mu^{*2} + \alpha_3 \mu^{*3} + \alpha_4 \mu^{*4}$		
$v^* = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \mu^* + \beta_2 \mu^{*2} + \beta_3 \mu^{*3} + \beta_4 \mu^{*4}$		
$\eta = (E^* / E) * (1 - v^2) / (1 - v^{*2})$		
$X_a = [24 * (1 - v^{*2}) * N_t * E_t * t_t * (d_t - t_t) * a_o^2 / (E^* * L * h^3)]^{0.25}$		
<b>Condition Operating</b>		
New		h / p = 130 / 25.4 = 5.1183
Corroded		h / p = 124 / 25.4 = 4.8821
New		- from Fig. UHX-11.4(a) E* / E = 0.4277
Corroded		- from Fig. UHX-11.4(a) E* / E = 0.4306
New		E* = 0.4276867 * 198,800.004 = 85,024.112
Corroded		E* = 0.4306408 * 198,800.004 = 85,611.385
New		- from Fig. UHX-11.4(b) v* = 0.3192
Corroded		- from Fig. UHX-11.4(b) v* = 0.3189
New	$X_a = [24 * (1 - 0.3192194^2) * 537 * 198,800.004 * 2.77 * (19.05 - 2.77) * 344.78^2 / (85,024.112 * 11,740 * 130^3)]^{0.25} =$	1.54
Corroded	$X_a = [24 * (1 - 0.3189337^2) * 537 * 198,800.004 * 2.77 * (19.05 - 2.77) * 344.78^2 / (85,611.385 * 11,746 * 124^3)]^{0.25} =$	1.5927
New		Z <sub>d</sub> = 0.4098776
Corroded		Z <sub>d</sub> = 0.3646518
New		Z <sub>v</sub> = 0.1790294
Corroded		Z <sub>v</sub> = 0.1776664
New		Z <sub>m</sub> = 0.7264957
Corroded		Z <sub>m</sub> = 0.7224302
New		Z <sub>w</sub> = 0.1790294
Corroded		Z <sub>w</sub> = 0.1776664
New		Z <sub>a</sub> = 0.5455139
Corroded		Z <sub>a</sub> = 0.5696925

<b>UHX-13.5.4 Step 4</b>		
$K = A / D_o$		
$F = ((1 - v^*) / E^*) * (\lambda_s + \lambda_c + E * \ln(K))$		
$\Phi = (1 + v^*) * F$		
$Q_1 = (\rho_s - 1 - \Phi * Z_v) / (1 + \Phi * Z_m)$		
$Q_{z1} = (Z_d + Q_1 * Z_w) * X_a^4 / 2$		
$Q_{z2} = (Z_v + Q_1 * Z_m) * X_a^4 / 2$		
$U = [Z_w + (\rho_s - 1) * Z_m] * X_a^4 / (1 + \Phi * Z_m)$		
<b>Condition Operating</b>		
New or corroded	$K = 970 / 689.55 =$	1.4067145
New	$F = ((1 - 0.3192194) / 85,024.112) * (0 + 0 + 198,800,003.54 * \ln(1.4067)) / 1000 =$	0.5432038
Corroded	$F = ((1 - 0.3189337) / 85,611.385) * (0 + 0 + 198,800,003.54 * \ln(1.4067)) / 1000 =$	0.539704
New	$\Phi = (1 + 0.3192194) * 0.5432038 =$	0.7166051
Corroded	$\Phi = (1 + 0.3189337) * 0.539704 =$	0.7118338
New	$Q_1 = (1.1895501 - 1 - 0.7166051 * 0.1790294) / (1 + 0.7166051 * 0.7264957) =$	0.0402843
Corroded	$Q_1 = (1.1895501 - 1 - 0.7118338 * 0.1776664) / (1 + 0.7118338 * 0.7224302) =$	0.0416583
New	$Q_{z1} = (0.4098776 + 0.0402843 * 0.1790294) * 1.5400077^4 / 2 =$	1.173
Corroded	$Q_{z1} = (0.3646518 + 0.0416583 * 0.1776664) * 1.5926952^4 / 2 =$	1.197
New	$Q_{z2} = (0.1790294 + 0.0402843 * 0.7264957) * 1.5400077^4 / 2 =$	0.5858
Corroded	$Q_{z2} = (0.1776664 + 0.0416583 * 0.7224302) * 1.5926952^4 / 2 =$	0.6684
New	$U = [0.1790294 + (1.1895501 - 1) * 0.7264957] * 1.5400077^4 / (1 + 0.7166051 * 0.7264957) =$	1.1716
Corroded	$U = [0.1776664 + (1.1895501 - 1) * 0.7224302] * 1.5926952^4 / (1 + 0.7118338 * 0.7224302) =$	1.3369

<b>UHX-13.5.5 Step 5</b>		
$\gamma_b = (G_c - G_s) / D_o$		
<b>Condition Operating</b>		
New or corroded	$\gamma_b = (820.25 - 820.25) / 689.55 =$	0

**UHX-13.5.5 Step 5**

$$\gamma = [\alpha_{t,m} * (T_{t,m} - T_a) - \alpha_{s,m} * (T_{s,m} - T_a)] * L$$

$$\omega_s = \rho_s * k_s * \beta_s * \delta_s * (1 + h * \beta_s)$$

$$\omega_c = \rho_c * k_c * \beta_c * \delta_c * (1 + h * \beta_c)$$

$$\omega_s^* = a_o^{2*} * (\rho_s^2 - 1) * (\rho_s - 1) / 4 - \omega_s$$

$$\omega_c^* = a_o^{2*} * [(\rho_c^2 + 1) * (\rho_c - 1) / 4 - (\rho_s - 1) / 2] - \omega_c$$

**Condition Operating**

		<b>P<sub>s</sub> (kPa)</b>	<b>P<sub>t</sub> (kPa)</b>
	Load Case 1	0	7,700.01
	Load Case 2	7,700.01	0
	Load Case 3	7,700.01	7,700.01
	Load Case 5	0	7,700.01
	Load Case 6	7,700.01	0
	Load Case 7	7,700.01	7,700.01
	Load Case 8	0	0
New	Load case 1, 2, 3	$\gamma =$	0
	Load case 5, 6, 7, 8	$\gamma = [1.17E-05*(35.01 - 20) - 1.15E-05*(-3.55 - 20)]*11,740 =$	5.2324357
Corroded	Load case 1, 2, 3	$\gamma =$	0
	Load case 5, 6, 7, 8	$\gamma = [1.17E-05*(35.01 - 20) - 1.15E-05*(-3.55 - 20)]*11,746 =$	5.2351099
New or corroded	All load cases	$\omega_s = 1.1895501*0.0*0.0*0*(1 + 124*0.0) =$	0
New or corroded	All load cases	$\omega_s^* = 344.78^2*(1.1895501^2 - 1)*(1.1895501 - 1) / 4 - 0.0 =$	2,337.8386
New or corroded	All load cases	$\omega_c = 1.1895501*0.0*0.0*0*(1 + 124*0.0) =$	0
New or corroded	All load cases	$\omega_c^* = 344.78^2*[(1.1895501^2 + 1)*(1.1895501 - 1) / 4 - (1.1895501 - 1) / 2] - 0.0 =$	2,337.8386

**UHX-13.5.6 Step 6**

$$P'_s = (x_s + 2*(1 - x_s)*v_t + 2 / K_{s,t}*(D_s / D_o)^2*v_s - (\rho_s^2 - 1) / (J*K_{s,t}) - (1 - J)*[D_j^2 - D_s^2] / (2*J*K_{s,t}*D_o^2))*P_s$$

$$P'_t = (x_t + 2*(1 - x_t)*v_t + 1 / (J*K_{s,t}))*P_t$$

$$P_\gamma = N_t*K_t*\gamma / (\pi*a_o^2)$$

$$P_W = - U*\gamma_b*W* / (2*\pi*a_o^2)$$

$$P_{rim} = - U / a_o^2*(\omega_s*P_s - \omega_c*P_t)$$

$$P_e = J*K_{s,t} / (1 + J*K_{s,t}*[Q_{Z1} + (\rho_s - 1)*Q_{Z2}])*(P'_s - P'_t + P_\gamma + P_W + P_{rim})$$

**Condition Operating**

New	Load case 1, 5, 8	$P'_s = (0.5901427 + 2*(1 - 0.5901427)*0.3 + 2 / 0.7484617*(700 / 689.55)^2*0.31 - (1.1895501^2 - 1) / (1.0*0.7484617) - (1 - 1.0)*[0^2 - 700^2] / (2*1.0*0.7484617*689.55^2))*0 =$	0
	Load case 2, 3, 6, 7	$P'_s = (0.5901427 + 2*(1 - 0.5901427)*0.3 + 2 / 0.7484617*(700 / 689.55)^2*0.31 - (1.1895501^2 - 1) / (1.0*0.7484617) - (1 - 1.0)*[0^2 - 700^2] / (2*1.0*0.7484617*689.55^2))*7,700.01 =$	8,741.14
Corroded	Load case 1, 5, 8	$P'_s = (0.5901427 + 2*(1 - 0.5901427)*0.3 + 2 / 0.6613717*(706 / 689.55)^2*0.31 - (1.1895501^2 - 1) / (1.0*0.6613717) - (1 - 1.0)*[0^2 - 706^2] / (2*1.0*0.6613717*689.55^2))*0 =$	0
	Load case 2, 3, 6, 7	$P'_s = (0.5901427 + 2*(1 - 0.5901427)*0.3 + 2 / 0.6613717*(706 / 689.55)^2*0.31 - (1.1895501^2 - 1) / (1.0*0.6613717) - (1 - 1.0)*[0^2 - 706^2] / (2*1.0*0.6613717*689.55^2))*7,700.01 =$	9,172.53
New	Load case 1, 3, 5, 7	$P'_t = (0.7938642 + 2*(1 - 0.7938642)*0.3 + 1 / (1.0*0.7484617))*7,700.01 =$	17,352.9
	Load case 2, 6, 8	$P'_t = (0.7938642 + 2*(1 - 0.7938642)*0.3 + 1 / (1.0*0.7484617))*0 =$	0
Corroded	Load case 1, 3, 5, 7	$P'_t = (0.7938642 + 2*(1 - 0.7938642)*0.3 + 1 / (1.0*0.6613717))*7,700.01 =$	18,707.6
	Load case 2, 6, 8	$P'_t = (0.7938642 + 2*(1 - 0.7938642)*0.3 + 1 / (1.0*0.6613717))*0 =$	0
New or corroded	Load case 1, 2, 3	$P_\gamma = 537*2,399.01*0.0 / (\pi*344.78^2)*1000 =$	0
	Load case 5, 6, 7, 8	$P_\gamma = 537*2,399.01*5.2324357 / (\pi*344.78^2)*1000 =$	18,050.49
New or corroded	All load cases	$P_W = - 1.3368913*0*4,825,175.49 / (2*\pi*344.78^2)*1000 =$	0
New	Load case 1, 5	$P_{rim} = - 1.1715804 / 344.78^2*(2,337.8385994*0 - 2,337.8385994*7,700.01) =$	177.42
	Load case 2, 6	$P_{rim} = - 1.1715804 / 344.78^2*(2,337.8385994*7,700.01 - 2,337.8385994*0) =$	-177.42
	Load case 3, 7, 8	$P_{rim} = - 1.1715804 / 344.78^2*(2,337.8385994*7,700.01 - 2,337.8385994*7,700.01) =$	0
Corroded	Load case 1, 5	$P_{rim} = - 1.3368913 / 344.78^2*(2,337.8385994*0 - 2,337.8385994*7,700.01) =$	202.46
	Load case 2, 6	$P_{rim} = - 1.3368913 / 344.78^2*(2,337.8385994*7,700.01 - 2,337.8385994*0) =$	-202.46
	Load case 3, 7, 8	$P_{rim} = - 1.3368913 / 344.78^2*(2,337.8385994*7,700.01 - 2,337.8385994*7,700.01) =$	0
	Load case 1		-6,555.3

		$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 \cdot [1.1729811 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.5857902]) \cdot (0 - 17,352.9 + 0 + 0 + 177.4216) =$	
	Load case 2	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 \cdot [1.1729811 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.5857902]) \cdot (8,741.1364 - 0 + 0 + 0 + -177.4216) =$	3,268.48
	Load case 3	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 \cdot [1.1729811 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.5857902]) \cdot (8,741.1364 - 17,352.9 + 0 + 0 + 0) =$	-3,286.82
	Load case 5	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 \cdot [1.1729811 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.5857902]) \cdot (0 - 17,352.9 + 18,050.49 + 0 + 177.4216) =$	333.96
	Load case 6	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 \cdot [1.1729811 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.5857902]) \cdot (8,741.1364 - 0 + 18,050.49 + 0 + -177.4216) =$	10,157.74
	Load case 7	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 \cdot [1.1729811 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.5857902]) \cdot (8,741.1364 - 17,352.9 + 18,050.49 + 0 + 0) =$	3,602.44
	Load case 8	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 \cdot [1.1729811 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.5857902]) \cdot (0 - 0 + 18,050.49 + 0 + 0) =$	6,889.26
Corroded	Load case 1	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 \cdot [1.1970316 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.6684457]) \cdot (0 - 18,707.6 + 0 + 0 + 202.456) =$	-6,525.68
	Load case 2	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 \cdot [1.1970316 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.6684457]) \cdot (9,172.5299 - 0 + 0 + 0 + -202.456) =$	3,163.22
	Load case 3	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 \cdot [1.1970316 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.6684457]) \cdot (9,172.5299 - 18,707.6 + 0 + 0 + 0) =$	-3,362.46
	Load case 5	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 \cdot [1.1970316 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.6684457]) \cdot (0 - 18,707.6 + 18,050.49 + 0 + 202.456) =$	-160.33
	Load case 6	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 \cdot [1.1970316 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.6684457]) \cdot (9,172.5299 - 0 + 18,050.49 + 0 + -202.456) =$	9,528.56
	Load case 7	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 \cdot [1.1970316 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.6684457]) \cdot (9,172.5299 - 18,707.6 + 18,050.49 + 0 + 0) =$	3,002.89
	Load case 8	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.6613717 \cdot [1.1970316 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.6684457]) \cdot (0 - 0 + 18,050.49 + 0 + 0) =$	6,365.35

**UHX-13.5.7 Step 7**

$$Q_2 = ((\omega_s^{**}P_s - \omega_c^{**}P_t) + \gamma_b^{**}W^* / (2^{**}\pi)) / (1 + \Phi^{**}Z_m)$$

$$Q_3 = Q_1 + 2^{**}Q_2 / (P_e^{**}a_o^2)$$

$F_m$  is calculated per Table UHX-13.1

$$\sigma = (1.5^{**}F_m / \mu^{**})^{**}(2^{**}a_o / (h - h_g^{**}))^{**2}P_e$$

If  $P_e = 0$ ,  $\sigma = 6^{**}Q_2 / (\mu^{**}(h - h_g^{**})^2)$

**Condition Operating**

New	Load case 1, 5	$Q_2 = ((2,337.8385994^{*}0 - 2,337.8385994^{*}7,700.01) / 1000 + 0^{*}4,825,175.49 / (2^{*}\pi)) / (1 + 0.7166051^{*}0.7264957) =$	-11,838.27
	Load case 2, 6	$Q_2 = ((2,337.8385994^{*}7,700.01 - 2,337.8385994^{*}0) / 1000 + 0^{*}4,825,175.49 / (2^{*}\pi)) / (1 + 0.7166051^{*}0.7264957) =$	11,838.27
	Load case 3, 7, 8	$Q_2 = ((2,337.8385994^{*}7,700.01 - 2,337.8385994^{*}7,700.01) / 1000 + 0^{*}4,825,175.49 / (2^{*}\pi)) / (1 + 0.7166051^{*}0.7264957) =$	0.0
Corroded	Load case 1, 5	$Q_2 = ((2,337.8385994^{*}0 - 2,337.8385994^{*}7,700.01) / 1000 + 0^{*}4,825,175.49 / (2^{*}\pi)) / (1 + 0.7118338^{*}0.7224302) =$	-11,887.99
	Load case 2, 6	$Q_2 = ((2,337.8385994^{*}7,700.01 - 2,337.8385994^{*}0) / 1000 + 0^{*}4,825,175.49 / (2^{*}\pi)) / (1 + 0.7118338^{*}0.7224302) =$	11,887.99
	Load case 3, 7, 8	$Q_2 = ((2,337.8385994^{*}7,700.01 - 2,337.8385994^{*}7,700.01) / 1000 + 0^{*}4,825,175.49 / (2^{*}\pi)) / (1 + 0.7118338^{*}0.7224302) =$	0.0
New	Load case 1	$Q_3 = 0.0402843 + 2^{*}-11,838.27 / (-6,555.2974^{*}344.78^2 / 1000) =$	0.0706689
	Load case 2	$Q_3 = 0.0402843 + 2^{*}11,838.27 / (3,268.4793^{*}344.78^2 / 1000) =$	0.101224
	Load case 3, 7, 8	$Q_3 = 0.0402843 + 2^{*}0.0 / (-3,286.8181^{*}344.78^2 / 1000) =$	0.0402843
	Load case 5	$Q_3 = 0.0402843 + 2^{*}-11,838.27 / (333.964^{*}344.78^2 / 1000) =$	-0.5561284
	Load case 6	$Q_3 = 0.0402843 + 2^{*}11,838.27 / (10,157.74^{*}344.78^2 / 1000) =$	0.059893
Corroded	Load case 1	$Q_3 = 0.0416583 + 2^{*}-11,887.99 / (-6,525.6752^{*}344.78^2 / 1000) =$	0.0723091
	Load case 2	$Q_3 = 0.0416583 + 2^{*}11,887.99 / (3,163.2164^{*}344.78^2 / 1000) =$	0.1048905
	Load case 3, 7, 8	$Q_3 = 0.0416583 + 2^{*}0.0 / (-3,362.4588^{*}344.78^2 / 1000) =$	0.0416583
	Load case 5	$Q_3 = 0.0416583 + 2^{*}-11,887.99 / (-160.3295^{*}344.78^2 / 1000) =$	1.2891949
	Load case 6	$Q_3 = 0.0416583 + 2^{*}11,887.99 / (9,528.5621^{*}344.78^2 / 1000) =$	0.0626496

**Tubesheet Bending Stress**

			Stress (MPa)	Allowable (MPa)	Over-stressed?
New	Load case 1	$\sigma = (1.5^{*}0.2229899 / 0.3741085)^{*}(2^{*}344.78 / (130 - 0))^{2} - 6,555.2974 / 1000 =$	-164.898	207	No
	Load case 2	$\sigma = (1.5^{*}0.2367984 / 0.3741085)^{*}(2^{*}344.78 / (130 - 0))^{2} - 3,268.4793 / 1000 =$	87.31	207	No
	Load case 3	$\sigma = (1.5^{*}0.2092585 / 0.3741085)^{*}(2^{*}344.78 / (130 - 0))^{2} - 3,286.8181 / 1000 =$	-77.588	207	No
	Load case 5	$\sigma = (1.5^{*}0.2780642 / 0.3741085)^{*}(2^{*}344.78 / (130 - 0))^{2} - 333.964 / 1000 =$	10.476	460	No
	Load case 6	$\sigma = (1.5^{*}0.2181201 / 0.3741085)^{*}(2^{*}344.78 / (130 - 0))^{2} - 10,157.74 / 1000 =$	249.937	460	No
	Load case 7	$\sigma = (1.5^{*}0.2092585 / 0.3741085)^{*}(2^{*}344.78 / (130 - 0))^{2} - 3,602.4433 / 1000 =$	85.039	460	No
	Load case 8	$\sigma = (1.5^{*}0.2092585 / 0.3741085)^{*}(2^{*}344.78 / (130 - 0))^{2} - 6,889.2613 / 1000 =$	162.628	460	No

Corroded	Load case 1	$\sigma = (1.5 \cdot 0.2210651 / 0.3765819) \cdot (2 \cdot 344.78 / (124 - 0))^2 - 6,525.6752 / 1000 =$	-177.69	207	No
	Load case 2	$\sigma = (1.5 \cdot 0.2355804 / 0.3765819) \cdot (2 \cdot 344.78 / (124 - 0))^2 - 3,163.2164 / 1000 =$	91.788	207	No
	Load case 3	$\sigma = (1.5 \cdot 0.2074099 / 0.3765819) \cdot (2 \cdot 344.78 / (124 - 0))^2 - 3,362.4588 / 1000 =$	-85.902	207	No
	Load case 5	$\sigma = (1.5 \cdot 0.7631995 / 0.3765819) \cdot (2 \cdot 344.78 / (124 - 0))^2 - 160.3295 / 1000 =$	-15.072	460	No
	Load case 6	$\sigma = (1.5 \cdot 0.2167617 / 0.3765819) \cdot (2 \cdot 344.78 / (124 - 0))^2 - 9,528.5621 / 1000 =$	254.406	460	No
	Load case 7	$\sigma = (1.5 \cdot 0.2074099 / 0.3765819) \cdot (2 \cdot 344.78 / (124 - 0))^2 - 3,002.8868 / 1000 =$	76.716	460	No
	Load case 8	$\sigma = (1.5 \cdot 0.2074099 / 0.3765819) \cdot (2 \cdot 344.78 / (124 - 0))^2 - 6,365.3457 / 1000 =$	162.618	460	No

UHX-13.5.8 Step 8				
$\tau = (1 / (4 \cdot \mu)) \cdot (1 / h) \cdot \{4 \cdot A_p / C_p\} \cdot \text{ABS}(P_e)$			for $\text{abs}(P_e) > 1.6 \cdot S \cdot \mu \cdot h / a_o$	
Condition Operating				
				Shear Calc Required
New	Load case 1	$\text{abs}(-6,555.2974 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 130 / 344.78 =$	20.811	No
	Load case 2	$\text{abs}(3,268.4793 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 130 / 344.78 =$	20.811	No
	Load case 3	$\text{abs}(-3,286.8181 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 130 / 344.78 =$	20.811	No
	Load case 5	$\text{abs}(333.964 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 130 / 344.78 =$	20.811	No
	Load case 6	$\text{abs}(10,157.74 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 130 / 344.78 =$	20.811	No
	Load case 7	$\text{abs}(3,602.4433 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 130 / 344.78 =$	20.811	No
	Load case 8	$\text{abs}(6,889.2613 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 130 / 344.78 =$	20.811	No
Corroded	Load case 1	$\text{abs}(-6,525.6752 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 124 / 344.78 =$	19.851	No
	Load case 2	$\text{abs}(3,163.2164 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 124 / 344.78 =$	19.851	No
	Load case 3	$\text{abs}(-3,362.4588 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 124 / 344.78 =$	19.851	No
	Load case 5	$\text{abs}(-160.3295 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 124 / 344.78 =$	19.851	No
	Load case 6	$\text{abs}(9,528.5621 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 124 / 344.78 =$	19.851	No

		=		
Load case 7	$\text{abs}(3,002.8868 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 124 / 344.78$	=	19.851	No
Load case 8	$\text{abs}(6,365.3457 / 1000) \leq 1.6 \cdot 138 \cdot 0.25 \cdot 124 / 344.78$	=	19.851	No

<b>UHX-13.5.9 Step 9</b>			
$F_t(x) = [Z_d(x) + Q_3 \cdot Z_w(x)] \cdot X_a^4 / 2$			
If $P_e = 0$ , $F_t(x) = Z_w(x) \cdot X_a^4 / 2$			
$F_{t,\min} = \text{Min}[F_t(x)]$			
$F_{t,\max} = \text{Max}[F_t(x)]$			
$F_s = \text{MAX} [(3.25 - 0.25 \cdot (Z_d + Q_3 \cdot Z_w) \cdot X_a^4), 1.25]$ but not greater than 2			
If $P_e = 0$ , $F_s = 1.25$			
$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (x_t - x_s) \cdot [(P_s \cdot x_s - P_t \cdot x_t) - P_e \cdot F_{t,\min}]$			
$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (x_t - x_s) \cdot [(P_s \cdot x_s - P_t \cdot x_t) - P_e \cdot F_{t,\max}]$			
If $P_e = 0$ , $\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (x_t - x_s) \cdot [(P_s \cdot x_s - P_t \cdot x_t) - (2 \cdot Q_2 / a_o^2) \cdot F_{t,\min}]$			
If $P_e = 0$ , $\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (x_t - x_s) \cdot [(P_s \cdot x_s - P_t \cdot x_t) - (2 \cdot Q_2 / a_o^2) \cdot F_{t,\max}]$			
$l_t = k \cdot l$			
$r_t = (d_t^2 + (d_t - 2 \cdot t)^2)^{0.5} / 4$			
$F_t = l_t / r_t$			
$C_t = (2 \cdot \pi^2 \cdot E_t / S_{y,t})^{0.5}$			
For $C_t \leq F_t$ , $S_{tb} = \text{Min}\{\pi^2 \cdot E_t / (F_s \cdot F_t^2), S_t\}$			
For $C_t > F_t$ , $S_{tb} = \text{Min}\{S_{y,t} / F_s \cdot (1 - F_t / (2 \cdot C_t)), S_t\}$			
$\sigma_{t,\min} = \text{MIN}[\sigma_{t,1}, \sigma_{t,2}]$			
<b>Condition Operating</b>			
New	Load case 1	$F_{t,\min} = [0.2920741 + 0.0706689 \cdot -0.1755448] \cdot 1.5400077^4 / 2 =$	0.7865
	Load case 2	$F_{t,\min} = [0.2920741 + 0.101224 \cdot -0.1755448] \cdot 1.5400077^4 / 2 =$	0.7714
	Load case 3, 7, 8	$F_{t,\min} = [0.2920741 + 0.0402843 \cdot -0.1755448] \cdot 1.5400077^4 / 2 =$	0.8015
	Load case 5	$F_{t,\min} = [0.4098776 + -0.5561284 \cdot 0.1790294] \cdot 1.5400077^4 / 2 =$	0.8727
	Load case 6	$F_{t,\min} = [0.2920741 + 0.059893 \cdot -0.1755448] \cdot 1.5400077^4 / 2 =$	0.7918
Corroded	Load case 1	$F_{t,\min} = [0.2479232 + 0.0723091 \cdot -0.1737228] \cdot 1.5926952^4 / 2 =$	0.7572
	Load case 2	$F_{t,\min} = [0.2479232 + 0.1048905 \cdot -0.1737228] \cdot 1.5926952^4 / 2 =$	0.739
	Load case 3, 7, 8	$F_{t,\min} = [0.2479232 + 0.0416583 \cdot -0.1737228] \cdot 1.5926952^4 / 2 =$	0.7744
	Load case 5	$F_{t,\min} = [0.2479232 + 1.2891949 \cdot -0.1737228] \cdot 1.5926952^4 / 2 =$	0.0771
	Load case 6	$F_{t,\min} = [0.2479232 + 0.0626496 \cdot -0.1737228] \cdot 1.5926952^4 / 2 =$	0.7626
New	Load case 1	$F_{t,\max} = [0.4098776 + 0.0706689 \cdot 0.1790294] \cdot 1.5400077^4 / 2 =$	1.1883
	Load case 2	$F_{t,\max} = [0.4098776 + 0.101224 \cdot 0.1790294] \cdot 1.5400077^4 / 2 =$	1.2037

	Load case 3, 7, 8	$F_{t,max} = [0.4098776 + 0.0402843 \cdot 0.1790294] \cdot 1.5400077^4 / 2 =$	1.173
	Load case 5	$F_{t,max} = [0.2920741 + -0.5561284 \cdot -0.1755448] \cdot 1.5400077^4 / 2 =$	1.096
	Load case 6	$F_{t,max} = [0.4098776 + 0.059893 \cdot 0.1790294] \cdot 1.5400077^4 / 2 =$	1.1829
Corroded	Load case 1	$F_{t,max} = [0.3646518 + 0.0723091 \cdot 0.1776664] \cdot 1.5926952^4 / 2 =$	1.2146
	Load case 2	$F_{t,max} = [0.3646518 + 0.1048905 \cdot 0.1776664] \cdot 1.5926952^4 / 2 =$	1.2332
	Load case 3, 7, 8	$F_{t,max} = [0.3646518 + 0.0416583 \cdot 0.1776664] \cdot 1.5926952^4 / 2 =$	1.197
	Load case 5	$F_{t,max} = [0.3646518 + 1.2891949 \cdot 0.1776664] \cdot 1.5926952^4 / 2 =$	1.9101
	Load case 6	$F_{t,max} = [0.3646518 + 0.0626496 \cdot 0.1776664] \cdot 1.5926952^4 / 2 =$	1.209
New	Load case 1	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(0 \cdot 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 \cdot 0.7938642) - 6,555.2974 \cdot 0.7865] =$	-4.697
	Load case 2	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(7,700.01 \cdot 0.5901427 - 0 \cdot 0.7938642) - 3,268.4793 \cdot 0.7714] =$	9.929
	Load case 3	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(7,700.01 \cdot 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 \cdot 0.7938642) - 3,286.8181 \cdot 0.8015] =$	5.231
	Load case 5	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(0 \cdot 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 \cdot 0.7938642) - 333.964 \cdot 0.8727] =$	-31.436
	Load case 6	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(7,700.01 \cdot 0.5901427 - 0 \cdot 0.7938642) - 10,157.74 \cdot 0.7918] =$	-17.176
	Load case 7	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(7,700.01 \cdot 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 \cdot 0.7938642) - 3,602.4433 \cdot 0.8015] =$	-21.873
	Load case 8	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(0 \cdot 0.5901427 - 0 \cdot 0.7938642) - 6,889.2613 \cdot 0.8015] =$	-27.105
Corroded	Load case 1	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(0 \cdot 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 \cdot 0.7938642) - 6,525.6752 \cdot 0.7572] =$	-5.749
	Load case 2	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(7,700.01 \cdot 0.5901427 - 0 \cdot 0.7938642) - 3,163.2164 \cdot 0.739] =$	10.83
	Load case 3	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(7,700.01 \cdot 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 \cdot 0.7938642) - 3,362.4588 \cdot 0.7744] =$	5.081
	Load case 5	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(0 \cdot 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 \cdot 0.7938642) - 160.3295 \cdot 0.0771] =$	-29.945
	Load case 6	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(7,700.01 \cdot 0.5901427 - 0 \cdot 0.7938642) - 9,528.5621 \cdot 0.7626] =$	-13.365
	Load case 7	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(7,700.01 \cdot 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 \cdot 0.7938642) - 3,002.8868 \cdot 0.7744] =$	-19.114
	Load case 8	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(0 \cdot 0.5901427 - 0 \cdot 0.7938642) - 6,365.3457 \cdot 0.7744] =$	-24.196
New	Load case 1	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(0 \cdot 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 \cdot 0.7938642) - 6,555.2974 \cdot 1.1883] =$	8.231
	Load case 2	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(7,700.01 \cdot 0.5901427 - 0 \cdot 0.7938642) - 3,268.4793 \cdot 1.2037] =$	2.994
	Load case 3	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(7,700.01 \cdot 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 \cdot 0.7938642) - 3,286.8181 \cdot 1.173] =$	11.225
	Load case 5	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(0 \cdot 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 \cdot 0.7938642) - 333.964 \cdot 1.096] =$	-31.802
	Load case 6	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(7,700.01 \cdot 0.5901427 - 0 \cdot 0.7938642) - 10,157.74 \cdot 1.1829] =$	-36.673
	Load case 7	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(7,700.01 \cdot 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 \cdot 0.7938642) - 3,602.4433 \cdot 1.173] =$	-28.442
	Load case 8	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(0 \cdot 0.5901427 - 0 \cdot 0.7938642) - 6,889.2613 \cdot 1.173] =$	-39.667
Corroded	Load case 1	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(0 \cdot 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 \cdot 0.7938642) - 6,525.6752 \cdot 1.2146] =$	8.899
	Load case 2	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 \cdot [(7,700.01 \cdot 0.5901427 - 0 \cdot 0.7938642) - 3,163.2164 \cdot 1.2332] =$	3.158

	Load case 3	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 * [(7,700.01 * 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 * 0.7938642) - 3,362.4588 * 1.197] =$	12.057		
	Load case 5	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 * [(0 * 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 * 0.7938642) - 160.3295 * 1.9101] =$	-28.502		
	Load case 6	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 * [(7,700.01 * 0.5901427 - 0 * 0.7938642) - 9,528.5621 * 1.209] =$	-34.244		
	Load case 7	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 * [(7,700.01 * 0.5901427 - 7,700.01 * 0.7938642) - 3,002.8868 * 1.197] =$	-25.344		
	Load case 8	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 * [(0 * 0.5901427 - 0 * 0.7938642) - 6,365.3457 * 1.197] =$	-37.402		
New or corroded	All load cases	$r_t = (19.05^2 + (19.05 - 2 * 2.77)^2)^{0.5} / 4 =$	5.84		
New	All load cases	$F_t = 626.4 / 5.84 =$	107.2865		
Corroded	All load cases	$F_t = 624 / 5.84 =$	106.8755		
New or corroded	Load case 1, 5, 6, 7, 8	$C_t = (2 * \pi^2 * 198,800.004 / 165)^{0.5} =$	154.2166		
	Load case 2, 3	$C_t =$	0		
New or corroded	All load cases	$F_s = \text{MAX} [(3.25 - 0.25 * (0.4098776 + 0.0706689 * 0.1790294) * 1.5400077^4), 1.25]$ but not greater than 2 =	2		
New	Load case 1, 5, 6, 7, 8	$S_{tb} = \text{Min}\{165 / 2 * (1 - 107.2865 / (2 * 154.2166)) = 53.803, 92.4\} =$	53.803		
	Load case 2, 3	$S_{tb} =$	N/A		
Corroded	Load case 1, 5, 6, 7, 8	$S_{tb} = \text{Min}\{165 / 2 * (1 - 106.8755 / (2 * 154.2166)) = 53.913, 92.4\} =$	53.913		
	Load case 2, 3	$S_{tb} =$	N/A		
<b>Tube Evaluation</b>					
			<b>Stress (MPa)</b>	<b>Allowable (MPa)</b>	<b>Over-stressed?</b>
New	Load case 1	$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(-4.697), \text{ABS}(8.231)] =$	8.231	92.4	No
	Load case 2	$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(9.929), \text{ABS}(2.994)] =$	9.929	92.4	No
	Load case 3	$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(5.231), \text{ABS}(11.225)] =$	11.225	92.4	No
	Load case 5	$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(-31.436), \text{ABS}(-31.802)] =$	31.802	184.8	No
	Load case 6	$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(-17.176), \text{ABS}(-36.673)] =$	36.673	184.8	No
	Load case 7	$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(-21.873), \text{ABS}(-28.442)] =$	28.442	184.8	No
	Load case 8	$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(-27.105), \text{ABS}(-39.667)] =$	39.667	184.8	No
	Corroded	Load case 1	$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(-5.749), \text{ABS}(8.899)] =$	8.899	92.4
Load case 2		$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(10.83), \text{ABS}(3.158)] =$	10.83	92.4	No
Load case 3		$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(5.081), \text{ABS}(12.057)] =$	12.057	92.4	No
Load case 5		$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(-29.945), \text{ABS}(-28.502)] =$	29.945	184.8	No
Load case 6		$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(-13.365), \text{ABS}(-34.244)] =$	34.244	184.8	No
Load case 7		$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(-19.114), \text{ABS}(-25.344)] =$	25.344	184.8	No
Load case 8		$\sigma_{t,max} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(-24.196), \text{ABS}(-37.402)] =$	37.402	184.8	No
New		Load case 1	$\sigma_{t,min} = \text{MIN}[-4.697, 8.231] =$	-4.697	53.803
	Load case 2	$\sigma_{t,min} = \text{MIN}[9.929, 2.994] =$	2.994	N/A	No
	Load case 3	$\sigma_{t,min} = \text{MIN}[5.231, 11.225] =$	5.231	N/A	No
	Load case 5	$\sigma_{t,min} = \text{MIN}[-31.436, -31.802] =$	-31.802	53.803	No
	Load case 6	$\sigma_{t,min} = \text{MIN}[-17.176, -36.673] =$	-36.673	53.803	No

	Load case 7	$\sigma_{t,\min} = \text{MIN}[-21.873, -28.442] =$	-28.442	53.803	No
	Load case 8	$\sigma_{t,\min} = \text{MIN}[-27.105, -39.667] =$	-39.667	53.803	No
Corroded	Load case 1	$\sigma_{t,\min} = \text{MIN}[-5.749, 8.899] =$	-5.749	53.913	No
	Load case 2	$\sigma_{t,\min} = \text{MIN}[10.83, 3.158] =$	3.158	N/A	No
	Load case 3	$\sigma_{t,\min} = \text{MIN}[5.081, 12.057] =$	5.081	N/A	No
	Load case 5	$\sigma_{t,\min} = \text{MIN}[-29.945, -28.502] =$	-29.945	53.913	No
	Load case 6	$\sigma_{t,\min} = \text{MIN}[-13.365, -34.244] =$	-34.244	53.913	No
	Load case 7	$\sigma_{t,\min} = \text{MIN}[-19.114, -25.344] =$	-25.344	53.913	No
	Load case 8	$\sigma_{t,\min} = \text{MIN}[-24.196, -37.402] =$	-37.402	53.913	No

**UHX-13.5.10 Step 10**

$$\sigma_{s,m} = a_o^2 / (t_s^*(D_s + t_s))*[P_e + (\rho_s^2 - 1)*(P_s - P_t)] + a_s^2*P_t / (t_s^*(D_s + t_s))$$

**Condition Operating**

Shell Evaluation			Stress (MPa)	S <sub>s</sub> *E <sub>s,w</sub> (MPa)	SP <sub>s,s</sub> (MPa)	S <sub>s,b</sub> (MPa)	Over-stressed?
New	Load case 1	$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000*[-6,555.2974 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(0 - 7,700.01)] + 410.13^2*7,700.01 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000 =$	7.507	138	N/A	N/A	No
	Load case 2	$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000*[3,268.4793 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(7,700.01 - 0)] + 410.13^2*0 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000 =$	42.394	138	N/A	N/A	No
	Load case 3	$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000*[-3,286.8181 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(7,700.01 - 7,700.01)] + 410.13^2*7,700.01 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000 =$	49.902	138	N/A	N/A	No
	Load case 5	$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000*[333.964 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(0 - 7,700.01)] + 410.13^2*7,700.01 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000 =$	52.69	N/A	484	N/A	No
	Load case 6	$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000*[10,157.74 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(7,700.01 - 0)] + 410.13^2*0 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000 =$	87.577	N/A	484	N/A	No
	Load case 7	$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000*[3,602.4433 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(7,700.01 - 7,700.01)] + 410.13^2*7,700.01 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000 =$	95.084	N/A	484	N/A	No
	Load case 8	$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000*[6,889.2613 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(0 - 0)] + 410.13^2*0 / (25*(700 + 25)) / 1000 =$	45.182	N/A	484	N/A	No
	Corroded	Load case 1	$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000*[-6,525.6752 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(0 - 7,700.01)] + 410.13^2*7,700.01 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000 =$	8.716	138	N/A	N/A
Load case 2		$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000*[3,163.2164 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(7,700.01 - 0)] + 410.13^2*0 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000 =$	47.196	138	N/A	N/A	No
Load case 3		$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000*[-3,362.4588 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(7,700.01 - 7,700.01)] + 410.13^2*7,700.01 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000 =$	55.912	138	N/A	N/A	No
Load case 5		$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000*[-160.3295 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(0 - 7,700.01)] + 410.13^2*7,700.01 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000 =$	55.959	N/A	484	N/A	No
Load case 6		$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000*[9,528.5621 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(7,700.01 - 0)] + 410.13^2*0 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000 =$	94.439	N/A	484	N/A	No
Load case 7		$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000*[3,002.8868 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(7,700.01 - 7,700.01)] + 410.13^2*7,700.01 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000 =$	103.155	N/A	484	N/A	No
Load case 8		$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000*[6,365.3457 + (1.1895501^2 - 1)*(0 - 0)] + 410.13^2*0 / (22*(706 + 22)) / 1000 =$	47.243	N/A	484	N/A	No

**Calculations for Tube side hydrotest Condition**

<b>UHX-9.5</b>			
$h_r = D_E / (3.2 * S) * \text{abs}(P_s - P_t)$			
<b>Condition Tube side hydrotest</b>			
New	Load case 1	$h_r = 807 / (3.2 * 223.2) * \text{abs}(0 - 10,314.63) =$	11.65
<b> Tubesheet Design Thickness to Maintain <math>h_r = 11.65 + 11.2 + 11.2 = 34.05</math> mm</b>			

<b>UHX-13.5.1 Step 1</b>		
<b>Condition Tube side hydrotest</b>		
New	$D_o = 2 * 335.25 + 19.05 =$	689.55
New	$\mu = (25.4 - 19.05) / 25.4 =$	0.25
New	$d^* = \text{MAX}\{[19.05 - 2 * 2.77 * (201,999.998 / 201,999.998) * (161.1 / 223.2) * 0.85], [19.05 - 2 * 2.77]\} =$	15.6511653
New	$p^* = 25.4 / (1 - 4 * \text{MIN}(0, 4 * 689.55 * 25.4) / (\pi * 689.55^2))^{0.5} =$	25.4
New	$\mu^* = (25.399 - 15.6511653) / 25.399 =$	0.383788
	$h_g' =$	0
New	$a_o = 689.55 / 2 =$	344.78
New	$\rho_s = 410.13 / 344.78 =$	1.18955
New	$\rho_c = 410.13 / 344.78 =$	1.18955
New	$x_s = 1 - 537 * (19.05 / (2 * 344.78))^2 =$	0.590143
New	$x_t = 1 - 537 * ((19.05 - 2 * 2.77) / (2 * 344.78))^2 =$	0.793864

<b>UHX-13.5.2 Step 2</b>		
<b>Condition Tube side hydrotest</b>		
New	$K_s = \pi * 25 * (700 + 25) * 201,999.998 / 11,740 =$	979,740.56
New	$K_t = \pi * 2.77 * (19.05 - 2.77) * 201,999.998 / 11,740 =$	2,437.63
New	$K_{s,t} = 979,740.56 / (537 * 2,437.63) =$	0.748462
New	$J = 1$ as no expansion joint used	

<b>UHX-13.5.3 Step 3</b>		
<b>Condition Tube side hydrotest</b>		
New	$h / p = 130 / 25.4 =$	5.1183
New	- from Fig. UHX-11.4(a) $E^* / E =$	0.4393
New	$E^* = 0.439279 * 201,999.998 =$	88,734.351
New	- from Fig. UHX-11.4(b) $v^* =$	0.3181
New	$X_a = [24 * (1 - 0.3181039^2) * 537 * 201,999.998 * 2.77 * (19.05 - 2.77) * 344.78^2 / (88,734.351 * 11,740 * 130^3)]^{0.25} =$	1.53
New	$Z_d =$	0.4193465
New	$Z_v =$	0.1794267
New	$Z_m =$	0.7278439
New	$Z_w =$	0.1794267
New	$Z_a =$	0.5405854

<b>UHX-13.5.4 Step 4</b>		
<b>Condition Tube side hydrotest</b>		
New	$K = 970 / 689.55 =$	1.4067145
New	$F = ((1 - 0.3181039) / 88,734.351) * (0 + 0 + 201,999,998.16 * \ln(1.4067)) / 1000 =$	0.5297356
New	$\Phi = (1 + 0.3181039) * 0.5297356 =$	0.6982466
New	$Q_1 = (1.1895501 - 1 - 0.6982466 * 0.1794267) / (1 + 0.6982466 * 0.7278439) =$	0.0426107
New	$Q_{z1} = (0.4193465 + 0.0426107 * 0.1794267) * 1.5300483^4 / 2 =$	1.1701
New	$Q_{z2} = (0.1794267 + 0.0426107 * 0.7278439) * 1.5300483^4 / 2 =$	0.5767
New	$U = [0.1794267 + (1.1895501 - 1) * 0.7278439] * 1.5300483^4 / (1 + 0.6982466 * 0.7278439) =$	1.1533

<b>UHX-13.5.5 Step 5</b>		
<b>Condition Tube side hydrotest</b>		
New	$\gamma_b = (820.25 - 820.25) / 689.55 =$	0

UHX-13.5.5 Step 5			
Condition Tube side hydrotest			
		$P_s$ (kPa)	$P_t$ (kPa)
Load Case 1		0	10,314.63
New	Load case 1	$\gamma =$	0
New	Load case 1	$\omega_s = 1.1895501 \cdot 0.0 \cdot 0.0 \cdot 0 \cdot (1 + 130 \cdot 0.0) =$	0
New	Load case 1	$\omega_s^* = 344.78^2 \cdot (1.1895501^2 - 1) \cdot (1.1895501 - 1) / 4 - 0.0 =$	2,337.8386
New	Load case 1	$\omega_c = 1.1895501 \cdot 0.0 \cdot 0.0 \cdot 0 \cdot (1 + 130 \cdot 0.0) =$	0
New	Load case 1	$\omega_c^* = 344.78^2 \cdot [(1.1895501^2 + 1) \cdot (1.1895501 - 1) / 4 - (1.1895501 - 1) / 2] - 0.0 =$	2,337.8386

UHX-13.5.6 Step 6			
Condition Tube side hydrotest			
New	Load case 1	$P_s' = (0.5901427 + 2 \cdot (1 - 0.5901427) \cdot 0.3 + 2 / 0.7484617 \cdot (700 / 689.55)^2 \cdot 0.31 - (1.1895501^2 - 1) / (1.0 \cdot 0.7484617) - (1 - 1.0) \cdot [0^2 - 700^2] / (2 \cdot 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 \cdot 689.55^2)) \cdot 0 =$	0
New	Load case 1	$P_t' = (0.7938642 + 2 \cdot (1 - 0.7938642) \cdot 0.3 + 1 / (1.0 \cdot 0.7484617)) \cdot 10,314.63 =$	23,245.26
New	Load case 1	$P_\gamma = 537 \cdot 2,437.63 \cdot 0.0 / (\pi \cdot 344.78^2) \cdot 1000 =$	0
New	Load case 1	$P_w = -1.1533206 \cdot 0 \cdot 6,463,614.18 / (2 \cdot \pi \cdot 344.78^2) \cdot 1000 =$	0
New	Load case 1	$P_{rim} = -1.1533206 / 344.78^2 \cdot (2,337.8385994 \cdot 0 - 2,337.8385994 \cdot 10,314.63) =$	233.96
New	Load case 1	$P_e = 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 / (1 + 1.0 \cdot 0.7484617 \cdot [1.1700657 + (1.1895501 - 1) \cdot 0.5766603]) \cdot (0 - 23,245.26 + 0 + 0 + 233.9628) =$	-8,798.23

UHX-13.5.7 Step 7					
Condition Tube side hydrotest					
New	Load case 1	$Q_2 = ((2,337.8385994 \cdot 0 - 2,337.8385994 \cdot 10,314.63) / 1000 + 0 \cdot 6,463,614.18 / (2 \cdot \pi)) / (1 + 0.6982466 \cdot 0.7278439) =$	-15,988.41		
New	Load case 1	$Q_3 = 0.0426107 + 2 \cdot -15,988.41 / (-8,798.232 \cdot 344.78^2 / 1000) =$	0.0731858		
Tubesheet Bending Stress			Stress (MPa)	Allowable (MPa)	Over-stressed?
New	Load case 1	$\sigma = (1.5 \cdot 0.2245321 / 0.3837881) \cdot (2 \cdot 344.78 / (130 - 0))^2 \cdot -8,798.232 / 1000 =$	-217.229	334.8	No

UHX-13.5.8 Step 8				
Condition Tube side hydrotest				
				Shear Calc Required
New	Load case 1	$\text{abs}(-8,798.232 / 1000) \leq 1.6 * 223.2 * 0.25 * 130 / 344.78 =$	33.66	No

UHX-13.5.9 Step 9					
Condition Tube side hydrotest					
New	Load case 1	$F_{t,\text{min}} = [0.3012754 + 0.0731858 * 0.1760217] * 1.5300483^4 / 2 =$		0.7903	
New	Load case 1	$F_{t,\text{max}} = [0.4193465 + 0.0731858 * 0.1794267] * 1.5300483^4 / 2 =$		1.1851	
New	Load case 1	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 * [(0 * 0.5901427 - 10,314.63 * 0.7938642) - 8,798.232 * 0.7903] =$		-6.064	
New	Load case 1	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 * [(0 * 0.5901427 - 10,314.63 * 0.7938642) - 8,798.232 * 1.1851] =$		10.987	
New	Load case 1	$r_t = (19.05^2 + (19.05 - 2 * 2.77)^2)^{0.5} / 4 =$		5.84	
New	Load case 1	$F_t = 626.4 / 5.84 =$		107.2865	
New	Load case 1	$C_t = (2 * \pi^2 * 201,999.998 / 179)^{0.5} =$		149.2499	
New	Load case 1	$F_s = \text{MAX} [(3.25 - 0.25 * (0.4193465 + 0.0731858 * 0.1794267) * 1.5300483^4), 1.25]$ but not greater than 2 =		2	
New	Load case 1	$S_{tb} = \text{Min}\{179 / 2 * (1 - 107.2865 / (2 * 149.2499)) = 57.332, 161.1\} =$		57.332	
Tube Evaluation			Stress (MPa)	Allowable (MPa)	Over-stressed?
New	Load case 1	$\sigma_{t,\text{max}} = \text{MAX}[ \text{ABS}(-6.064), \text{ABS}(10.987)] =$	10.987	161.1	No
New	Load case 1	$\sigma_{t,\text{min}} = \text{MIN}[-6.064, 10.987] =$	-6.064	57.332	No

UHX-13.5.10 Step 10							
Condition Tube side hydrotest							
Shell Evaluation			Stress (MPa)	$S_s * E_{s,w}$ (MPa)	$S_{ps,s}$ (MPa)	$S_{s,b}$ (MPa)	Over-stressed?
New	Load case 1	$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (25 * (700 + 25)) / 1000 * [-8,798.232 + (1.1895501^2 - 1) * (0 - 10,314.63)] + 410.13^2 * 10,314.63 / (25 * (700 + 25)) / 1000 =$	9.945	235.8	N/A	N/A	No

[Calculations for Shell side hydrotest Condition](#)

<b>UHX-9.5</b>			
$h_{r,operating} = (1.9*W_{m1}*h_G / (S*G))^{0.5}$			
$h_{r,gasket\ seating} = (1.9*W*h_G / (S_a*G))^{0.5}$			
$h_r = \max[h_{r,gasket\ seating}, h_{r,operating}]$			
<b>Condition Shell side hydrotest</b>			
Operating			
New	Load case 2	$h_r = (1.9*6,491,822.21*35.87 / (223.2*820.25))^{0.5} =$	49.16
Gasket Seating			
New	Load case 2	$h_r = (1.9*6,491,822.21*35.87 / (223.2*820.25))^{0.5} =$	49.16
<b> Tubesheet Design Thickness to Maintain <math>h_r = 49.16 + 11.2 + 11.2 = 71.56</math> mm</b>			

<b>UHX-13.5.1 Step 1</b>		
<b>Condition Shell side hydrotest</b>		
New	$D_o = 2*335.25 + 19.05 =$	689.55
New	$\mu = (25.4 - 19.05) / 25.4 =$	0.25
New	$d^* = \text{MAX}[\{19.05 - 2*2.77*(201,999.998 / 201,999.998)*(161.1 / 223.2)^{0.85}, [19.05 - 2*2.77]\} =$	15.6511653
New	$p^* = 25.4 / (1 - 4*\text{MIN}(0, 4*689.55*25.4) / (\pi*689.55^2))^{0.5} =$	25.4
New	$\mu^* = (25.399 - 15.6511653) / 25.399 =$	0.383788
	$h_g^* =$	0
New	$a_o = 689.55 / 2 =$	344.78
New	$\rho_s = 410.13 / 344.78 =$	1.18955
New	$\rho_c = 410.13 / 344.78 =$	1.18955
New	$x_s = 1 - 537*(19.05 / (2*344.78))^2 =$	0.590143
New	$x_t = 1 - 537*((19.05 - 2*2.77) / (2*344.78))^2 =$	0.793864

<b>UHX-13.5.2 Step 2</b>		
<b>Condition Shell side hydrotest</b>		
New	$K_s = \pi*25*(700 + 25)*201,999.998 / 11,740 =$	979,740.56
New	$K_t = \pi*2.77*(19.05 - 2.77)*201,999.998 / 11,740 =$	2,437.63
New	$K_{s,t} = 979,740.56 / (537*2,437.63) =$	0.748462
New	J = 1 as no expansion joint used	

<b>UHX-13.5.3 Step 3</b>		
<b>Condition Shell side hydrotest</b>		
New	$h / p = 130 / 25.4 =$	5.1183
New	- from Fig. UHX-11.4(a) $E^* / E =$	0.4393
New	$E^* = 0.439279 * 201,999.998 =$	88,734.351
New	- from Fig. UHX-11.4(b) $v^* =$	0.3181
New	$X_a = [24 * (1 - 0.3181039^2) * 537 * 201,999.998 * 2.77 * (19.05 - 2.77) * 344.78^2 / (88,734.351 * 11,740 * 130^3)]^{0.25} =$	1.53
New	$Z_d =$	0.4193465
New	$Z_v =$	0.1794267
New	$Z_m =$	0.7278439
New	$Z_w =$	0.1794267
New	$Z_a =$	0.5405854

<b>UHX-13.5.4 Step 4</b>		
<b>Condition Shell side hydrotest</b>		
New	$K = 970 / 689.55 =$	1.4067145
New	$F = ((1 - 0.3181039) / 88,734.351) * (0 + 0 + 201,999,998.16 * \ln(1.4067)) / 1000 =$	0.5297356
New	$\Phi = (1 + 0.3181039) * 0.5297356 =$	0.6982466
New	$Q_1 = (1.1895501 - 1 - 0.6982466 * 0.1794267) / (1 + 0.6982466 * 0.7278439) =$	0.0426107
New	$Q_{z1} = (0.4193465 + 0.0426107 * 0.1794267) * 1.5300483^4 / 2 =$	1.1701
New	$Q_{z2} = (0.1794267 + 0.0426107 * 0.7278439) * 1.5300483^4 / 2 =$	0.5767
New	$U = [0.1794267 + (1.1895501 - 1) * 0.7278439] * 1.5300483^4 / (1 + 0.6982466 * 0.7278439) =$	1.1533

<b>UHX-13.5.5 Step 5</b>		
<b>Condition Shell side hydrotest</b>		
New	$\gamma_b = (820.25 - 820.25) / 689.55 =$	0

UHX-13.5.5 Step 5			
Condition Shell side hydrotest			
		$P_s$ (kPa)	$P_t$ (kPa)
Load Case 2		10,359.65	0
New	Load case 2	$\gamma =$	0
New	Load case 2	$\omega_s = 1.1895501*0.0*0.0*0*(1 + 130*0.0) =$	0
New	Load case 2	$\omega_s^* = 344.78^2*(1.1895501^2 - 1)*(1.1895501 - 1) / 4 - 0.0 =$	2,337.8386
New	Load case 2	$\omega_c = 1.1895501*0.0*0.0*0*(1 + 130*0.0) =$	0
New	Load case 2	$\omega_c^* = 344.78^2*[(1.1895501^2 + 1)*(1.1895501 - 1) / 4 - (1.1895501 - 1) / 2] - 0.0 =$	2,337.8386

UHX-13.5.6 Step 6			
Condition Shell side hydrotest			
New	Load case 2	$P_s' = (0.5901427 + 2*(1 - 0.5901427)*0.3 + 2 / 0.7484617*(700 / 689.55)^2*0.31 - (1.1895501^2 - 1) / (1.0*0.7484617) - (1 - 1.0)*[0^2 - 700^2] / (2*1.0*0.7484617*689.55^2))*10,359.65 =$	11,760.38
New	Load case 2	$P_t' = (0.7938642 + 2*(1 - 0.7938642)*0.3 + 1 / (1.0*0.7484617))*0 =$	0
New	Load case 2	$P_\gamma = 537*2,437.63*0.0 / (\pi*344.78^2)*1000 =$	0
New	Load case 2	$P_w = - 1.1533206*0*6,491,822.21 / (2*\pi*344.78^2)*1000 =$	0
New	Load case 2	$P_{rim} = - 1.1533206 / 344.78^2*(2,337.8385994*10,359.65 - 2,337.8385994*0) =$	-234.98
New	Load case 2	$P_e = 1.0*0.7484617 / (1 + 1.0*0.7484617*[1.1700657 + (1.1895501 - 1)*0.5766603])*(11,760.38 - 0 + 0 + 0 + -234.9839) =$	4,406.67

UHX-13.5.7 Step 7					
Condition Shell side hydrotest					
New	Load case 2	$Q_2 = ((2,337.8385994*10,359.65 - 2,337.8385994*0) / 1000 + 0*6,491,822.21 / (2*\pi)) / (1 + 0.6982466*0.7278439) =$	16,058.18		
New	Load case 2	$Q_3 = 0.0426107 + 2*16,058.18 / (4,406.6671*344.78^2 / 1000) =$	0.1039226		
Tubesheet Bending Stress			Stress (MPa)	Allowable (MPa)	Over-stressed?
New	Load case 2	$\sigma = (1.5*0.2384575 / 0.3837881)*(2*344.78 / (130 - 0))^2*4,406.6671 / 1000 =$	115.549	334.8	No

UHX-13.5.8 Step 8				
Condition Shell side hydrotest				
				Shear Calc Required
New	Load case 2	$\text{abs}(4,406.6671 / 1000) \leq 1.6 * 223.2 * 0.25 * 130 / 344.78 =$	33.66	No

UHX-13.5.9 Step 9					
Condition Shell side hydrotest					
New	Load case 2	$F_{t,\text{min}} = [0.3012754 + 0.1039226 * 0.1760217] * 1.53004834 / 2 =$		0.7754	
New	Load case 2	$F_{t,\text{max}} = [0.4193465 + 0.1039226 * 0.1794267] * 1.53004834 / 2 =$		1.2002	
New	Load case 2	$\sigma_{t,1} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 * [(10,359.65 * 0.5901427 - 0 * 0.7938642) - 4,406.6671 * 0.7754] =$		13.236	
New	Load case 2	$\sigma_{t,2} = 1 / (0.7938642 - 0.5901427) / 1000 * [(10,359.65 * 0.5901427 - 0 * 0.7938642) - 4,406.6671 * 1.2002] =$		4.048	
New	Load case 2	$r_t = (19.05^2 + (19.05 - 2 * 2.77)^2)^{0.5} / 4 =$		5.84	
New	Load case 2	$F_t = 626.4 / 5.84 =$		107.2865	
New	Load case 2	$C_t =$		0	
New	Load case 2	$F_s = \text{MAX} [(3.25 - 0.25 * (0.4193465 + 0.1039226 * 0.1794267) * 1.53004834), 1.25]$ but not greater than 2 =		2	
New	Load case 2	$S_{tb} =$		N/A	
Tube Evaluation			Stress (MPa)	Allowable (MPa)	Over-stressed?
New	Load case 2	$\sigma_{t,\text{max}} = \text{MAX} [ \text{ABS}(13.236), \text{ABS}(4.048) ] =$	13.236	161.1	No
New	Load case 2	$\sigma_{t,\text{min}} = \text{MIN} [13.236, 4.048] =$	4.048	N/A	No

UHX-13.5.10 Step 10									
Condition Shell side hydrotest									
Shell Evaluation					Stress (MPa)	$S_s * E_{s,w}$ (MPa)	$S_{PS,s}$ (MPa)	$S_{s,b}$ (MPa)	Over-stressed?
New	Load case 2	$\sigma_{s,m} = 344.78^2 / (25 * (700 + 25)) / 1000 * [4,406.6671 + (1.1895501^2 - 1) * (10,359.65 - 0)] + 410.13^2 * 0 / (25 * (700 + 25)) / 1000 =$	57.098	235.8	N/A	N/A	No		

[Tube-To-Tubesheet Joint Loads](#)

<b>ASME Tube To Tubesheet Joint Loads - Periphery Of Bundle</b>				
$W_j = \sigma_{t,o} * A_t$				
$L_{max} = A_t * S_a * f_e * f_r * f_y$				
<b>Condition Operating</b>			<b>N</b>	
New	Load case 1	$W_j = 8.231 * 141.672 =$	1,166.0519	
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 92.4 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	9,817.8713	
	Load case 2	$W_j = 9.929 * 141.672 =$	1,406.635	
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 92.4 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	9,817.8713	
	Load case 3	$W_j = 11.225 * 141.672 =$	1,590.2287	
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 92.4 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	9,817.8713	
	Load case 5	$W_j = 31.802 * 141.672 =$	4,505.4686	
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 184.8 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	19,635.74	
	Load case 6	$W_j = 36.673 * 141.672 =$	5,195.4937	
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 184.8 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	19,635.74	
	Load case 7	$W_j = 28.442 * 141.672 =$	4,029.4418	
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 184.8 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	19,635.74	
	Load case 8	$W_j = 39.667 * 141.672 =$	<b>5,619.6705</b>	
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 184.8 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	<b>19,635.74</b>	
	Corroded	Load case 1	$W_j = 8.899 * 141.672 =$	1,260.802
			$L_{max} = 141.672 * 92.4 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	9,817.8713
Load case 2		$W_j = 10.83 * 141.672 =$	1,534.3631	
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 92.4 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	9,817.8713	
Load case 3		$W_j = 12.057 * 141.672 =$	1,708.1678	
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 92.4 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	9,817.8713	
Load case 5		$W_j = 29.945 * 141.672 =$	4,242.3438	
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 184.8 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	19,635.74	
Load case 6		$W_j = 34.244 * 141.672 =$	4,851.4008	
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 184.8 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	19,635.74	
Load case 7		$W_j = 25.344 * 141.672 =$	3,590.5988	
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 184.8 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	19,635.74	
Load case 8		$W_j = 37.402 * 141.672 =$	5,298.7667	
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 184.8 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	19,635.74	
W <sub>j</sub>   <= L <sub>max</sub> indicates the joint strength is adequate for the Operating condition.				

ASME Tube To Tubesheet Joint Loads - Periphery Of Bundle			
$W_j = \sigma_{t,o} * A_t$			
$L_{max} = A_t * S_a * f_e * f_r * f_y$			
Condition Tube side hydrotest			<b>N</b>
New	Load case 1	$W_j = 10.987 * 141.672 =$	1,556.5968
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 161.1 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	17,117.52
W <sub>j</sub>   <= L <sub>max</sub> indicates the joint strength is adequate for the Tube side hydrotest condition.			

ASME Tube To Tubesheet Joint Loads - Periphery Of Bundle			
$W_j = \sigma_{t,o} * A_t$			
$L_{max} = A_t * S_a * f_e * f_r * f_y$			
Condition Shell side hydrotest			<b>N</b>
New	Load case 2	$W_j = 13.236 * 141.672 =$	1,875.2319
		$L_{max} = 141.672 * 161.1 * 1 * 0.75 * 1 =$	17,117.52
W <sub>j</sub>   <= L <sub>max</sub> indicates the joint strength is adequate for the Shell side hydrotest condition.			

## Tubesheet -- TEMA

<b>TEMA A.13 Required Effective Tubesheet Thickness</b>			
<b>Actual Tubesheet Thickness Used, T<sub>Nominal</sub> = 130 mm</b>			
<b>T<sub>Min</sub> effective for bending/shear, corr</b>	= T <sub>Nominal</sub> - Larger (Tube Side Pass Groove Depth, Tube Side Corrosion) - Shell Side Corrosion		
	= 130 - Larger(0, 3) - 3 = 124 mm		
<b>T<sub>Min</sub> effective for bending/shear, new</b>	= T <sub>Nominal</sub> - Larger (Tube Side Pass Groove Depth, Tube Side Corrosion) - Shell Side Corrosion		
	= 130 - Larger(0, 0) - 0 = 130 mm		
<b>T<sub>Min</sub> effective for flanged extension</b>	= T <sub>Nominal</sub> - Gasket Confinement Groove Depth		
	= 130 - 22.4 = 107.6 mm		
<b>Equations used</b>	A.131 (bending)	$\eta = 1 - 0.785/(\text{Pitch}/\text{Tube OD})^2 = 1 - 0.785/(25.4/19.05)^2 = 0.5584$	
		F = 1	
		$T_{\text{bending}} = (F \cdot G/3) \cdot (P/(\eta \cdot S))^{1/2}$	
	A.132 (shear)	$D_L = 4 \cdot A/C$	
		$T_{\text{shear}} = 0.31 \cdot D_L \cdot (P/S)/(1 - d_o/\text{Pitch})$	
		Shear does not control if $(P/S) < 1.6 \cdot (1 - d_o/\text{Pitch})^2$	
A.133 (flanged extension)	r = A/G	$r_{\text{new, shell side}} = 970/820.25 = 1.1826$	
		$r_{\text{new, tube side}} = 970/820.25 = 1.1826$	
	$T_r = 0.98 \cdot (M \cdot (r^2 - 1 + 3.71 \cdot r^2 \cdot \ln(r)) / (S \cdot (A - G) \cdot (1 + 1.86 \cdot r^2)))^{0.5}$		
<b>Operating</b>	Corroded	Shell Side	$T_{\text{bending}} = (1 \cdot 820.25/3) \cdot (3.61/(0.5584 \cdot 138))^{1/2} = 59.18 \text{ mm}$
		P is from <a href="#">A.153</a>	Shear does not control as $(3.61/138) < 1.6 \cdot (1 - 19.05/25.4)^2$
		Tube Side	$T_{\text{bending}} = (1 \cdot 820.25/3) \cdot (4.34/(0.5584 \cdot 138))^{1/2} = 64.91 \text{ mm}$
		P is from <a href="#">A.154</a>	Shear does not control as $(4.34/138) < 1.6 \cdot (1 - 19.05/25.4)^2$
	New	Shell Side	$T_{\text{bending}} = (1 \cdot 820.25/3) \cdot (4.09/(0.5584 \cdot 138))^{1/2} = 62.96 \text{ mm}$
		P is from <a href="#">A.153</a>	Shear does not control as $(3.85/138) < 1.6 \cdot (1 - 19.05/25.4)^2$
		Tube Side	$T_{\text{bending}} = (1 \cdot 820.25/3) \cdot (4.64/(0.5584 \cdot 138))^{1/2} = 67.09 \text{ mm}$
		P is from <a href="#">A.154</a>	Shear does not control as $(4.37/138) < 1.6 \cdot (1 - 19.05/25.4)^2$
<b>Tube side hydrotest</b>	New	Tube Side	$T_{\text{bending}} = (1 \cdot 820.25/3) \cdot (10.93/(0.5584 \cdot 223.2))^{1/2} = 80.97 \text{ mm}$
		P is from <a href="#">A.154</a>	Shear does not control as $(5.88/223.2) < 1.6 \cdot (1 - 19.05/25.4)^2$
			$T_r = 0.98 \cdot (418,002.5 \cdot 1000 \cdot (1.1826^2 - 1 + 3.71 \cdot 1.1826^2 \cdot \ln(1.1826)) / (223.2 \cdot (970 - 820.25) \cdot (1 + 1.86 \cdot 1.1826^2)))^{0.5} = 65.04 \text{ mm}$
<b>Shell side hydrotest</b>	New		

	Shell Side	$T_{\text{bending}} = (1 \cdot 820.25/3) \cdot (4.63 / (0.5584 \cdot 223.2))^{1/2} = 52.72 \text{ mm}$
	P is from <a href="#">A.153</a>	Shear does not control as $(4.37/223.2) < 1.6 \cdot (1 - 19.05/25.4)^2$
		$T_r = 0.98 \cdot (419,826.7 \cdot 1000 \cdot (1.1826^2 - 1 + 3.71 \cdot 1.1826^2 \cdot \ln(1.1826))) / (223.2 \cdot (970 - 820.25) \cdot (1 + 1.86 \cdot 1.1826^2))^{0.5} = 65.19 \text{ mm}$

TEMA A.151 Equivalent Differential Expansion Pressure, Corroded, Required Thickness	
Equations used	J = 1 for shells without expansion joints.
	$K = E_s \cdot t_s \cdot (D_o - t_s) / (E_t \cdot t_t \cdot N \cdot (d - t_t))$
	$\Delta L = L_t \cdot (\alpha_s \cdot (T_m - 70) - \alpha_T \cdot (t_m - 70))$ from T-4.5
	$F_q = 0.25 + (F - 0.6) \cdot ((300 \cdot t_s \cdot E_s / (K \cdot L \cdot E)) \cdot (G/T)^3)^{0.25}$
	$P_d = 4 \cdot J \cdot E_s \cdot t_s \cdot (\Delta L / L_t) / ((D_o - 3 \cdot t_s) \cdot (1 + J \cdot K \cdot F_q))$
Operating	$K = 203,998.499 \cdot 22 \cdot (750 - 22) / (201,466.137 \cdot 2.77 \cdot 537 \cdot (19.05 - 2.77)) = 0.6697$
	$\Delta L = 12,000 \cdot (6.3889E-06 \cdot (25.61 - 70) - 6.4723E-06 \cdot (95.018 - 70)) = -5.35$
	$F_q = 0.25 + (1 - 0.6) \cdot ((300 \cdot 22 \cdot 203,998.499 / (0.6697 \cdot 11,746 \cdot 201,466.137)) \cdot (820.25 / 64.91)^3)^{0.25} = 2.8239$
	$P_d = 1000 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 203,998.5 \cdot 22 \cdot (-5.35 / 12,000) / ((750 - 3 \cdot 22) \cdot (1 + 1 \cdot 0.6697 \cdot 2.8239)) = -4,044.46 \text{ kPa}$

TEMA A.153 Effective Shell Side Design Pressure For Bending, Corroded, Required Thickness			
Equations used	$f_s = 1 - N \cdot (d_o/G)^2 = 1 - 537 \cdot (19.05/820.25)^2 = 0.7104$		
	$P_s' = P_s \cdot (0.4 \cdot J \cdot (1.5 + K \cdot (1.5 + f_s)) - ((1 - J)/2) \cdot (D_o^2/G^2 - 1)) / (1 + J \cdot K \cdot F_q)$	J, K, F <sub>q</sub> are from <a href="#">A.151</a>	
	P = greatest absolute value of P <sub>1</sub> through P <sub>6</sub>	$P_1 = (P_s' - P_d) / 2$	P <sub>d</sub> is from <a href="#">A.151</a>
		$P_2 = P_s'$	
		$P_3 = P_{Bs}$	P <sub>Bs</sub> = 0 (bolt moment not present)
		$P_4 = (P_s' - P_d - P_{Bs}) / 2$	
		$P_5 = (P_{Bs} + P_d) / 2$	
$P_6 = P_s' - P_{Bs}$			
Operating	$P_s' = 7,700.01 \cdot (0.4 \cdot 1 \cdot (1.5 + 0.6697 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7104)) - ((1 - 1)/2) \cdot (820.25^2/820.25^2 - 1)) / (1 + 1 \cdot 0.6697 \cdot 2.8239) = 3,174.95 \text{ kPa}$		
	P = <b>3,609.7 kPa</b>	$P_1 = (3,174.95 - -4,044.46) / 2 = 3,609.7 \text{ kPa}$	
	P <sub>Bs</sub> = 0	$P_2 = 3,174.95 \text{ kPa}$	
	P <sub>d</sub> = -4,044.46	$P_3 = 0 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_4 = (3,174.95 - -4,044.46 - 0) / 2 = 3,609.7 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_5 = (0 + -4,044.46) / 2 = -2,022.23 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_6 = 3,174.95 - 0 = 3,174.95 \text{ kPa}$	

TEMA A.154 Effective Tube Side Design Pressure For Bending, Corroded, Required Thickness				
Equations used	$f_t = 1 - N*((d_o - 2*t_t)/G)^2 = 1 - 537*((19.05 - 2*2.77)/820.25)^2 = 0.8543$			
	$P_t' = P_t*((1 + 0.4*J*K*(1.5 + f_t))/(1 + J*K*F_q))$		J, K, F <sub>q</sub> are from <a href="#">A.151</a>	
	P = greatest absolute value of	when P <sub>s</sub> ' is positive	$P_1 = (P_t' + P_{Bt} + P_d)/2$ $P_2 = P_t' + P_{Bt}$	P <sub>d</sub> is from <a href="#">A.151</a> P <sub>Bt</sub> = 0 (bolt moment not present)
		when P <sub>s</sub> ' is negative	$P_1 = (P_t' - P_{s'} + P_{Bt} + P_d)/2$ $P_2 = P_t' - P_{s'} + P_{Bt}$	P <sub>s</sub> ' is from <a href="#">A.153</a>
Operating	$P_t' = 7,700.01*((1 + 0.4*1*0.6697*(1.5 + 0.8543))/(1 + 1*0.6697*2.8239)) = 4,342.99 \text{ kPa}$			
	P = <b>4,342.99 kPa</b> P <sub>s</sub> ' = 3,174.95 P <sub>d</sub> = -4,044.46 P <sub>Bt</sub> = 0	$P_1 = (4,342.99 + 0 + -4,044.46)/2 = 149.27 \text{ kPa}$ $P_2 = 4,342.99 + 0 = 4,342.99 \text{ kPa}$		

TEMA A.151 Equivalent Differential Expansion Pressure, New, Required Thickness		
Equations used	J = 1 for shells without expansion joints.	
	$K = E_s*t_s*(D_o - t_s) / (E_t*t_t*N*(d - t_t))$	
	$\Delta L = L_t*(\alpha_s*(T_m - 70) - \alpha_T*(t_m - 70))$	from T-4.5
	$F_q = 0.25 + (F - 0.6)*((300*t_s*E_s/(K*L*E))*(G/T)^3)^{0.25}$	
	$P_d = 4*J*E_s*t_s*(\Delta L/L_t)/((D_o - 3*t_s)*(1 + J*K*F_q))$	
Operating	$K = 203,998.499*25*(750 - 25) / (201,466.137*2.77*537*(19.05 - 2.77)) = 0.7579$	
	$\Delta L = 12,000*(6.3889E-06*(25.61-70) - 6.4723E-06*(95.018-70)) = -5.35$	
	$F_q = 0.25 + (1 - 0.6)*((300*25*203,998.499)/(0.7579*11,740*201,466.137))*(820.25/80.97)^3)^{0.25} = \mathbf{2.4333}$	
	$P_d = 1000*4*1*203,998.5*25*(-5.35/12,000)/((750 - 3*25)*(1 + 1*0.7579*2.4333)) = \mathbf{-4,734.27 \text{ kPa}}$	
Tube side hydrotest	$K = 201,999.998*25*(750 - 25) / (201,999.998*2.77*537*(19.05 - 2.77)) = 0.7485$	
	$\Delta L = 12,000*(6.4167E-06*(77-70) - 6.4167E-06*(77-70)) = 0$	
	$F_q = 0.25 + (1 - 0.6)*((300*25*201,999.998)/(0.7485*11,740*201,999.998))*(820.25/80.97)^3)^{0.25} = \mathbf{2.4333}$	
	$P_d = 1000*4*1*202,000*25*(0/12,000)/((750 - 3*25)*(1 + 1*0.7485*2.4333)) = \mathbf{0 \text{ kPa}}$	
Shell side hydrotest	$K = 201,999.998*25*(750 - 25) / (201,999.998*2.77*537*(19.05 - 2.77)) = 0.7485$	
	$\Delta L = 12,000*(6.4167E-06*(77-70) - 6.4167E-06*(77-70)) = 0$	
	$F_q = 0.25 + (1 - 0.6)*((300*25*201,999.998)/(0.7485*11,740*201,999.998))*(820.25/80.97)^3)^{0.25} = \mathbf{2.4333}$	
	$P_d = 1000*4*1*202,000*25*(0/12,000)/((750 - 3*25)*(1 + 1*0.7485*2.4333)) = \mathbf{0 \text{ kPa}}$	

TEMA A.152 Equivalent Bolting Pressure, New	
Equations used	$P_{Bt} = 6.2*M_1/(F^2*G^3)$
	$P_{Bs} = 6.2*M_2/(F^2*G^3)$
Tube side hydrotest	$P_{Bt} = 6.2*1e6*418,002.5/(1^2*820.25^3) = 4,695.97 \text{ kPa}$
	$P_{Bs} = 6.2*1e6*231,868.2/(1^2*820.25^3) = 2,604.88 \text{ kPa}$
Shell side hydrotest	$P_{Bt} = 6.2*1e6*419,826.7/(1^2*820.25^3) = 4,716.46 \text{ kPa}$
	$P_{Bs} = 6.2*1e6*232,880.1/(1^2*820.25^3) = 2,616.25 \text{ kPa}$

**TEMA A.153 Effective Shell Side Design Pressure For Bending, New, Required Thickness**

<b>Equations used</b>	$f_s = 1 - N \cdot (d_o/G)^2 = 1 - 537 \cdot (19.05/820.25)^2 = 0.7104$		
	$P_s' = P_s \cdot (0.4 \cdot J \cdot (1.5 + K \cdot (1.5 + f_s)) - ((1 - J)/2) \cdot (D_j^2/G^2 - 1)) / (1 + J \cdot K \cdot F_q)$	J, K, F <sub>q</sub> are from <a href="#">A.151</a>	
	P = greatest absolute value of P <sub>1</sub> through P <sub>6</sub>	$P_1 = (P_s' - P_d)/2$	P <sub>d</sub> is from <a href="#">A.151</a>
		$P_2 = P_s'$	
		$P_3 = P_{Bs}$	P <sub>Bs</sub> is from <a href="#">A.152</a>
		$P_4 = (P_s' - P_d - P_{Bs})/2$	
		$P_5 = (P_{Bs} + P_d)/2$	
$P_6 = P_s' - P_{Bs}$			
<b>Operating</b>	$P_s' = 7,700.01 \cdot (0.4 \cdot 1 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7579 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7104)) - ((1 - 1)/2) \cdot (820.25^2/820.25^2 - 1)) / (1 + 1 \cdot 0.7579 \cdot 2.4333) = 3,438.54 \text{ kPa}$		
	P = <b>4,086.41 kPa</b>  P <sub>Bs</sub> = 0  P <sub>d</sub> = -4,734.27	$P_1 = (3,438.54 - -4,734.27)/2 = 4,086.41 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_2 = 3,438.54 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_3 = 0 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_4 = (3,438.54 - -4,734.27 - 0)/2 = 4,086.41 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_5 = (0 + -4,734.27)/2 = -2,367.14 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_6 = 3,438.54 - 0 = 3,438.54 \text{ kPa}$	
<b>Tube side hydrotest</b>	$P_s' = 0 \cdot (0.4 \cdot 1 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7485 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7104)) - ((1 - 1)/2) \cdot (820.25^2/820.25^2 - 1)) / (1 + 1 \cdot 0.7485 \cdot 2.4333) = 0 \text{ kPa}$		
	P = <b>2,604.88 kPa</b>  P <sub>Bs</sub> = 2,604.88  P <sub>d</sub> = 0	$P_1 = (0 - 0)/2 = 0 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_2 = 0 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_3 = 2,604.88 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_4 = (0 - 0 - 2,604.88)/2 = -1,302.44 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_5 = (2,604.88 + 0)/2 = 1,302.44 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_6 = 0 - 2,604.88 = -2,604.88 \text{ kPa}$	
<b>Shell side hydrotest</b>	$P_s' = 10,359.65 \cdot (0.4 \cdot 1 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7485 \cdot (1.5 + 0.7104)) - ((1 - 1)/2) \cdot (820.25^2/820.25^2 - 1)) / (1 + 1 \cdot 0.7485 \cdot 2.4333) = 4,633.23 \text{ kPa}$		
	P = <b>4,633.23 kPa</b>  P <sub>Bs</sub> = 2,616.25  P <sub>d</sub> = 0	$P_1 = (4,633.23 - 0)/2 = 2,316.61 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_2 = 4,633.23 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_3 = 2,616.25 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_4 = (4,633.23 - 0 - 2,616.25)/2 = 1,008.49 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_5 = (2,616.25 + 0)/2 = 1,308.12 \text{ kPa}$	
		$P_6 = 4,633.23 - 2,616.25 = 2,016.98 \text{ kPa}$	

**TEMA A.154 Effective Tube Side Design Pressure For Bending, New, Required Thickness**

<b>Equations used</b>	$f_t = 1 - N*((d_o - 2*t_t)/G)^2 = 1 - 537*((19.05 - 2*2.77)/820.25)^2 = 0.8543$			
	$P_t' = P_t*((1 + 0.4*J*K*(1.5 + f_t))/(1 + J*K*F_q))$		J, K, F <sub>q</sub> are from <a href="#">A.151</a>	
	P = greatest absolute value of	when P <sub>s</sub> ' is positive	$P_1 = (P_t' + P_{Bt} + P_d)/2$ $P_2 = P_t' + P_{Bt}$	P <sub>d</sub> is from <a href="#">A.151</a> P <sub>Bt</sub> is from <a href="#">A.152</a>
		when P <sub>s</sub> ' is negative	$P_1 = (P_t' - P_s' + P_{Bt} + P_d)/2$ $P_2 = P_t' - P_s' + P_{Bt}$	P <sub>s</sub> ' is from <a href="#">A.153</a>
<b>Operating</b>	$P_t' = 7,700.01*((1 + 0.4*1*0.7579*(1.5 + 0.8543))/(1 + 1*0.7579*2.4333)) = 4,639.65 \text{ kPa}$			
	P = <b>4,639.65 kPa</b> P <sub>s</sub> ' = 3,438.54 P <sub>d</sub> = -4,734.27 P <sub>Bt</sub> = 0	$P_1 = (4,639.65 + 0 + -4,734.27)/2 = -47.31 \text{ kPa}$ $P_2 = 4,639.65 + 0 = 4,639.65 \text{ kPa}$		
<b>Tube side hydrotest</b>	$P_t' = 10,314.63*((1 + 0.4*1*0.7485*(1.5 + 0.8543))/(1 + 1*0.7485*2.4333)) = 6,233.13 \text{ kPa}$			
	P = <b>10,929.1 kPa</b> P <sub>s</sub> ' = 0 P <sub>d</sub> = 0 P <sub>Bt</sub> = 4,695.97	$P_1 = (6,233.13 + 4,695.97 + 0)/2 = 5,464.55 \text{ kPa}$ $P_2 = 6,233.13 + 4,695.97 = 10,929.1 \text{ kPa}$		
<b>Shell side hydrotest</b>	$P_t' = 0*((1 + 0.4*1*0.7485*(1.5 + 0.8543))/(1 + 1*0.7485*2.4333)) = 0 \text{ kPa}$			
	P = <b>4,716.46 kPa</b> P <sub>s</sub> ' = 4,633.23 P <sub>d</sub> = 0 P <sub>Bt</sub> = 4,716.46	$P_1 = (0 + 4,716.46 + 0)/2 = 2,358.23 \text{ kPa}$ $P_2 = 0 + 4,716.46 = 4,716.46 \text{ kPa}$		

## Tubesheet Maximum Pressure Report

<b>ASME Tubesheet Maximum Pressure Ratings</b>				
Description		Operating	Tube side MAP	Shell side MAP
<b>Tube Side</b>	Pressure (kPa)	8,970.11	9,665.9	0
	Tubesheet Static Pressure (kPa)	0	0	0
	Design temperature (°C)	85	25	25
<b>Shell Side</b>	Pressure (kPa)	17,365.01	0	18,255.68
	Tubesheet Static Pressure (kPa)	0	0	0
	Design temperature (°C)	85	25	25
<b>Tubes</b>	Design temperature (°C)	85	25	25
	Mean temperature (°C)	35.01	25	25
<b>Shell</b>	Mean temperature (°C)	-3.55	25	25
<b>Tubesheet</b>	Design temperature (°C)	85	25	25
	Mean temperature (°C)	35.01	25	25

<b>TEMA Tubesheet Maximum Pressure Ratings</b>				
Description		Operating	Tube side MAP	Shell side MAP
<b>Tube Side</b>	Pressure (kPa)	20,451.11	20,684.11	0
	Tubesheet Static Pressure (kPa)	0	0	0
	Design temperature (°C)	85	25	25
<b>Shell Side</b>	Pressure (kPa)	20,684.11	0	20,684.11
	Tubesheet Static Pressure (kPa)	0	0	0
	Design temperature (°C)	85	25	25
<b>Tubes</b>	Design temperature (°C)	85	25	25
	Mean temperature (°C)	35.01	25	25
<b>Shell</b>	Mean temperature (°C)	-3.55	25	25
<b>Tubesheet</b>	Design temperature (°C)	85	25	25
	Mean temperature (°C)	35.01	25	25