Subject: - G&L Hydro-Planer Mill - Spindle Gear Range Torque Calc

## Date: 9/13/13

Torque Formula T = (Hp \* 5252) / RPM(@Spdl)

In order to calc torque at spindle, there are a couple factors that need confirmed:

1. As motor RPM is reduced below its Base Speed(1800) the Hp reduces proportionally.

## YES

- 2. As motor RPM is increased above its Base Speed(1800) the Hp is constant.
  - 1. YES
- 3. RPM in the formula above, is based on the RPM at the Spindle(?).
  - 1. YES since T is also as Spindle.

## High Range Torque:

214RPM @ Spdl (1200RPM @ Motor) = (50\*5252)/214 = 1227Ft-lbs 321RPM @ Spdl (1800RPM @ Motor) = (75\*5252)/321 = 1227Ft-lbs 600RPM @ Spdl (3365RPM @ Motor) = (75\*5252)/600 = 656Ft-lbs

## Mid-High Range Torque:

80RPM @ Spdl (900RPM @ Motor) = (37.5\*5252)/80 = 2462Ft-lbs 160RPM @ Spdl (1800RPM @ Motor) = (75\*5252)/160 = 2456Ft-lbs 214RPM @ Spdl (2400RPM @ Motor) = (75\*5252)/214 = 1840Ft-lbs

Mid-Low Range Torque:

39RPM @ Spdl (1200RPM @ Motor) = (50\*5252)/<del>214</del> 39= 6733Ft-lbs 58RPM @ Spdl (1800RPM @ Motor) = (75\*5252)/<del>214</del> 58= 6791Ft-lbs 80RPM @ Spdl (2475RPM @ Motor) = (75\*5252)/<del>600</del> 80= 4923Ft-lbs

Low Range Torque:

19RPM @ Spdl (1200RPM @ Motor) =  $(50*5252)/\frac{214}{214}$  19 =  $\frac{13542}{13821}$ Ft-lbs 29RPM @ Spdl (1800RPM @ Motor) =  $(75*5252)/\frac{214}{214}$  29 = 13582Ft-lbs 39RPM @ Spdl (2400RPM @ Motor) =  $(75*5252)/\frac{214}{214}$  39 = 10100Ft-lbs

**Recommendation #1**: Set the smallest gear ratio (5.6087), use the High/Low shifter to get (30.942) ratio for low speeds, add 2-speed gearbox to Motor Input Shaft (1:1 & 2:1) to produce <u>4</u> gear ranges and RPM's of <u>29–877 at the spindle</u> (1800-4920 at Motor, 30-82Hz).

Gear Range	Spindle Speed	Motor Speed	Drive Hertz
High = 5.6087	214-600	1200-3365	40-112
Mid-High = 11.2174	80-214	900-2400	30-80
Mid-Low = 30.942	39-80	1200-2475	40-82.5
Low = 61.884	19-39	1200-2400	40-80