INCH-POUND

MIL-A-12560H(MR) 28 November 1990 SUPERSEDING MIL-A-12560G(MR) 15 August 1984

MILITARY SPECIFICATION

ARMOR PLATE, STEEL, WROUGHT, HOMOGENEOUS (FOR USE IN COMBAT-VEHICLES AND FOR AMMUNITION TESTING)

This specification is approved for use by the Materials Technology Laboratory, Department of the Army, and is available for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. SCOPE

1.1 <u>Scope</u>. This specification covers wrought-steel homogeneous armor plate in thicknesses from 1/4 to 6 inches inclusive for use in combat-vehicles and 1/4 to 12 inches inclusive for use in proof and acceptance testing of armor defeating ammunition (see 6.1 and 6.4.3).

1.2 <u>Classification</u>. Wrought armor shall be of the following classes as specified (see 6.1).

1.2.1 <u>Class 1</u>. Wrought armor plate which is heat treated to develop maximum resistance to penetration.

1.2.2 <u>Class 2</u>. Wrought armor plate which is heat treated to develop maximum resistance to shock.

1.2.3 <u>Class 3</u>. Wrought armor plate which is heat treated to develop specific hardness and impact values for evaluation of armor defeating ammunition only. This class armor is not intended for use in combat-vehicles. To meet the thickness tolerances of this class armor special surface finishing may be required.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 Government documents.

2.1.1 <u>Specifications, standards, and handbooks</u>. The following specifications, standards, and handbooks form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of these documents are those listed in the issue of the Department of Defense Index of Specifications and Standards (DODISS) and supplement thereto, cited in the solicitation (see 6.2).

Beneficial comments (recommendations, additions, deletions) and any pertinent data which may be of use in improving this document should be addressed to: Director, U.S. Army Laboratory Command, Materials Technology Laboratory, ATTN: SLCMT-MEE, Watertown, MA 02172-0001 by using the Standardization Document Improvement Proposal (DD Form 1426) appearing at the end of this document or by letter.

AMSC N/A DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A FSC 9515

STANDARDS

MILITARY

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MIL-STD-367 - Armor Test Data Reporting
MIL-STD-410 - Nondestructive Testing Personnel Qualification and
Certification
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(Unless otherwise indicated, copies of federal and military specifications, standards, and handbooks are available from the Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.)

2.1.2 Other Government documents, drawings, and publications. The following other Government documents, drawings, and publications form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues are those cited in the solicitation.

USATECOM TOP 2-2-710 - Ballistic Tests of Armor Materials QSTAG 335 - Certification of Personnel for Ultrasonic Inspection

(Application for copies should be addressed to the Director, Defense Technical Information Center, ATTN: DDR, Cameron Station, Alexandria, VA 22314)

2.2 <u>Non-Government publications</u>. The following documents form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of the documents which are DoD adopted are those listed in the issue of the DODISS cited in the solicitation. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of documents not listed in the DODISS are the issues of the documents cited in the solicitation (see 6.2).

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM)

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| AS | TM | A578 | * | Straight-Beam Ultrasonic Examination of Plain and Clad Carbon |
|----|----|------|---|---|
| | | | | Steel Plates for Special Application |
| AS | TM | A751 | - | Methods, Practices, and Definitions for Chemical Analysis of |
| | | | | Steel Products |
| AS | тм | E10 | - | Brinell Hardness of Metallic Materials |
| AS | ΤM | E18 | - | Rockwell Hardness and Rockwell Superficial Hardness of |
| | | | | Metallic Materials |
| AS | тм | E23 | - | Notched Bar Impact Testing of Metallic Materials |
| AS | TΜ | E110 | | Test Method for Indentation Hardness of Metallic Materials by |
| | | | | Portable Hardness Testers under ASTM E23 - Notched Bar Impace |
| | | | | Testing of Metallic Materials |
| | | | | |

(Application for copies should be addressed to the American Society for Testing and Materials, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103.)

(Technical society and technical association specifications and standards are generally available for reference from libraries. They are also distributed among technical groups and using Federal agencies.)

2.3 Order of precedence. In the event of a conflict between the text of this document and the references cited herein, the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

3. REQUIREMENTS

3.1 <u>First article</u>. When specified in the contract or purchase order (see 4.2.1.1.2, 6.2, 6.9 and 6.11), a sample or samples of the specified item shall be made available to the contracting officer or his authorized representative for approval in accordance with 4.2.1.1. The approval of the first article samples authorizes the commencement of shipment but does not relieve the supplier of responsibility for compliance with all applicable provisions of this specification. The first article samples and test plates shall be manufactured by the process proposed for use on production armor. The manufacturer's declared chemical analysis must be submitted to the contracting agency and to the ballistic test agency. The ballistic test agency will record the first article ballistic test plates submitted, showing the dates tested.

3.1.1 <u>First time producer</u>. First time producers wishing to qualify to this specification should follow the instructions of 6.8.

3.2 Acceptance requirements.

3.2.1 Materials.

3.2.1.1 <u>Structure</u>. Processes of manufacture shall be such as to produce steel plate having, as nearly as practicable, a homogeneous structure throughout.

3.2.2 <u>Chemical composition</u>. The product analysis of all plates within a heat shall conform to the requirements of table I unless otherwise negotiated between the steel supplier and the contractor (see 6.12). All limits as specified in table I (including any deviations negotiated) shall be submitted in advance to the procuring activity. The contractor may establish and submit separate limits for each thickness of plate to be furnished (see 6.5). A statement showing the product analysis of each melt and complete details of the heat treatment of each lot shall be furnished for the files of the procuring activity at no cost to the procuring activity. All elements of chemical composition shall be shown in the statement. The chemical composition range established by the producer and the chemical analysis of the material submitted shall be reported in accordance with MIL-STD-367, (see 6.2.2 and 6.7.)

3.2.3 <u>Heat treatment</u>. All plates in each lot, including samples, shall receive the same heat treatment except for such variations in tempering temperature as may be necessary to produce the prescribed hardness. The austenitizing temperature for production plates may vary within a range of 50° above the temperature used for test plates, but in no case shall it exceed $1700^{\circ}F$ (see 6.13).

3.2.4 Processing controls.

3.2.4.1 <u>Heating</u>. Stress relieving the plates, local or general, shall be allowed after final quenching and tempering at a maximum temperature of 50° F below the tempering temperature. Plates shall not be stress relieved in a temperature range of $600-800^{\circ}$ F. After stress relieving, the plates shall be tested for hardness and shall meet the requirements of table II.

| ELEMENT | MAXIMUM RANGE PERCENT | MAXIMUM LIMIT PERCENT |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| CARBON | 0.10 | 0.30 up to 2" thick, incl. 0.33 over 2" up to 4" 0.35 over 4" |
| MANGANESE: | | |
| Up to 1.00% incl. Over 1.00% | 0.30 0.40 | |
| PHOSPHORUS | | 0.025 |
| SULFER | | 0.015 |
| SILICON: | | |
| Up to 0.60% incl. | 0.20 | |
| Over 0.60% to 1.00% incl. | 0.30 | |
| Over 1.00% | 0.40 | |
| NICKEL | 0.50 | |
| CHROMIUM: | | |
| Up to 1.25% incl. | 0.30 | |
| Over 1.25% | 0.40 | |
| MOLYBDENUM: | | |
| Up to 0.20% incl. | 0.07 | |
| Over 0.20% | 0.15 | |
| VANADIUM: | 0.10 | |
| BORON | | <u>2</u> / |
| COPPER | | 0.25 <u>3</u> / |
| TITANIUM | | 0.10 <u>3</u> / |
| ZIRCONIUM | | 0.10 <u>3/</u> |
| ALUMINUM | | 0.10 <u>3</u> / |
| LEAD | | 0.01 |
| TIN | | 0.02 <u>3</u> / |
| ANTIMONY | | 0.02 <u>3</u> / |
| ARSENIC | · | 0.02 <u>3</u> / |

TABLE I. Chemical composition (product analysis). 1/

 $\underline{1}$ / This table lists the maximum range for elements of the manufacturer's established chemical composition.

2/ When the amount of boron is specified in the alloy, its content so determined by heat analysis shall not exceed 0.003 percent.

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3/ When the amount of an element is less than 0.02 percent the analysis may be reported as 0.02 percent.

3.2.4.2 <u>Repairing</u>. Unless otherwise approved by the procuring activity, weld repairs shall not be made on any plates.

3.2.4.3 <u>Forming</u>. Forming after the final quenching and tempering operations shall not be done except when authorized by the procuring activity.

3.2.4.4 <u>Grinding</u>. Grinding is not required but may be performed to remove minor defects not affecting the serviceability of the material provided that, unless otherwise authorized by the procuring activity, the grinding does not result in the reduction of the plate thickness in the ground area to less than the tolerances specified in tables III, IV, or V as applicable.

3.2.5 Mechanical properties.

3.2.5.1 <u>Surface hardness</u>. The average surface hardness of each plate including first article samples shall be within the HB range shown in table II for the applicable class and thickness. The diameters of Brinell hardness impressions on any individual plate shall not vary by more than 0.15 mm.

3.2.5.2 <u>Impact</u>. The Charpy V-notch impact test results of armor plate submitted shall meet the requirements shown in table VI for the applicable hardness and thickness. The Charpy V-notch impact specimens shall be obtained in both the TL orientation (i.e., transverse to the major direction of rolling with the notch perpendicular to the plate surface so that the crack will propagate in the longitudinal direction) and the LT orientation (i.e., parallel to the major direction of rolling).

3.2.5.3 <u>Bend test</u>. When specified in the contract or order a bend test shall be performed. Bend test criteria shall be agreed upon by the supplier and fabricator.

3.2.6 <u>Ballistic requirements</u>. Ballistic requirements for class 1 and class 3 wrought homogeneous armor shall be in accordance with the Appendix of this specification. Class 2 armor shall not be subject to ballistic test requirements.

3.2.7 Dimensions and tolerances.

3.2.7.1 <u>Dimensions</u>. Classes 1 and 2 armor plate shall comply with the dimensions and tolerances specified on applicable drawings or in the contract (see 6.2). Class 3 armor tolerances on length and width dimensions shall be plus 1 1/2 inches and minus zero.

3.2.7.2 Thickness.

3.2.7.2.1 <u>Thickness Measurements (Class 1 and Class 2 Armor)</u>. Three thickness measurements will be taken along each side of the length of each plate (one near each end and one in the middle) and two thickness measurements will be taken on each end (about 1/3 of the distance from each edge) for a total of 10 measurements. Measurements will be made in accordance with 4.5.2. The acceptance of each plate will be based on these measurements meeting the thickness requirements set forth in table III or IV as applicable.

| Specif thickr | fied nominal ness of plate (inches) | Armor class | Brinell hardness range (BHN) (3000-Kg load) | Brinell indentation diameters (millimeters) | Rockwell C hardness (HRC) range |
|------------------|---|----------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| From | <u>To and</u> including | | | | |
| 0.250 | 0.499 | 1&3 | 341-388 | 3,30-3,10 | 36.6-41.8 |
| 0.500 | 0.749 | 1&3 | 331-375 | 3.35-3.15 | 35,4-40.5 |
| 0.750 | 1.249 | 1&3 | 321-375 | 3.40-3.15 | 34.3-40.5 |
| 1.250 | 1.990 | 1&3 | 293-331 | 3.55-3.35 | 30.9-35.4 |
| 2.000 | 3.990 | 183 | 269-311 | 3.70-3.45 | 27.7-33.0 |
| 4,000 | 6,000 | 1&3 | 241-277 | 3,90-3,65 | 22.7-28.7 |
| 6.001 | 6.999 | 3 | 241-277 | 3,90-3,65 | 22.7-28.7 |
| 7.000 | 8,999 | 3 | 223-262 | 4.05-3,75 | 19,2-26,7 |
| 9.000 | 12,000 | 3 | 212-248 | 4.15-3.85 | 16.4-24.2 |
| 0.250 | 1.250 | 2 | 277-321 | 3.65-3.40 | 28,7-34,3 |

TABLE II. Hardness requirements.

3.2.7.2.2 Thickness Measurements (Class 3 Armor). The thickness of all Class 3 plates shall be determined by measurements made one foot on centers over the entire surface of each plate. The measurements will be to the nearest thousandth of an inch. The acceptance of each plate will be based on these measurements meeting the thickness requirements of table V for Class 3 armor.

3.2.7.2.3 <u>Thickness Tolerances</u>. The thickness tolerances of each plate, after final treatment, shall be in accordance with tables III and IV for Classes 1 and 2 armor or with table V for Class 3 armor.

3.2.7.3 <u>Flatness</u>. Unless otherwise specified in the contract or order, (see 6.2) the flatness tolerance of each plate shall be within the requirements specified in table VII. Tighter tolerance requirements may be specified in the contract or order and shall be as agreed upon between the contractor and the procuring activity.

3.2.7.4 <u>Waviness</u>. Unless otherwise specified in the contract or order, (see 6.2) the waviness tolerance of each plate shall be within the requirements of table VIII for the applicable thickness.

3.2.8 <u>Identification marking</u>. Identification marking and records shall be such as to ensure positive identification of all plates, including test samples and specimens, with the lot and corresponding heat from which they were produced. First article and acceptance ballistic test plates shall also be marked with the manufacturer's name or trademark, the number of this specification, and the ordered plate thickness in inches. First article plates shall be marked "PRE", acceptance plates "ACC" and retest plates will be marked "Rl" and "R2". If a second set of retest plates are submitted they shall be marked "RR1" and "RR2". The marking shall be approximately 1/16 inch deep and approximately 1/2 inch high and located along the edge with the lifting hole, if present, and shall be stamped into the surface unless the

plate hardness makes painting necessary. All plate markings shall be highlighted with a highly visible yellow or orange border such as fluorescent paint or highlighted with a special white paint intended to delineate and highlight stamping. The primary plate rolling direction shall be identified. Manufacturers supplying armor to be used for proving ground testing of ammunition are required to:

a. Mark each class 3 plate with one foot square blocks showing thickness at the center of each block. The acceptance of each plate will be based on these measurements meeting the thickness requirements set forth in table V.

b. Stamp each plate "HOMO, CLASS 3, MIL-A-12560, plate No. ____, heat No. ____." Stamping shall be approximately 1/2 inch high letters to a depth approximately 1/16 inch. Location of stamping for all plates will be in the upper right hand corner.

3.2.9 <u>Information required</u>. A statement showing the product analysis of each melt and complete details of the heat treatment of each lot shall be furnished for the files of the procuring activity. All elements of the chemical composition shall be shown in the statement, including special additives or hardening agents, whether shown in table I or not.

3.2.10 Workmanship.

3.2.10.1 <u>Surface imperfections</u>. The top and bottom surface of each plate shall be free from the following surface defects: slivers, laps, checks, seams, blisters, snakes, cold shuts, cracks, burning, and laminations (see 6.4). The surface of each plate shall be such that mill scale or oxidation product shall not interfere with determination of acceptability. Imperfections listed above which are of such a nature as to affect the fabrication of the material, are rejectable.

3.2.10.1.1 Depth of imperfections. The depth of rolled-in scale, scale pitting, mechanical gouges, or snakes shall not exceed 0.015 inch and shall not reduce the steel thickness below the allowable minimum. Isolated individual pits over 0.015 inch deep but not over 0.03 inch deep and not within 6 inches of each other and which do not violate the minimum allowable thickness, as specified in the applicable drawings and fabrication documents, are acceptable.

3.2.10.2 Edge preparation. Thermal cutting shall be permitted after final heat treatment provided the procedure, which may include grinding after thermal cutting, is such that no cracks develop on any thermally cut edge whether detected by nondestructive inspection, or as agreed upon in the contract. The heat affected zone of thermally cut plates (up to and including 1/2-inch in thickness) shall not exceed 1.2 times the plates thickness from the cut edge. For plates over 1/2-inch thick, the heat affected zone shall not exceed 5/8-inch from the cut edge. In order to have the heat affected zone exceed these limits approval shall be obtained from the procuring activity. Thickness tolerances for Class 1 and Class 2 armor plates up to 2" thick inclusive. TABLE III.

and 182" OVEL 168" to 043 182ª excl. 048 .048 .058 036 036 .036 043 053 036 .043 ļ | İ Tolerances over and under ordered thickness for widths given 72" to 84" to 96" to 108" to 120" to 132" to 144" to 168" excl. 039 043 .043 043 .048 .048 .053 .053 .058 031 031 .031 031 .031 039 .039 .043 Ì 144" excl. .036 .036 026 .026 .026 026 .031 .031 .031 .031 .031 .036 .036 .039 .043 .043 .048 .048 excl. 132" .031 .036 .036 .039 .043 .023 023 023 .026 .026 026 031 031 031 120" .023 .036 036 excl 019 023 .023 .023 .023 .023 .026 .026 .026 .026 .031 031 .031 036 036 010 .023 108" excl. 019 010 019 019 019 0T9. 019 .023 .023 .026 .026 .026 026 .026 .031 .031 .031 .031 .036 019 excl. ₽96 019 019 .019 026 026 036 019 019 019 0T0. .023 023 031 010 031 .031 excl. 016 016 .016 016 e10. 019 .023 .023 026 026 031 .031 .031 036 84" 60" to 72" excl ને e0ª e H 5/16 3/8 3/16 7/16 9/16 9/16 11/16 13/16 1-1/16 1-1/16 1-1/16 1-1/4 1-1/4 1-1/4 1-1/4 1-5/16 1-3/8 1-3/16 1-3/8 1/4 Specified **Chickness** Inches

Thickness tolerances in inches over and under ordered thickness 1/ for a single plate 2 inches and under in thickness 2/

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.070

.070

.070

.063

058 058 063 063 068 068 .068

048

.043 .043 .048 048 048

.036 .036 .036 .039 .039 .043 043 043 043

036 036 036

.036 036 036 .039 039 043 043 043 043

> -9/16 --5/8

-1/2

.043 043

.039

039 043 043

1-3/4 1-13/16 -11/16

-15/16

-7/8

.039

053 .053 .058 058 058 .063 063

.078 078 078

> .053 .053 053 053

.043 .048 048 048

.084 084

076

076

048

043

043

In case of For intermediate thickness, the tolerance of the closer specified gage shall apply. the tolerance for lower gage or interpolated value shall apply. mid-point, 님

When plates under 60" are rolled double width, the equivalent wider plate tolerances shall apply. N

TABLE IV. Thickness tolerances for Class 1 armor plates over 2* thick.

Thickness tolerances in inches over and under ordered thickness for single plate over 2 inches in thickness when ordered to thickness in inches.

| Spe thi | cified ckness | Tolerances Under 60 | over and under 60" to 84" | specified 84" to 120 | thickness for 120" to 132" | widths given 132 ^m and |
|------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| in | ches | excl. | excl. | excl. | excl. | over |
| Fro | <u>m To</u> | | | | | |
| 2 | - 4, exc | 21. 1/ | .060 | .068 | .068 | .076 |
| 4 | - 6. inc | $\frac{1}{1}$ | .076 | .076 | .083 | .091 |
| 6 | -8.inc | $\frac{1}{1}$ | .091 | .091 | .098 | .107 |
| 8 | -10. inc | $\frac{1}{1}$ | .107 | .107 | .122 | .138 |
| 10 | - 12, inc | :1. <u>1</u> / | .138 | .138 | .144 | .160 |

1/ When plates under 60" are rolled double width, the equivalent wider plate tolerances shall apply.

| IADUG | armor | plate.1/ |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Permissible variation |
| Specifi (I | ed plate thickness nches) | plus or minus (Inches) |
| Over | To and including | |
| 0.250 | 0.500 | 0.015 |
| 0.500 | 1,125 | .020 |
| 1.125 | 1.499 | •025 |
| 1.499 | 1.749 | .030 |
| 1.749 | 1.999 | •035 |
| 1.999 | 2,999 | .040 |
| 2,999 | 4.000 | .045 |
| 4.000 | 6.000 | .075 |
| 6.000 | 8.000 | .083 |
| 8.000 | 10.000 | •098 |
| 10.000 | 12.000 | .122 |

Whickness tolerances for class 3

1/ This armor is not intended for use in combat vehicles. To obtain these thickness tolerances special surfacing finishing may be required.

| Brinell | Plate | Minimum im | pact valu | les |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------|---------|
| hardness (BHN) | thickness | (average of | two or 1 | nore |
| average | <u>(inches)</u> | test specim | ens), ft. | lbs. |
| | | Speci | men Size | |
| | | Standard 3/4 | width 1/2 | 2 width |
| | | | | |
| 207 | 4-12 incl. | 65 | | |
| 212 | H | 63 | | |
| 217 | Ħ | 61 | | |
| 223 | Ħ | 59 | | |
| 229 | Π | 57 | | |
| 235 | H | 55 | • | |
| 241 | | 53 | | |
| 248 | π | 50 | | |
| 255 | | 47 | | |
| 262 | H | 44 | | |
| . 269 | | 40 | | |
| 277 | n | 37 | | |
| 285 | π | 33 | | |
| 262 | 1/4 to less | 55 | | |
| 269 | than 4 | 51 | | |
| 277 | ł | 47 | 36 | 24 |
| 285 | | 43 | 33 | 22 |
| 293 | π | 39 | 30 | 20 |
| 302 | m | 35 | 27 | 18 |
| 311 | Ħ | . 31 | 24 | 16 |
| 321 | η | 28 | 21 | 14 |
| 331 | ₩ . | 25 | 19 | 13 |
| 341 | • | 22 | . 17 | 11 |
| 352 | 11 | 19 | 15 | 10 |
| 363 | n . | . 17 | 13 | 9 |
| 375 | π | -16 | 12 | 8 |
| 388 | W | 16 | 12 | 8 |
| | | | | |

TABLE VI. Minimum charpy v-notch impact requirements (at -40 $^{\rm O}F.$ + 20F) $\underline{1}/$

1/ ASTM E140 shall be used to convert HRC readings to HB equivalents.

| Specified | Variati | ons from a | flat surf | ace for sp | ecified w | idths, in. |
|----------------------|---------|------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| thickness, in. | Under | 48 to | 60 to | 72 to | 84 to | 96 to |
| · · · | 48 | 60 excl. | 72 excl. | 84 excl. | 96 excl. | 108 excl. |
| 1/4 to 3/8 excl. | 3/4 | 15/16 | 1-1/8 | 1-3/4 | 1-7/8 | _ |
| 3/8 to 1/2 excl. | 1/2 | 9/16 | 5/8 | 3/4 | 7/8 | - |
| 1/2 to 3/4 excl. | 1/2 | 9/16 | 5/8 | 3/4 | 7/8 | - |
| 3/4 to $1-1/4$ excl. | 1/2 | 9/16 | . 5/8 | 3/4 | 7/8 | - |
| 1-1/4 to 1-5/8 excl. | 3/8 | 1/2 | 1/2 | 5/8 | 3/4 | |
| 1-5/8 to 3 excl. | 3/8 | 3/8 | 7/16 | 1/2 | 5/8 | 3/4 |
| 3 to 4 excl. | 3/8 | 1/2 | 1/2 | 5/8 | 3/4 | 3/4 |
| 4 to 6 excl. | 1/2 | 5/8 [.] | 5/8 | 3/4 | 7/8 | 7/8 |
| 6 to 8 exc1. | 9/16 | 11/16 | 11/16 | 13/16 | 15/16 | 15/16 |
| 8 to 10 excl. | 5/8 | 3/4 | 3/4 | 7/8 | 1 | 1 |
| 10 to 12 excl. | 11/16 | 13/16 | 13/16 | 15/16 | 1-1/8 | 1-1/8 |

TABLE VII. Permissible variations for flatness, in.

NOTE: The above variations apply to plates up to 12 feet in length, or to any 12 feet or longer plates.

3.2.10.3 <u>Edge condition</u>. Plate edge on plates delivered after heat treatment shall be free of cracks. The supplier shall practice such necessary process controls to prevent this condition.

3.2.10.4 <u>Internal soundness</u>. All plates 1/2-inch and greater in thickness shall be ultrasonically examined for internal soundness in accordance with 4.6.5. The steel supplier shall institute process controls such that any edge of any cut part shall comply with the requirements of 3.2.10.4.1.

3.2.10.4.1 Acceptance criteria.

3.2.10.4.1.1 <u>Single linear indications</u>. In any four inches of length a single linear indication shall not exceed twice the plate thickness.

3.2.10.4.1.2 <u>Multiple linear indications</u>. Multiple linear indications shall not exceed 1-1/2 times the plate thickness if two or more lie in the same plane. The total length of indications in one plane, in any four inch length, shall not exceed twice the plate thickness. No more than ten indications, whether in one plane or multiple planes, are permitted in any four inch length.

3.2.10.4.1.3 Cracks. All cracks are rejectable.

3.2.10.4.1.4 <u>Removal of large indications</u>. Large indications shall be removed by the manufacturer or processor by grinding, provided the resulting cavity does not exceed 1/4-inch.

| Flatness tolerance | | . P | hen number | of waves | in 12 ft i | .5: | |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|------------|----------|------------|------|------|
| from table VII | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 5/16 | 5/16 | 1/4 | 3/16 | 1/8 | 1/8 | 1/16 | 1/16 |
| 3/8 | 3/8 | 5/16 | 3/16 | 3/16 | 1/8 | 1/16 | 1/16 |
| 7/16 | 7/16 | 5/16 | 1/4 | 3/16 | 1/8 | 1/8 | 1/16 |
| 1/2 | 1/2 | 3/8 | 5/16 | 3/16 | 3/16 | 1/8 | 1/16 |
| 9/16 | 9/16 | 7/16 | 5/16 | 1/4 | 3/16 | 1/8 | 1/8 |
| 5/8 | 5/8 | 1/2 | 3/8 | 1/4 | 3/16 | 1/8 | 1/8 |
| 1/16 | 11/16 | 1/2 | 3/8 | 5/16 | 3/16 | 3/16 | 1/8 |
| 3/4 | 3/4 | 9/16 | 7/16 | 5/16 | 1/4 | 3/16 | 1/8 |
| 13/16 | 13/16 | 5/8 | 7/16 | 5/16 | 1/4 | 3/16 | 1/8 |
| 7/8 | 7/8 | 11/16 | 1/2 | 3/8 | 1/4 | 3/16 | 1/8 |
| 5/16 | 15/16 | 11/16 | 1/2 | 3/8 | 5/16 | 1/4 | 3/16 |
| L | 1 | 3/4 | 9/16 | 7/16 | 5/16 | 1/4 | 3/16 |
| -1/8 | 1-1/8 | 7/8 | 5/8 | 1/2 | 3/8 | 1/4 | 3/16 |
| -1/4 | 1 - 1/4 | 15/16 | 11/16 | 1/2 | 3/8 | 5/16 | 1/4 |
| -3/8 | 1-3/8 | 1-1/16 | 3/4 | 9/16 | 7/16 | 5/16 | 1/4 |
| -1/2 | 1-1/2 | 1-1/8 | 7/8 | 5/8 | 1/2 | 3/8 | 1/4 |
| -5/8 | 1-5/8 | 1-1/4 | 15/16 | 11/16 | 1/2 | 3/8 | 5/16 |
| -3/4 | 1-3/4 | 1-5/16 | 1 | 3/4 | 9/16 | 7/16 | 5/16 |
| -7/8 | 1-7/8 | 1-7/16 | 1-1/16 | 13/16 | 9/16 | 7/16 | 5/16 |
| | 2 | 1-1/2 | 1-1/8 | 7/8 | 5/8 | 1/2 | 3/8 |
| -1/8 | 2-1/8 | 1-5/8 | 1-3/16 | 7/8 | 11/16 | 1/2 | 3/8 |
| -1/4 | 2-1/4 | 1-11/16 | 1-1/4 | 15/16 | 11/16 | 9/16 | 3/8 |
| -3/8 | 2-3/8 | 1-13/16 | 1-5/16 | 1 | 3/4 | 9/16 | 7/16 |
| -1/2 | 2-1/2 | 1-7/8 | 1-7/16 | 1-1/16 | 13/16 | 9/16 | 7/16 |
| -5/8 | 2-5/8 | 2 | 1-1/2 | 1-1/8 | 13/16 | 5/8 | 7/16 |
| -3/4 | 2-3/4 | 2-1/16 | 1-9/16 | 1-1/8 | 7/8 | 5/8 | 1/2 |

TABLE VIII. Waviness tolerances for plates.

NOTE 1. Waviness denotes the deviation of the top or bottom surface from a horizontal line, when the plate is resting on a flat surface, as measured in an increment of less than 12 ft of length. The waviness tolerance is a function of the flatness tolerance as obtained from table VII.

NOTE 2. When the flatness tolerance is 1/2-inch or less for plates 1/2-inch or less in thickness, the waviness tolerance shall not apply.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

4.1 <u>Responsibility for inspection</u>. Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the contractor is responsible for the performance of all inspection requirements (examinations and tests) as specified herein. Except as otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the contractor may use his own or any other facilities suitable for the performance of the inspection requirements specified herein, unless disapproved by the Government. The Government reserves the right to perform any of the inspections set forth in this specification where such inspections are deemed necessary to ensure supplies and services conform to prescribed requirements.

4.1.1 <u>Responsibility for compliance</u>. All items shall meet all requirements of sections 3 and 5. The inspection set forth in this specification shall become a part of the contractor's overall inspection system or quality program. The absence of any inspection requirements in the specification shall not relieve the contractor of the responsibility of ensuring that all products or supplies submitted to the Government for acceptance comply with all requirements of the contract. Sampling inspection, as part of manufacturing operations, is an acceptable practice to ascertain conformance to requirements, however, this does not authorize submission of known defective material, either indicated or actual, nor does it commit the Government to accept defective material.

4.2 Classification.

4.2.1 <u>Classification of inspection</u>. The inspection requirements specified herein are classified as follows:

- a. First article inspection.
- b. Quality conformance inspection (acceptance).

4.2.1.1 <u>First article inspection</u>. When required, the first article samples submitted in accordance with 3.1, shall be examined for all the provisions of this specification applicable to end item examination.

4.2.1.1.1 <u>First article tests</u>. First article tests (see 6.2) shall consist of all the tests specified in 4.6.

4.2.1.1.2 First article ballistic test. Unless otherwise specified (see 3.1, 6.2, and 6.11), the first article ballistic test shall not be required provided (a) the manufacturer, within 37 months, has produced acceptable plates within the same nominal thickness ranges of table IX, and (b) his production conditions are the same as for previously accepted plates. A supplier who has previously met the first article requirements will furnish the procuring activity the firing record of the ballistic test plate and other pertinent data relative to complaince with first article. Neither first article nor acceptance ballistic tests will be required for plates ordered to thicknesses of more than 6.25 inches. Acceptance of these thicker plates will be based on meeting the other requirements of the specification. 4.2.1.2 <u>Quality conformance (acceptance) inspection</u>. The acceptance examination under 4.5 and the tests under 4.6 shall serve as a basis for the acceptance of individual production lots.

4.3 Lot. A lot shall consist of all production and ballistic test plates of the same melt of steel, of the same thickness, having the same treatment, and heat-treated with the same thermal cycle in the same production furnance(s) in the same facility. When specified by the procuring activity (see 4.3.1), production and ballistic test plates may be allowed to be heat-treated separately. The test plate shall be heat-treated in a production furnace.

4.3.1 <u>Separately heat treated ballistic test plate</u>. When the procuring activity allows a ballistic test plate to be heat-treated separately from the production plates it represents, (see 6.2) it will be so stated in the data to be supplied in accordance with MIL-STD-367 (see 6.13).

4.4 Sampling.

4.4.1 First article sampling.

4.4.1.1 <u>Chemical composition</u>. Samples for chemical analysis shall be taken from each plate selected for the ballistic tests.

4.4.1.2 <u>Impact samples</u>. At least one impact test sample shall be taken from each submitted test plate in accordance with 4.6.3.1 or 4.6.3.2 and each shall consist of enough material for four impact specimens.

4.4.1.3 <u>Ultrasonic examination</u>. Each submitted test plate 3/8 inch in thickness and thicker, shall be ultrasonically examined in accordance with 4.6.5.

4.4.1.4 <u>Ballistic test plates</u>. Three ballistic test plates for each nominal thickness range (see table IX) shall be randomly selected and submitted for ballistic test. Any thickness within the range may be chosen to represent any other thickness in the range but the three plates submitted must be of the same ordered thickness. Unless otherwise specified, the average thickness of each test plate shall be determined at the test site by the test agency as indicated in 4.4.2.5.

4.4.2 Sampling for quality conformance inspection.

4.4.2.1 For chemical analysis. At least one sample for chemical analysis shall be taken from each heat in accordance with the applicable method specified in ASTM A751 (see 6.6).

4.4.2.2 For hardness test. The Brinell hardness of each plate as beat treated in each lot up to 1 1/2" thick shall be measured in two places, one at each end of a diagnal on one plate surface. The Brinell hardness of each plate as heat-treated in each lot over 1 1/2" thick shall be measured in four places, one at each end of a diagonal on both plate surfaces.

4.4.2.3 For Charpy V-notch impact tests. At least one sample shall be taken from a plate representing each lot for Charpy V-notch impact tests. The sample shall be the same thickness as the plate they represent and large enough to obtain at least two specimens, in each direction, from each sample in accordance with 4.6.3.

4.4.2.4 <u>Ultrasonic examination</u>. All plates over 1/2 inch in thickness shall be examined ultrasonically. The ultrasonic examination shall be performed in accordance with 4.6.5.

4.4.2.5 For ballistic acceptance samples. Unless otherwise specified in the contract or order, one test plate shall be submitted from each lot. The minimum plate size shall be as shown in table IX for the applicable thickness. Unless otherwise specified, the average thickness of each test plate shall be determined at the test site by taking the average of four thickness measurements. Measurements shall be made at least 1 inch from each edge but preferably at random in the intended impact area. Thickness measurements for plates up to and including 2.750 inch shall be read to the nearest 0.001 inch. Plates over 2.750 inch shall be read to the nearest 0.01 inch. If a producer submits plates outside the specified plate tolerances (see tables III, IV and V) the procuring activity shall be notified. A check list, Format I of MIL-STD-367 (see 6.7), shall be completed and submitted with each ballistic test plate.

4.5 Examination.

4.5.1 <u>Visual</u>. All steel plate shall be subject to visual inspection for compliance with the requirements for surface conditions (see 3.2.10.1), edge quality (see 3.2.10.3 and 3.2.10.4) and identification marking (see 3.2.8).

4.5.2 <u>Dimensions</u>. All steel plates shall be subject to inspection for compliance with dimensional and tolerance requirements (3.2.7). Each class 1 and class 2 plate shall be inspected using a calibrated micrometer at three evenly distributed points 3/8 to 3/4 inches in from the longitudinal edge and at two evenly distributed points along each transverse edge. Each class 3 armor plate shall be divided into one foot squares painted on one surface and the results of each thickness measurement shall be painted in the square in which it was taken.

4.5.3 <u>Preparation for shipment</u>. Examination shall be made to determine compliance with the requirements for preparation for shipment (see section 5).

4.6 Tests.

4.6.1 <u>Chemical analysis</u>. Chemical analysis shall be conducted in accordance with the applicable method specified in ASTM A751 (see 6.6). The analysis shall comply with the declared composition established in accordance with the requirement of table I (see 3.2.2).

4.6.2 <u>Hardness tests</u>. Brinell hardness tests shall be conducted in accordance with either ASTM E10 or ASTM E110 using a 10 mm carbide ball and a 3000 kilogram load. Surface scale and decarburization shall be removed from the areas where the tests are to be made. Hardness tests may be made on the surfaces of pieces cut from the plate after heat treatment.

| Minimum size (a) of test plates (inches) | Test projectile and obliquity |
|---|---|
| 12 X 36 | Cal .30AP, M2 at 0° |
| 12 X 36 | Cal .50AP, M2 at 0 ⁰ |
| 12 X 36 | 20-mm APIT, M602 at 0 ⁰ |
| 60 X 60 | 90-mm APC, M82 at 450 |
| 60 X 60 | 90-mm APC, M82 at 300 |
| 60 X 60 | 90-mm AP, M318 at 0° |
| | Minimum size (a) of test plates (inches) 12 X 36 12 X 36 12 X 36 60 X 60 60 X 60 60 X 60 |

TABLE IX. Ballistic test plate sizes and corresponding test projectiles for first article and acceptance testing.

NOTE: (a) Other sizes may be submitted for the convenience of the manufacturer if approved by the Armor Vulnerability Division, USACSTA, Aberdeen Proving Ground.

(b) No ballistic test required.

4.6.2.1 <u>Hardness tests on impact test specimens</u>. Except as provided in 4.6.2.2, each sample from which impact test specimens are taken shall have a hardness check made upon it as follows: For samples 1/4 to 1/2 inch inclusive the hardness check shall be made on the surface. For samples of 1/2 inch upto 4 inches in thickness, at least two hardness tests shall be taken from anadjacent location, midway between the surfaces of the plate. For samples of 4 inches in thickness or greater, at least six hardness tests shall be made at equal intervals across the plate thickness.

4.6.2.2 <u>Rockwell hardness tests on impact specimens</u>. At the option of the contractor at least two Rockwell C hardness tests may be made on each impact test specimen sampled from each lot. The test specimens shall be prepared and tested in accordance with ASTM El8. The average shall not exceed the maximum requirement for thickness specified in table II.

4.6.3 <u>Charpy V-notch impact tests</u>. At least two Charpy V-notch impact test specimens shall be taken in each direction from each sample as obtained in accordance with 4.6.3.1 or 4.6.3.2, and shall be prepared and tested in accordance with ASTM E23.

4.6.3.1 For samples less than 4 inches in thickness. Charpy V-notch impact test specimens from samples less than 4 inches in thickness shall be taken in both the TL orientation and in the LT (see 3.2.5.2) orientation from a location midway between the top and bottom surfaces of the plate and at least 4 inches or 2T, whichever is less, from any quenched edge as well as outside the heat affected zone of any thermal-cut edge. When the amount of material available is insufficient to obtain standard specimens, the largest attainable subsize Charpy V-notch impact specimens shown in figure 4 of ASTM E23 shall be used, and the results compared to the applicable requirements of table VI.

4.6.3.2 For samples 4 inches or greater in thickness. Charpy V-notch impact test specimens from samples 4 inches or greater in thickness shall be taken from a location such that the centerlines of the specimens are approximately 1 inch below the surface of the plate and at least 4 inches from any quenched edge as well as outside the heat-affected zone of any thermallycut edge.

4.6.4 <u>Ballistic Tests</u>. Ballistic testing of armor plate shall be conducted at a Government test facility specified in the contract or order or at a test facility approved by the Government. Testing shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of the Appendix.

4.6.5 Ultrasonic examination.

4.6.5.1 <u>Inspection equipment</u>. The ultrasonic soundness inspection equipment shall conform to ASTM A578.

4.6.5.2 <u>Procedure</u>. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2) the ultrasonic examination shall be carried out in accordance with ASTM A578 with the following exceptions:

- (a) Scanning shall be continuous over 100% of the plate surface.
- (b) Scanning rate shall be at a speed where recordable discontinuities can be detected.
- (c) The testing frequency shall be a minimum of 2 megahertz (MHz).
- (d) Any area within a plate where a discontinuity produces a continuous total loss of back reflection accompanied by continuous indications on the same plane that cannot be encompassed within a circle whose diameter is 1-in. shall be cause for rejection of that plate. All discontinuities will be evaluated using a frequency of 2 megahertz (MHz).

4.6.5.3 <u>Certification of inspection personnel</u>. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2), personnel performing ultrasonic inspection shall comply with the qualification requirements of MIL-STD-410, level I, or equivalent, as determined by QSTAG 335. Personnel making accept/reject decisions in accordance with the process described by this specification shall be qualified to at least a level II per MIL-STD-410 or equivalent, as determined by QSTAG 335.

4.6.6 <u>Reduced testing</u>. At the discretion of the procuring activity, the amount of testing may be reduced provided the results on consecutive lots indicate that a satisfactory uniform product meeting the testing requirements is being produced (see 6.2). Reduced testing shall be in accordance with a system previously approved or established by the procuring activity involved.

4.6.7 Rejection and retest.

4.6.7.1 <u>Rejection</u>. Unless otherwise specified in the contract or order (see 6.2), failure of the first article samples to meet the requirements of this specification shall be cause for rejection of the process, and failure of the acceptance samples to meet the requirements of this specification shall be cause for rejection of the lot (see 4.6.7.2).

4.6.7.2 <u>Retest</u>. Unless a specific retest procedure is specified in the contract or order (see 6.2), two retest samples shall be submitted for each failed sample. Failure of either of the retest samples (plates) shall be cause for rejection of the material. First article retests shall not be permitted until the supplier has made the necessary corrections in the processing of the material to the satisfaction of the procuring activity.

4.6.8 <u>Hardness traverse test</u>. Prior to production to assure compliance to paragraph 3.2.10.2, the size of the heat affected zone for thermally cut edges shall be determined by taking Rockwell C hardness tests at 1/16 inch increments from the edge. Surface scale and decarburization shall be removed from the test surface. The distance at which there is no change in surface hardness shall be considered the depth of the heat affected zone. The contractor shall document the test results for each thickness and thermal cutting method used in production. The contractor is also responsible for documenting all heat input controls to assure the cutting process is under control. Re-verification of heat affected zone size for subsequent production lots is not required provided there is no change in the cutting method or heat input from that previously tested. The records shall be available for review by the cognizant government representative.

5. PACKAGING.

5.1 <u>Preservation and packaging</u>. Unless otherwise specified in the contract or order, preservation and packaging shall be level C (see 6.2).

5.1.1 Level C. Cleaning, drying, preservation, and packaging shall be in accordance with manufacturer's commercial practice.

5.2 <u>Packing</u>. Unless otherwise specified in the contract or order, packing shall be level C (see 6.2).

5.2.1 Level C. All plates shall be packed for shipment in such a manner as to ensure acceptance and safe delivery by the carrier for the mode of transportation employed.

5.3 <u>Marking</u>. In addition to any special marking specified in the contract or order, shipments shall be marked in accordance with the requirements of the cognizant activity.

6. NOTES

(This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature that may be helpful, but is not mandatory.)

6.1 <u>Intended use</u>. The armor specified herein is intended for use on combat vehicles and proof and acceptance testing of armor defeating ammunition, but may also be applicable to armor for emplacements, shields, pill boxes, testing, and the like.

6.1.1 <u>Class 1</u>. Class-1 wrought armor is intended for use in those areas where maximum resistance to penetration by armor piercing types of ammunition is required.

6.1.2 <u>Class 2</u>. Class-2 wrought armor is intended for use in those areas where maximum resistance to failure under conditions of high rates of shock loading is required and where resistance to penetration by armor piercing ammunition is of secondary importance. It is intended for use as protection against anti-tank land mines, hand grenades, bursting shells, and other blastproducing weapons.

6.1.3 <u>Class 3</u>. Class 3 wrought armor is intended for use in the proof and acceptance testing of armor defeating ammunition. This class is not intended for use in combat vehicles. Lift hole requirements for class 3 armor will be specified by the procuring activity.

6.2 Ordering data. Procurement documents should specify:

6.2.1 Procurement requirements.

- a. Title, number, and date of this specification.
- b. Class of steel.
- c. If first article sample is required (see 3.1).
- d. If local or general heating is permitted (see 3.2.4.1).
- e. If weld repairing is permitted (see 3.2.4.1.2).
- f. Dimensional requirements (see 3.2.7).
- g. Name of inspecting agency when inspection shall be performed by other than the contractor (see 4.1).
- h. When a special first article ballistic test is required (see 3.1, 4.2.1,1.2 and 6.11).
- i. If ballistic test plates may be separately heat-treated from the production plates it represents, (see 4.3.1).
- j. If ballistic acceptance samples should be other than in 4.4.2.5.
- k. If ultrasonic examination is to be different than 4.6.5.2.
- 1. If certification of inspection personnel is different from 4.6.5.3.
- m. If rejection and retesting differs from 4.6.7.
- n. The reduced testing plan when applicable (see 4.6.8).
- o. Preparation for delivery if different than specified in section 5.
- p. If lifting holes are required (see 6.1.3).

6.2.2 <u>Consideration of data requirements</u>. The following data requirements should be considered when this specification is applied on a contract. The applicable Data Item Descriptions (DID's) should be reviewed in conjunction with the specific acquisition to ensure that only essential data are requested/provided and that the DID's are tailored to reflect the requirements of the specific acquisition. To ensure correct contractual application of the data requirements, a Contract Data Requirements List (DD Form 1423) must be prepared to obtain the data, except where DOD FAR Supplement 27.475-1 exempts the requirement for a DD Form 1423.

| Reference Para. | DID Number | DID Title | <u>Tailoring</u> |
|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| 3.1 | UDI-T-23790 | Report, First Article | |
| 3.2.9 | UDI-T-23264 | Certification Data Report | |
| 3.2.2 | DI-MISC-80073 | Armor Material Test Reports | Format I |

Suggested

(Copies of data item descriptions related to this specification, and identified in section 6 will be approved and listed as such in DOD 5010.12L, Vol. 11, AMSDL. Copies of data item descriptions required by the contractors in connection with specific acquisition functions should be obtained from the Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094

6.3 Thickness. The symbol "T" is used throughout this specification to indicate the nominal thickness of the plate under consideration.

6.4 Definitions.

6.4.1 <u>Contractor</u>. The contractor is the company which has a direct contract from the Government to furnish an end item - usually a vehicle. Also knows as the prime contractor.

6.4.2 <u>Contracting officer</u>. The term "contracting officer" means the person executing a contract on behalf of the Government and any other officer or civilian employee who is properly designated contracting officer; and the term includes, except as otherwise provided, the authorized representative of a contracting officer acting within the limits of his authority.

6.4.3 <u>Homogeneous rolled armor</u>. Homogeneous rolled armor is armor having uniform composition and heat treatment throughout.

6.4.4 <u>Manufacturer</u>. The manufacturer is defined as the company producing the steel alloy plate.

6.4.5 <u>Procuring activity</u>. The term "procuring activity" is that activity of the Government which actually initiates the request for procurement and maintains the records of the procurement.

6.4.6 <u>Slivers</u>. An imperfection consisting of a very thin elongated piece of metal attached by only one end to the parent metal into whose surface it has been worked.

6.4.7 <u>Laps</u>. A surface imperfection with the appearance of a seam, caused by hot metal, fins or sharp corners being folded over and thus being forged or rolled into the surface but without being welded.

6.4.8 <u>Checks</u>. Numerous very fine cracks at the surface of a metal part. Checks may appear during processing or during service and are most often associated with thermal cycling or thermal treatment. Also called check marks, checking, heat checks. 6.4.9 <u>Seams</u>. An unwelded fold or lap that appears as a crack, usually resulting from a discontinuity on a metal surface.

6.4.10 <u>Blisters</u>. A raised area, often dome shaped, resulting from delamination under pressure of expanding gas trapped in a metal in a near sub-surface zone. Very small blisters may be called pinhead blishers or pepper blisters.

6.4.11 <u>Snakes</u>. Any crooked surface imperfection in a metal plate, resembling a snake.

6.4.12 <u>Cold shuts</u>. Freezing of the top surface of an ingot before mold is full.

6.4.13 <u>Burning</u>. Permanently damaged metal due to overheating enough to cause incipient melting or intergranular oxidations. Note: This condition is usually obscured by normal cleaning methods and would require deep pickling and/or metallography to note the continuous oxidation (chicken wire effect) of the enlarged grain boundaries.

6.4.14 <u>Lamination</u>. A type of discontinuity with separation or weakness generally aligned parallel to direction of the worked surface of the metal and may be the result of pipe, blisters, seams, inclusions, or segregation; elongated and made directional by working.

6.4.15 Pit. A cavity or depressed area on the surface of a plate.

6.4.16 <u>Linear indication</u>. For nondestructive examination purposes, a linear indication is evidence of a discontinuity that requires interpretation to determine its significance.

6.5 <u>Changes in composition</u>. Changes in composition shall not necessarily be cause for retesting but shall be subject to review by the procuring activity to determine whether additional first article testing is required.

6.6 <u>Chemical Analysis</u>. Suggested ASTM instrumental Methods that can be used are chemical analysis E415, E282, E484 and E322. ASTM A751 should be consulted for a complete list of methods.

6.7 <u>MIL-STD-367</u>. Format I of MIL-STD-367 replaces Form MIL12560 and TAC Form 3983.

6.8 Potential suppliers. Potential suppliers who have not previously supplied armor plate to MIL-A-12560 and wish to have their material ballistically tested, may do so at their own expense. It is recommended that inquiries for such testing be directed to Commander, US Army CSTA, ATTN: STECS-LI-A, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21005-5059.

6.9 <u>New contracts sponsored by government agencies</u>. At the time that a new contract is initiated for the production of combat vehicles, the contractor's supplier is to estimate the number, size and delivery schedule of the ballistic test plates which are to be submitted for first article or acceptance testing. A lead time of 60 days after the contract has been signed is to be allowed prior to shipment of the first ballistic test plate(s) to APG

to insure that all administrative functions for the establishment of a new TECOM project have been completed in preparation for the test. The contracting government agency is to initiate the new project through a letter to Commander, US Army TECOM, ATTN: AMSTE-TA-O, APG, MD 21005-5055 requesting a cost estimate for the ballistic testing of the applicable number of sizes of plates. In the case of increases in scope of existing projects, similar correspondence is needed.

6.10 <u>Metric units</u>. When metric dimensions are required, units for inch, foot, foot-pounds and feet per second may be converted to the metric equivalent by multiplying them by the following conversion factors:

| To go from | | To get |
|------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| English | <u>Multiply by</u> | <u>Metric SI unit</u> |
| inch | 0.0254 | metre (m) |
| foot | 0.3048 | metre (m) |
| foot-lb | 1,3558 | joule (J) |
| feet/sec | 0.3048 | metre per second (m/s) |

NOTE: Conversion factors can be associated with ASTM E380 entitled "Metric Practice Guide."

6.11 <u>Special first article ballistic test</u>. Special first article ballistic tests are required when the manufacturer changes either the melting procedure or heat treatment or the declared chemistry of the armor.

6.12 <u>Fabrication</u>. The armor plate covered by this specification is subject to fabrication involving cutting, drilling, forming and welding. It is intended that selection and control of chemical composition, cleanliness, and plate processing will be such that the armor will be suitable for fabrication under procedures and controls such as specified in MIL-STD-1941, Metal-Arc Welding of Homogeneous Armor.

6.13 <u>Production plates</u>. Material made to this specification has a tendency to develop stress cracks if not tempered as soon as possible after austenizing treatment. To avoid this situation all plates should be left in the hot-rolled or tempered condition while waiting for the ballistic test results.

6.14 Subject term (key word) listing

| Armor plate | 0.30 caliber AP, M2 projectile |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Steel | 20 mm AP-T, M602 projectile |
| Homogeneous | 5 mm AP, M70 projectile |
| Ballistic limit | 90 mm AP, M318 projectile |
| 0.50 caliber AP, M2 projectile | 90 mm AP, M82 projectile |

6.15 <u>Changes from previous issue</u>. Marginal notations are not used in this revision to identify changes with respect to the previous issue due to the extensiveness of the changes.

Custodian: Army - MR

Review activities: Army - AR, AT, AV, TE DLA - IS

-

*D*4A - 10

Preparing activity: Army - MR

Project 9515-A057

(WP# ID-0186A/DISK-0207A, FOR MTL USE ONLY)

APPENDIX

BALLISTIC TESTING OF ARMOR, STEEL PLATE, WROUGHT, HOMOGENEOUS

10. SCOPE

10.1 This appendix covers the requirements for ballistic testing of wrought homogeneous steel armor plate.

20. DEFINITIONS

20.1 Fair impact.

20.1.1 <u>Caliber .30 AP through 20 mm tests</u>. A fair impact is an impact resulting from the striking of the test plate by a projectile in normal flight (no excessive yawing or tumbling) and separated from another impact or the edge of the plate, hole, crack or spalled area by an undisturbed area of at least two test projectile diameters.

20.1.2 <u>57mm AP and larger calibers</u>. A fair impact is an impact resulting from the striking of the test plate by a projectile in normal flight (no yawing or tumbling) and separated from another impact or from the edge of plate, hole, crack or spalled area by at least one test projectile diameter of undisturbed area.

20.2 <u>Witness plate</u>. A witness plate is normally a 0.014 inch thick sheet of 5052 aluminum alloy (or a 0.020 inch thick sheet of 2024-T3 aluminum alloy placed 6 inches (\pm 1/2 inch) behind and parallel to the test plates or other ballistic sample.

20.3 Complete penetration, protection, CP (P).

20.3.1 For caliber .30AP M2 through 20mm API-T M602. A protection complete penetration occurs when the projectile or one or more fragments of a projectile or plate pass beyond the back of the test plate and perforates the witness plate.

20.3.2 <u>For projectiles larger than 20mm</u>. A protection complete penetration occurs when one or more fragments of a projectile or plate has been ejected from the rear of the plate as determined by visual inspection.

20.4 <u>Partial penetration, protection, PP (P)</u>. A partial penetration is any impact that is not a complete penetration.

20.5 <u>Gap</u>. The difference in velocity between the high partial penetration velocity and the low complete penetration velocity used in computing the ballistic limit where the high partial penetration velocity is lower than the low complete penetration velocity.

20.6 Protection ballistic limit, BL(P).

20.6.1 <u>Caliber .30 AP, M2 caliber .50 AP M2, 20MM API-T M602 penetration</u> tests. The BL(P) shall consist of an equal number of fair impact complete and partial penetration velocities attained by the up-and-down firing method. All BL(P)'s shall be computed using the highest partial penetration velocities and the lowest complete penetration velocities. Firing shall continue until either a 4 round BL(P) having a maximum velocity spread of 60 fps or a 6 round BL(P) having a maximum velocity spread of 90 fps has been attained, whichever comes first in the normal sequence of firing. If both occur simultaneously, the 6 round BL(P) will be reported.

20.6.1.1 In the event that the zone of mixed results (difference between the high partial penetration velocity and the low complete penetration velocity, the PP(P) velocity being higher than the low CP(P) velocity) exceeds 90 fps, the firing data will be compared with the specification minimum ballistic requirements. If the lowest complete penetration velocity is equal to or above the minimum specified ballistic limit velocity for the plate thickness, the ballistic limit will be computed on the basis of 4 or 6 rounds using the smallest possible velocity spread. If the lowest complete penetration velocity is below the minimum allowable ballistic limit velocity then testing will continue until a ten round ballistic limit has been attained using the smallest possible velocity spread.

20.6.2 <u>57mm AP, M70 and larger caliber projectiles</u>. For the purpose of this specification, the protection ballistic limit is the average of four fair protection criteria impact velocities comprising the first two lowest velocities in the firing order resulting in complete penetrations and the first two highest velocities in the firing order resulting in partial penetrations which meet the condition that the velocity spread for the 4 rounds shall not exceed 100 fps.

20.6.3 <u>Reduction of large velocity gap in borderline cases</u>. If the ballistic limit which has been determined is within \pm 10 fps from the minimum allowable ballistic limit and a gap exists which is greater that 25 fps, then another round, or rounds, will be fired to reduce the gap to 25 fps or less. The ballistic limit will then be recomputed using the criteria of paragraphs 20.6.1 or 20.6.2 as applicable. The recomputed BL(P) will be reported as the BL(P) of the plate (in borderline cases a reduction of the gap between the high partial penetration velocity and the low complete velocity should result in a better evaluation of the BL(P).

30. REQUIREMENTS

30.1 <u>Resistance to penetration</u>. The minimum acceptable ballistic limits shall be in accordance with the values shown in tables X through XVII.

30.1.1 For class 3 armor plate, upper ballistic limit (maximum) values shall be as specified in the applicable footnotes of tables X through XVII.

APPENDIX

30.2 Back spalling.

30.2.1 Plates 1/2 to 11/16 inch in thickness. Plates of these ordered thickness shall be subjected to a backspall test consisting of firing two rounds of 20 mm AP M95 ammunition at a 0° obliquity at the test plate. The striking velocity shall be in the velocity range of 2500-2550 fps. The maximum allowable backspall dimension shall be 1 5/8 inches.

30.2.2 <u>Plates 3/4 inch and greater in thickness</u>. Spalling shall not exceed 2.0 test projectile diameters after proof firing at normal obliquity in accordance with the appropriate table of the Appendix, and shall not exceed 2.5 test projectile diameters in the case of oblique penetration tests.

30.3 Cracking.

30.3.1 <u>O</u> <u>Obliquity attack</u>. Immediately after ballistic testing, plates subjected to O^O obliquity attack shall not develop any crack which, when measured from the center of impact, extends outside a circle having a radius equivalent to twice the test projectile diameter.

30.3.2 <u>Oblique attack</u>. Immediately after ballistic testing, plates subject to oblique attack shall not develop any crack which, when measured from the center of impact, extends outside a circle having a radius equivalent to three test projectile diameters.

30.4 <u>Rejection</u>. Failure to meet any of the above requirements shall be cause for plate rejection.

40. TESTS

40.1 <u>Ballistic tests</u>. V_{50} ballistic tests shall be performed in accordance with USATECOM TOP 2-2-710, Ballistic Tests of Armor Materials to determine compliance with the requirements of tables X through XVII.

40.1.1 Plate thickness as measured by the ballistic test agency shall be used to determine the required ballistic limit for the plate. The required ballistic limit will be determined by interpolation of the tables in the Appendix, if necessary.

40.1.2 Lift hole requirement for test plates.

40.1.2.1 Ballistic acceptance_testing plates.

a. Ballistic acceptance test plates for either class 1 or armor which are less than 2.751 inches ordered thickness are to be supplied without a lifting hole.

b. Ballistic acceptance test plates for either class 1 or 3 armor which are 2.7.5.1 inches through 6.25 inches thick shall be provided with 3-inch diameter lifting holes, one in each of two adjacent sides as shown in figure 1.

APPENDIX

40.1.3 Rejection and retest of ballistic plates.

40.1.3.1 <u>First article tests (rejection)</u>. Unless noted otherwise in the contract or order, failure of any one or more of the three first article test plates to meet the minimum ballistic requirements as specified in the Appendix to this specification indicates failure of the product and process.

40.1.3.2 <u>First article (retests)</u>. Resubmission of ballistic retest plates shall not be made until the manufacturer has made the necessary corrections in the processing of the material to the satisfaction of the procuring activity. Three retest plates must be submitted for first article testing and all three must pass.

40.1.3.3 <u>Acceptance tests (rejection)</u>. Unless otherwise noted in the contract or order, failure of a test plate to meet the ballistic requirement indicates failure of the lot, however, the final decision will depend on the outcome of retests, if submitted.

40.1.3.4 <u>Acceptance tests (retests)</u>. If a test plate representing a lot fails to meet the ballistic requirement, the manufacturer has the following options: Immediately upon notification of the failure, he may:

(1) At his own expense submit two additional test plates from the same lot for ballistic retest, or

(2) He may first re-heat treat (quenching and tempering) the lot and then submit a test plate from the re-treated lot, or

(3) He may scrap the lot and submit a plate representing a new lot for acceptance.

If he chooses any one of these options and the ballistic retest plate (or plates) meet the requirements then the lot represented is acceptable. If he chooses option (1) and one or both of the retest plates fail, the manufacturer may re-heattreat the lot and submit a test plate from the retreated lot. If this plate fails the lot is rejected. If he chooses option (3) and the test plate fails, he may again resort to any one of the three options.

40.1.4 Disposition of ballistic test plates.

40.1.4.1 <u>First article test plates</u>. Upon request of the applicant within 15 days after ballistic testing, first article plates will be returned "as is" to the applicant, at his expense, unless the plates were destroyed in testing.

40.1.4.2 <u>Acceptance test plates</u>. Acceptance test plates that comply with the requirements of this specification are considered as part of the lot of steel they represent and ownership of them passes to the Government with the acceptance of that lot. Acceptance test plates that fail to comply with the requirements of this specification are considered as part of the lot they represent and remain the property of the producer just as the rejectable lot does. The failed plates will be returned, upon request, as in 40.1.4.1.

| Thickness, | Required | Thickness, | Required | Thickness, | Required |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| inches | BL(P), fps | inches | BL(P), fps | inches | BL(P), fps |
| 0 230 | 1500 | 0 355 | 1994 | 0.480 | 2385 |
| 0.230 | 1503 | 0.00 | 2011 | 405 | 2303 |
| • 235 | 1552 | .300 | 2011 | • 400 | 2400 |
| .240 | 1554 | .365 | 2028 | .490 | 2414 |
| •245 | 1575 | .370 | 2045 | • 495 | 2428 |
| *.250 | 1596 | .375 | 2062 | .500 | 2442 |
| .255 | 1618 | .380 | 2078 | .505 | 2456 |
| .260 | 1638 | ,385 | 2095 | .510 | 2470 |
| .265 | 1659 | .390 | 2111 | • 515 | 2484 |
| .270 | 1679 | .395 | 2127 | .520 | 2498 |
| .275 | 1699 | .400 | 2143 | .525 | 2512 |
| .280 | 1719 | .405 | 2159 | .530 | 2525 |
| .285 | 1739 | .410 | 2175 | .535 | 2539 |
| .290 | 1758 | .415 | 2191 | .540 | 2552 |
| .295 | 1778 | .420 | 2206 | .545 | 2566 |
| .300 | 1797 | .425 | 2222 | .550 | 2579 |
| .305 | 1815 | .430 | 2237 | •555 | 2593 |
| .310 | 1834 | .435 | 2252 | , ,560 | 2606 |
| .315 | 1853 | .440 | 2267 | **.565 | 2619 |
| .320 | 1871 | .445 | 2282 | .570 | 2632 |
| .325 | 1889 | .450 | 2297 | .575 | 2645 |
| .330 | 1907 | .455 | 2312 | .580 | 2658 |
| .335 | 1925 | .460 | 2327 | .585 | 2671 |
| .340 | 1942 | .465 | 2342 | .590 | 2684 |
| .345 | 1960 | .470 | 2356 | .595 | 2697 |
| .330 | 1977 | .475 | 2371 | .600 | 2710 |

TABLE X.Minimum required ballistic limits (protection criteria)firing obliquity:0°; projectile:Caliber .30AP, M2.

*Specification requirements begin for this ordered thickness. **Specification requirements end for this ordered thickness.

NOTE 1: Tabulated values on either side of the specification requirements are for interpolation of BL(P) requirements on undersize or oversize plates.

NOTE 2: For Class 3 armor the upper ballistic limit (maximum) shall not be greater than 141 fps above the required lower ballistic limit (minimum).

| Thickness, | Required | Thickness, | Required | Thickness, | Required |
|---------------|------------|-------------|----------|------------|----------|
| <u>inches</u> | BL(P), LDS | n 765 | | | 2659 |
| 0.000 | 1901 | 0.705 | 2305 | 0.905 | 2030 |
| - CCC - | 1911 | •170 775 | 2314 | n 995 | · 2673 |
| 4JUU 565 | 1032 | 780 | 2322 | 1.000 | 2680 |
| * 566 | 1934 | 785 | 2334 | 1.005 | 2688 |
| 570 | 1942 | .790 | 2348 | 1,010 | 2695 |
| 575 | 1052 | 795 | 2356 | 1.015 | 2702 |
| +J/J -580 | 1962 | .800 | 2365 | 1.020 | 2710 |
| .585 | 1972 | .805 | 2373 | 1.025 | 2717 |
| .590 | 1982 | .810 | 2382 | 1.030 | 2724 |
| 595 | 1992 | .815 | 2390 | 1.035 | 2732 |
| .600 | 2002 | - 820 | 2398 | 1.040 | 2739 |
| 605 | 2002 | .825 | 2406 | 1.045 | 2746 |
| •005 610 | 2022 | 830 | 2415 | 1.050 | 2754 |
| .615 | 2022 | .835 | 2423 | 1.055 | 2761 |
| . 620 | 2031 | 840 | 2431 | 1.060 | 2768 |
| 625 | 2041 | .845 | 2431 | 1.065 | 2700 |
| .630 | 2051 | .850 | 2435 | 1.070 | 2782 |
| .635 | 2000 | .855 | 2455 | 1.075 | 2790 |
| .640 | - 2079 | .860 | 2464 | 1,080 | 2797 |
| .645 | 2075 | .865 | 2472 | 1.085 | 2804 |
| .650 | 2098 | .870 | 2480 | 1.090 | 2811 |
| .655 | 2108 | .875 | 2488 | 1.095 | 2818 |
| .660 | 2117 | .880 | 2496 | 1,100 | 2825 |
| 665 | 2126 | 885 | 2504 | 1,105 | 2832 |
| .670 | 2136 | .890 | 2511 | 1.110 | 2839 |
| .675 | 2145 | .895 | 2519 | 1.115 | 2846 |
| .680 | 2154 | .900 | 2527 | . 1.120 | 2853 |
| 685 | 2163 | .905 | 2535 | **1.125 | 2860 |
| .690 | 2173 | .910 | 2543 | 1.130 | 2867 |
| .695 | 2182 | .915 | 2551 | 1,135 | 2874 |
| .700 | 2191 | .920 | 2559 | 1.140 | 2881 |
| .705 | 2200 | .925 | 2566 | 1.145 | 2888 |
| 710 | 2209 | .930 | 2574 | 1.150 | 2895 |
| .715 | 2218 | .935 | 2582 | 1.155 | 2902 |
| .720 | 2227 | .940 | 2590 | 1.160 | 2909 |
| .725 | 2235 | .945 | 2597 | 1.165 | 2915 |
| .730 | 2244 | .950 | 2605 | 1.170 | 2922 |
| .735 | 2253 | .955 | 2612 | 1.175 | 2929 |
| .740 | 2262 | .960 | 2620 | 1.180 | 2936 |
| .745 | 2271 | .965 | 2628 | 1.185 | 2943 |
| .750 | 2279 | .970 | 2635 | 1.190 | 2949 |
| .755 | 2288 | .975 | 2643 | 1.195 | 2956 |
| .760 | 2297 | . 980 | 2650 | 1.200 | 2963 |

TABLE XI. Minimum required ballistic limits (protection criteria) firing obliquity: 0°; projectile: Caliber .50 AP, M2.

*Specification requirements begin for this ordered thickness.

**Specification requirements end for this ordered thickness.

NOTE 1: Tabulated values on either side of the specification requirements are for interpolation of BL(P) requirements on undersize or oversize plates NOTE 2: For Class 3 armor the upper ballistic limit (maximum) shall not be

greater than 146 fps above the required lower ballistic limit (minimum).

| Thickness | Required | Thickness | Required | Thickness | Required |
|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Inches | BL(P), FPS | Inches | BL(P),FPS | Inches | BL(P),FPS |
| 1.100 | 1933 | 1.370 | 2234 | 1,650 | 2505 |
| 1.110 | 1945 | 1.380 | 220. | 1.660 | 2500 |
| 1,120 | 1957 | 1,390 | 2254 | 1.670 | 2514 |
| *1,126 | 1964 | 1.400 | 2265 | 1.680 | 2533 |
| 1.130 | 1969 | 1.410 | 2275 | 1.690 | 2542 |
| 1.140 | 1981 | 1,420 | 2285 | 1,700 | 2551 |
| 1.150 | 1993 | 1,430 | 2295 | 1.710 | 2560 |
| 1.160 | 2004 | 1.440 | 2305 | 1.720 | 2568 |
| 1.170 | 2016 | 1.450 | 2315 | 1.730 | 2586 |
| 1,180 | 2027 | 1.460 | 2325 | 1.740 | 2595 |
| 1.190 | 2039 | 1.470 | 2335 | 1.750 | 2604 |
| 1.200 | 2050 | 1.480 | 2344 | 1.760 | 2613 |
| 1.210 | 2061 | 1.490 | 2354 | 1.770 | 2613 |
| 1.220 | 2073 | 1,500 | 2364 | 1,780 | 2621 |
| 1.230 | 2084 | 1.510 | 2374 | 1.790 | 2630 |
| 1.240 | 2095 | 1.520 | 2383 | 1,800 | 2639 |
| 1.250 | 2106 | 1.530 | 2393 | 1.810 | 2647 |
| 1.260 | 2117 | 1.540 | 2403 | İ.820 | 2656 |
| 1.270 | 2128 | 1.550 | 2412 | 1.830 | 2664 |
| 1.280 | 2139 | 1.560 | 2422 | 1.840 | 2673 |
| 1.290 | 2149 | 1.570 | 2431 | 1.850 | 2681 |
| 1.300 | 2160 | 1.580 | 2440 | 1.860 | 2690 |
| 1.310 | 217 İ | 1.590 | 2450 | 1.870 | 2698 |
| 1.320 | 2181 | 1.600 | 2459 | 1.880 | 2707 |
| 1.330 | 2192 | 1.610 | 2468 | 1.890 | 2715 |
| 1.340 | 2203 | 1.620 | . 2478 | 1.900 | 2723 |
| 1.350 | 2213 | 1.630 | 2487 | 1.910 | 2732 |
| 1.360 | 2223 | 1.640 | 2496 | 1.920 | 2740 |

TABLE XII. <u>Minimum required V₅₀ ballistic limits (protection</u> criteria) firing obliquity 0⁰, projectile caliber 20mm AP-T, M602.

| Thickness | Required | Thickness | Required | Thickness | Required |
|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------------|
| Inches | BL(P), FPS | Inches | BL(P), FPS | Inches | BL(P),FPS |
| 1,930 | 2748 | 2.250 | 3000 | 2.570 | .3231 |
| 1,940 | 2757 | 2.260 | 3008 | 2.580 | 3238 |
| 1,950 | 2765 | 2.270 | 3015 | 2.590 | 3245 |
| 1,960 | 2773 | 2.280 | 3023 | 2.600 | 3252 |
| 1.970 | 2781 | 2.290 | 3030 | 2.610 | 32 59 |
| 1.980 | 2789 | 2,300 | 3038 | 2.620 | 3265 |
| i.990 | 2798 | 2.310 | 3045 | 2.630 | 3272 |
| 2.000 | 2806 | 2.320 | 3052 | 2.640 | 3279 |
| 2.010 | 2814 | 2.330 | 3060 | 2.650 | 3286 |
| 2.020 | 2822 | 2.340 | 3067 | 2.660 | 3293 |
| 2.030 | 2830 | 2.350 | 3075 | 2.670 | 3299 |
| 2.040 | 3838 | 2.360 | 3082 | 2.680 | 3306 |
| 2.050 | 3846 | 2.370 | 3089 | 2.690 | 3313 |
| 2,060 | 2854 | 2.380 | 3096 | 2,700 | 3320 |
| 2.070 | 2862 | 2.390 | 3104 | 2,710 | 3326 |
| 2.080 | 2870 | 2.400 | 3111 | 2,720 | 3333 |
| 2.090 | 2877 | 2.410 | .3118 | 2.730 | .3340 |
| 2.100 | 2885 | 2.420 | 3125 | 2,740 | 3346 |
| 2.110 | 2893 | 2.430 | 3132 | ** 2.750 | 3353 |
| 2.120 | 2901 | 2.440 | 3140 | 2.760 | 3360 |
| 2.130 | 2909 | 2.450 | 3147 | 2.770 | 3366 |
| 2.140 | 2916 | 2.460 | 3154 | 2.780 | 3373 |
| 2.150 | 2924 | 2.470 | 3161 | 2.790 | 3380 |
| 2.160 | 2932 | 2.480 | 3168 | 2.800 | 3385 |
| 2.170 | 2940 | 2.490 | 3175 | 2.810 | 3393 |
| 2.180 | 2947 | 2.500 | 3182 | | |
| 2,190 | 2955 | 2.510 | 3189 | • | |
| 2,200 | 2963 | 2.520 | 3196 | | |
| 2.210 | 2970 | 2.530 | 3203 | | • . |
| 2.220 | 2978 | 2.540 | 3210 | · . | · - |
| 2.230 | 2985 | 2.550 | 3217 | | |
| 2.240 | 2993 | 2.560 | 3224 | | |

TABLE XII.Minimum required V50 ballistic limits (protection
criteria) firing obliquity 0°, projectile caliber
20mm AP-T, M602. (Continued)

* Specification requirements begin for this ordered thickness. **Specification requirements end for this ordered thickness.

NOTE: Tabulated values on either side of the specification requirements are for interpolation of BL(P) requirements on undersize or oversize plates.

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APPENDIX

| Thickness | Required | Thickness | Required | Thickness | Required |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------------|
| Inches | BL(P),FPS | Inches | BL(P), FPS | Inches | BL(P), PPS |
| | | | | | |
| 1.100 | 2042 | 1.490 | 2501 | 1.890 | 2902 |
| 1.110 | 2055 | 1.500 | 2512 | 1.900 | 2911 |
| 1.120 | 2068 | 1.510 | 2523 | 1.910 | 292 1 |
| *1.125 | 2076 | 1.520 | 2534 | 1.920 | 2930 |
| 1.130 | 2081 | 1.530 | 2544 | 1,930 | 29 39 |
| 1.140 | 2094 | 1.540 | 2555 | 1.940 | 2948 |
| 1.150 | 2106 | 1.550 | 2565 | 1.950 | 2958 |
| 1.160 | 2119 | 1.560 | 2576 | 1.960 | 2967 |
| 1.170 | 2131 | 1.570 | 2586 | 1.970 | 2976 |
| 1.180 | 2144 | 1.580 | 2597 | 1.980 | 2985 |
| 1.190 | 2156 | 1.590 | 2607 | 1.990 | 2994 |
| 1.200 | 2169 | 1.600 | 2617 | 2.000 | 3003 |
| 1,210 | 2181 | 1.610 | 2628 | 2.010 | 3012 |
| 1.220 | 2193 | 1.620 | 2638 | 2.020 | 3021 |
| 1.230 | 2205 | 1.630 | 2648 | 2.030 | 3030 |
| 1.240 | 2217 | 1.640 | 2658 | 2.040 | 3039 |
| 1.250 | 2229 | 1.650 | 2668 | 2.050 | 3048 |
| 1.260 | 2241 | 1.660 | 2678 | 2.060 | 3057 |
| 1.270 | 2253 | 1.670 | 2689 | 2.070 | 3066 |
| 1.280 | 2265 | 1.680 | 2699 | 2.080 | 3075 |
| 1,290 | 2277 | 1.690 | 2709 | 2.090 | 3084 |
| 1.300 | 2289 | 1.700 | 2719 | 2.100 | 30 93 |
| 1.310 | 2300 | 1.710 | 2728 | 2.110 | 3102 |
| 1.320 | 2312 | 1,720 | 2738 | 2.120 | 3110 |
| 1.330 | 2323 | 1,730 | 2748 | 2.130 | 3119 |
| 1.340 | 2335 | 1,740 | 2758 | 2.140 | 3128 |
| 1,350 | 2346 | 1,750 | 2768 | 2.150 | 3137 |
| 1,360 | 2358 | 1.760 | 2778 | 2.160 | 3145 |
| 1.370 | 2369 | 1.770 | 2787 | 2.170 | 3154 |
| 1.380 | 2380 | 1.780 | 2797 | 2.180 | 3163 |
| 1.390 | 2392 | 1.790 | 2807 | 2.190 | 31 71 |
| 1.400 | 2403 | 1.800 | 2816 | 2.200 | 3180 |
| 1.410 | 2414 | 1.810 | 2826 | 2.210 | 3188 |
| 1.420 | 2425 | 1.820 | 2836 | 2.220 | 3 197 |
| 1.430 | 2436 | 1.830 | 2845 | 2.230 | 3206 |
| 1.440 | 2447 | 1.840 | 2855 | 2.240 | 3214 |
| 2.450 | 2458 | 1.850 | 2864 | 2.250 | 32 23 |
| 2.460 | 2469 | 1.860 | 2874 - | 2.260 | 3231 |
| 2.470 | 2480 | 1.870 | 2883 | 2.270 | 3240 |
| 2 400 | 2493 | 1.880 | 2892 | 2,280 | 3248 |

TABLE XIIA. Upper ballistic limits for class 3 armor firing obliquity 0 degrees, projectile 20 mm AP-T, M602.

APPENDIX

| Thickness | Required | Thickness | Required | Thickness | Required |
|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Inches | BL(P), FPS | Inches | BL(P), FPS | Inches | BL(P), FPS |
| 2 200 | 3257 | 2.470 | 3405 | 2,650 | 3548 |
| 2,20 | 3265 | 2.480 | 3413 | 2.660 | 3556 |
| 2.310 | 3203 | 2.490 | 3421 | 2.670 | 3563 |
| 2.320 | 3282 | 2.500 | 3429 | 2.680 | 3571 |
| 2.330 | 3290 | 2.510 | 3437 | 2.690 | 3579 |
| 2.340 | 3298 | 2.520 | 3445 | 2.700 | 3586 |
| 2.350 | 3307 | 2.530 | 3453 | 2,710 | 3594 |
| 2.360 | 3315 | 2.540 | 3461 | 2.720 | 3602 |
| 2.370 | 3323 | 2.550 | 3469 | 2.730 | 3610 |
| 2.380 | 3331 | 2,560 | 3477 | 2,740 | 3617 |
| 2.390 | 3340 | 2.570 | 3485 | ** 2.750 | 3625 |
| 2.400 | 3348 | 2.580 | 3493 | 2.760 | 3632 |
| 2.410 | 3356 | 2,590 | 3501 | 2.770 | 3640 |
| 2.420 | 3364 | 2.600 | 3509 | 2.780 | 3648 |
| 2.430 | 3372 | 2.610 | 3516 | 2.790 | 3655 |
| 2.440 | 3381 | 2.620 | 3524 | 2.800 | 3663 . |
| 2.450 | 3389 | 2.630 | 3532 | 2.810 | 3670 |
| 2.460 | 3397 | 2.640 | 3540 | | |

TABLE XIIA. Upper ballistic limits for class 3 armor firing obliquity 0 degrees, projectile 20 mm AP-T, M602. (Continued)

* Specification requirements begin for this ordered thickness.
** Specification requirements end for this ordered thickness.

APPENDIX

| Thickness, | Required | Thickness, | Required | Thickness, | Required |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (inch) | BL(P), fps | (Inch) | BL(P), fps | (inch) | BL(P), fps |
| | | | | | |
| 2.700 | 2095 | 2.980 | 2260 | 3.270 | 2420 |
| 2.710 | 2101 | 2,990 | 2265 | . 3.280 | 2425 |
| 2.720 | 2107 | 3.000 | 2271 | 3.290 | 2430 |
| 2.730 | 2113 | 3.010 | 2277 | 3.300 | 2436 |
| 2.740 | 2119 | 3.020 | 2282 | 3.310 | 2441 |
| 2,750 | 2125 | 3.030 | 2288 | 3.320 | 2446 |
| *2,751 | 2126 | 3.040 | 2294 | 3.330 | 2451 |
| 2.760 | 2131 | 3.050 | 2299 | 3.340 | 2457 |
| 2.770 | 2137 | 3.060 | 2305 | 3.350 | 2462 |
| 2.780 | 2143 | 3.070 | 2310 | 3.360 | 2467 |
| 2.790 | 2149 | 3.080 | 2316 | 3.370 | 2472 |
| 2.800 | 2155 | 3.090 | 2322 | 3.380 | 2478 |
| 2.810 | 2161 | 3.100 | 2327 | 3.390 | 2483 |
| 2.820 | 2167 | 3.110 | 2333 | 3.400 | 2488 |
| 2.830 | 2173 | 3.120 | 2338 | 3.410 | 2493 |
| 2.840 | 2179 | 3.130 | 2344 | 3.420 | 2498 |
| 2.850 | 2185 | 3.140 | 2349 | 3.430 | 2404 |
| 2.860 | 2190 | 3,150 | 2355 | 3.440 | 2509 |
| 2,870 | 2196 | 3.160 | 2360 | 3.450 | 2514 |
| 2.880 | 2202 | 3.170 | 2366 | 3.460 | 2519 |
| 2.890 | 2208 | 3.180 | 2371 | 3.470 | 2524 |
| 2.900 | 2214 | 3,190 | 2376 | 3.480 | 2529 |
| 2.910 | 2220 | 3,200 | 2382 | 3.490 | 2534 |
| 2.920 | 2225 | 3,210 | 2387 | **3.500 | 2540 |
| 2.930 | 2231 | 3.220 | 2393 | 3.510 | 2545 |
| 2.940 | 2237 | 3.230 | 2398 | 3.520 | 2550 |
| 2,950 | 2243 | 3,240 | 2404 | 3.530 | 2555 |
| 2.960 | 2248 | 3.250 | 2409 | 3.540 | 2560 |
| 2.970 | 2254 | 3.260 | 2414 | 3.550 | 2565 |
| | | | | 3.560 | 2570 |

TABLE XIII.Minimum required V50 ballistic limits (protection criteria)firing obliquity 45°, projectile caliber 90 mm APC, M82.

* Specification requirements begin at 2.751 inch ordered thickness. ** Specification requirements end at 3.500 inch ordered thickness.

NOTE: For Class 3 armor the upper ballistic limit (maximum) shall not be greater than 293 fps above the required lower ballistic limit (minimum).

APPENDIX

| Thickness | Required | Thickness | Required | Thickness | Required |
|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|------------------|--------------|
| inches. | BL(P), fps | inches | BL(P), fps | inches | BL(P), fps |
| | | | | | |
| 3,425 | 1924 | 3.620 | 2007 | 3.820 | 2089 |
| 3.430 | 1926 | 3.625 | 2009 | 3.825 | 2091 |
| 3.435 | 1929 | 3.630 | 2011 | 3.830 | 2093 |
| 3.440 | 1931 | 3,635 | 2013 | 3.835 | 2095 |
| 3.445 | 1933 | 3.640 | 2015 | 3.840 | 2097 |
| 3.450 | 1935 | 3.645 | 2018 | 3.845 | 20 99 |
| 3.455 | 1937 、 | 3.650 | 2020 | 3.850 | 2101 |
| 3.460 | 1939 | 3.655 | 2022 | 3.855 | 2103 |
| 3.465 | 1942 | 3.660 | 2024 | 3.860 | 2105 |
| 3.470 | 1944 | 3.665 | 2026 | 3.865 | 2107 |
| 3.475 | 1946 | 3.670 | 2028 | 3.870 | 2109 |
| 3,480 | 1948 | 3.675 | 2030 | 3.875 | 2111 |
| 3.485 | 1950 | 3.680 | 2032 | 3.880 | 2113 |
| 3.490 | 1952 | 3.685 | 2034 | 3.885 | 2115 |
| 3.495 | 1954 | 3.690 | 2036 | 3.890 | 2117 |
| 3.500 | 1957 | 3.695 | 2038 | 3.895 | 2119 |
| * 3.501 | 1957 | 3.700 | 2040 | 3 . 900 · | 2121 |
| 3.505 | 1959 | 3.705 | 2042 | 3.905 | 2123 |
| 3.510 | 1961 | 3.710 | 2044 | 3.910 | 2125 |
| 3.515 | 1963 | 3.715 | 2046 | 3.915 | 2127 |
| 3.520 | 1965 | 3.720 | 2048 | 3.920 | 2129 |
| 3.525 | 1967 | 3.725 | 2051 | 3.925 | 2131 |
| 3.530 | 1969 | 3.730 | 2053 | 3.930 | 2133 |
| 3.535 | 1971 | 3.735 | 2055 | 3.935 | 2135 |
| 3.540 | 1974 | 3.740 | 2057 | 3.940 | 2137 |
| 3.545 | 1976 | 3.745 | 2069 | 3.945 | 2139 |
| 3.550 | 1978 | 3.750 | 2061 | 3.950 | 2141 |
| 3.555 | 1980 | 3.755 | 2063 | 3.955 | 2143 |
| 3.560 | 1982 | 3.760 | 2065 | 3.960 | 2144 |
| 3.565 | 1984 | 3.765 | 2067 - | 3.965 | 2146 |
| 3.570 | 1986 | 3.770 | 2069 | 3.970 | 214 8 |
| 3.575 | 1988 | 3.775 | 2071 | 3.975 | 2150 |
| 3,580 | 1990 | 3.780 | 2073 | 3.980 | 2152 |
| * 3.585 | 1993 | 3.785 | 2075 | 3.985 | 2154 |
| 3.590 | 1995 | 3.790 | . 2077 | 3,990 | 2156 |
| 3.595 | 1997 | 3.795 | 2079 | 3.995 | 2158 |
| 3.600 | 1999 | 3.800 | 2081 | ** 3.999 | 2160 |
| 3,605 | 2001 | 3.805 | 2083 | 4.000 | 2160 |
| 3.610 | 2003 | 3.810 | 2085 | 4.005 | 2162 |
| 3.615 | 2005 | 3.815 | 2087 | 4.010 | 2164 |

TABLE XIV. <u>Minimum required V₅₀ ballistic limits (protection criteria);</u> <u>firing obliquity: 30⁰; projectile: 90mm APC, M82</u>.

| Thickness, inches | Required BL(P), fps | Thickness, inches | Required BL(P), fps | Thickness, inches | Required BL(P), fps |
|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| 4.015 | 2166 | 4.035 | 2174 | 4.055 | 2181 |
| 4.020 | 2168 | 4.040 | 2176 | 4.060 | 2183 |
| 4.025 | 2170 | 4.045 | 2178 | 4.065 | 2185 |
| 4.030 | 2172 | 4.050 | 2179 | 4.070 | 2187 |

TABLE XIV. Minimum required V50 ballistic limits (protection criteria); (Continued) jeative

* Specification requirements begin for this ordered thickness.

** Specification requirements end for this ordered thickness.

NOTE 1: Tabulated values on either side of the specification requirements are for interpolation of BL(P) requirements for undersize or oversize plates.

NOTE 2: For Class 3 armor the upper ballistic limit (5% rejection) shall not be greater than 192 fps above the required lower ballistic limit.

APPENDIX

| Thickness, | Required | Thickness, | Required | Thickness, | Required | | |
|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|--|--|
| inches | BL(P), fps | inches | BL(P), fps | inches | BL(P), fps | | |
| · · · | | • | | | | | |
| 3.940 | 1583 [.] | 4.340 | 1725 | 4.740 | 1856 | | |
| 3.950 | 1586 | 4.350 | 1728 | 4.750 | 1860 | | |
| 3.960 | 1590 . | 4.360 | 1731 | 4.760 | 1863 | | |
| 3.970 | 1594 | 4.370 | 1735 | 4.770 | 1866 | | |
| 3.980 | 1597 | 4.380 | 1738 | 4.780 | 1869 | | |
| 3.990 | 1601 | 4.390 | 1742 | 4.790 | 18 72 | | |
| * 4.000 | 1605 | 4.400 | 1745 | 4.800 | 1875 | | |
| 4.010 | 1608 | 4.410 | 1748 | 4.810 | 1878 | | |
| 4.020 | 1612 | 4.420 | 1752 | 4.820 | 1882 | | |
| 4.030 | 1616 | 4.430 | 1755 | 4.830 | 1885 | | |
| 4.040 | 1619 | 4.440 | 1758 | 4.840 | 1888 | | |
| 4.050 | 1623 | 4.450 | 1762 | 4.850 | 1891 | | |
| 4.060 | 1627 | 4.460 | 1765 | 4.860 | 1894 | | |
| 4.070 | 1630 | 4.470 | 1768 | 4.870 | 1897 | | |
| 4.080 | 1634 | 4.480 | 1772 | 4.880 | 1900 | | |
| 4.090 | 1637 | 4.490 | 1775 | 4.890 | 1903 | | |
| 4.100 | 1641 | 4.500 | 1778 | 4.900 | 1907 | | |
| 4.110 | 1644 | 4.510 | 1782 | 4.910 | 1910 | | |
| 4.120 | 1648 | 4.520 | 1788 | 4.920 | 1913 | | |
| 4.130 | 1652 | 4,530 | 1792 | 4.930 | 1916 | | |
| 4.140 | 1655 | 4.540 | 1795 | 4.940 | 1919 | | |
| 4.150 | 1659 | 4.550 | 1798 | 4.950 | 1922 | | |
| 4.160 | 1662 | 4.560 | 1783 | 4.960 | 1,925 | | |
| 4.170 | 1666 | 4.570 | 1801 | 4.970 | 1928 | | |
| 4.180 | 1669 | 4.580 | 1805. | 4.980 | 1931 | | |
| 4.190 | 1673 | 4.590 | 1808 | 4.990 | 1934 | | |
| 4.200 | 1676 | 4.600 | 1811 | 5.000 | 1937 | | |
| 4.210 | 1680 | 4.610 | 1815 | 5.010 | 1940 | | |
| 4.220 | 1683 | 4.620 | 1818 | 5.020 | 1943 | | |
| 4.230 | 1687 | 4.630 | 1821 | 5.030 | 1946 | | |
| 4.240 | 1690 | 4.640 | 1824 | 5.040 | 1950 | | |
| 4.250 | 1694 | 4.650 | 1827 | 5.050 | 1953 | | |
| 4.260 | 1697 | 4.660 | 1831 | 5.060 | 1956 | | |
| 4.270 | 1701 | 4.670 | 1834 | 5.070 | 1959 | | |
| 4.280 | 1704 | 4.680 | 1837 | 5.080 | 1962 | | |
| 4.290 | 1708 | 4.690 | 1840 | 5.090 | 1965 | | |
| 4.300 | 1711 | 4.700 | 1844 | 5,110 | 1968 | | |
| 4.310 | 1714 | 4.710 | 1847 | 5.110 | 1971 | | |
| 4.320 | 1718 | 4.720 | 1850 | 5.120 | 1974 | | |
| 4.330 | 1721 | 4.730 | 1853 | 5.130 | 1977 | | |

TABLE XV. Minimum required V₅₀ ballistic limits (protection criteria); firing obliquity: 0; projectile: 90mm AP, M318, Al.

| | firing obliquity: 0 ; projectile: JOmm AP, M318, Al. (Cont'd) | | | | | |
|------------|---|------------|------------|------------|--------------|--|
| Thickness, | Required | Thickness, | Required | Thickness, | Required | |
| inches | BL(P), fps | inches | BL(P), fps | inches | BL(P), fps. | |
| | | | | | | |
| 5.140 | 1980 | 5.530 | 2093 | 5.920 | 2201 | |
| 5.150 | 1983 | 5.540 | 2096 | 5.930 | 2204 | |
| 5,160 | 1986 | 5.550 | 2099 | 5.940 | 2207 | |
| 5.170 | 1989 | 5.560 | 2102 | 5.950 | 2209 | |
| 5,180 | 1992 | 5.570 | 2105 | 5.960 | 2212 | |
| 5.190 | 1995 | 5.580 | 2107 | 5.970 | 2215 | |
| 5,200 | 1998 | 5.590 | 2110 | 5.980 | 2217 | |
| 5.210 | 2001 | 5.600 | 2113 | 5.990 | 2220 | |
| 5.220 | 2003 | 5.610 | 2116 | 6.000 | 2223 | |
| 5.230 | 2006 | 5.620 | 2119 | 6.010 | 2226 | |
| 5.240 | 2009 | 5.630 | 2121 | 6.020 | 2228 | |
| 5.250 | 2012 | 5.640 | 2124 | 6.030 | 2231 | |
| 5.260 | 2015 | 5.650 | 2127 | 6.040 | 2234 | |
| 5.270 | 2018 | 5.660 | 2130 | 6.050 | 2236 | |
| 5.280 | 2021 | 5.670 | 2133 | 6.060 | 2239 | |
| 5.290 | 2024 | 5.680 | 2135 | 6.070 | 2242 | |
| 5.300 | 2027 | 5.690 | 2138 | 6.080 | 2244 | |
| 5.310 | 2030 | 5.700 | 2141 | 6.090 | 2247 | |
| 5.320 | 2033 | 5.710 | 2144 | 6.100 | 2249 | |
| 5.330 | 2036 | 5.720 | 2147 | 6.110 | 2252 | |
| 5.340 | 2039 | 5.730 | 2149 | 6.120 | 2255 | |
| 5.350 | 2042 | 5.740 | 2152 | 6.130 | 2257 | |
| 5.360 | 2045 | 5.750 | 2155 | 6.140 | 2260 | |
| 5.370 | 2047 | 5.760 | 2158 | 6.150 | 2263 | |
| 5.380 | 2050 | 5.770 | 2160 | 6.160 | 2265 | |
| 5.390 | 2053 | 5.780 | 2163 | 6.170 | 2268 | |
| 5.400 | 2056 | 5.790 | 2166 | 6.180 | 2272 | |
| 5.410 | 2059 | 5.800 | 2169 | 6.190 | 2273 | |
| 5.420 | 2062 | 5.810 | 2171 | 6.200 | 2276 | |
| 5.430 | 2065 | 5.820 | 2174 | 6.210 | 2278 | |
| 5.440 | 2068 | 5.830 | 2177 | 6.220 | 2281 | |
| 5.450 | 2070 | 5.840 | 2180 | 6.230 | 2284 | |
| 5.460 | 2073 | 5.850 | 2182 | 6.240 | 2286 | |
| 5.470 | 2076 | 5.860 | 2185 | ** 6.250 | 2289 | |
| 5,480 | 2079 | 5.870 | 2188 | 6.260 | 2291 | |
| 5.490 | 2082 | 5.880 | 2190 | 6.270 | 2294 | |
| 5.500 | 2085 | 5.890 | 2193 | 6.280 | 2297 | |
| 5,510 | 2088 | 5.900 | 2196 | 6.290 | 229 9 | |
| 5.520 | 2090 | 5.910 | 2199 | 6.300 | 2302 | |

TABLE XV. Minimum required V₅₀ ballistic limits (protection criteria); firing obliquity: 0 ; projectile: J0mm AP, M318, Al. (Cont'd)

* Specification requirements begin for this ordered thickness.

** Specification requirements end for this ordered thickness.

NOTE 1: Tabulated values on either side of the specification requirements are for interpolation of BL(P) requirements on undersize or oversize plates.

NOTE 2: For class 3 armor the upper ballistic limit (5% rejection) shall not be greater than 202 fps above the required lower limit (minimum).



FIGURE 1. Lifting holes for ballistic acceptance test plates 2.751 through 6.25 inches thick.