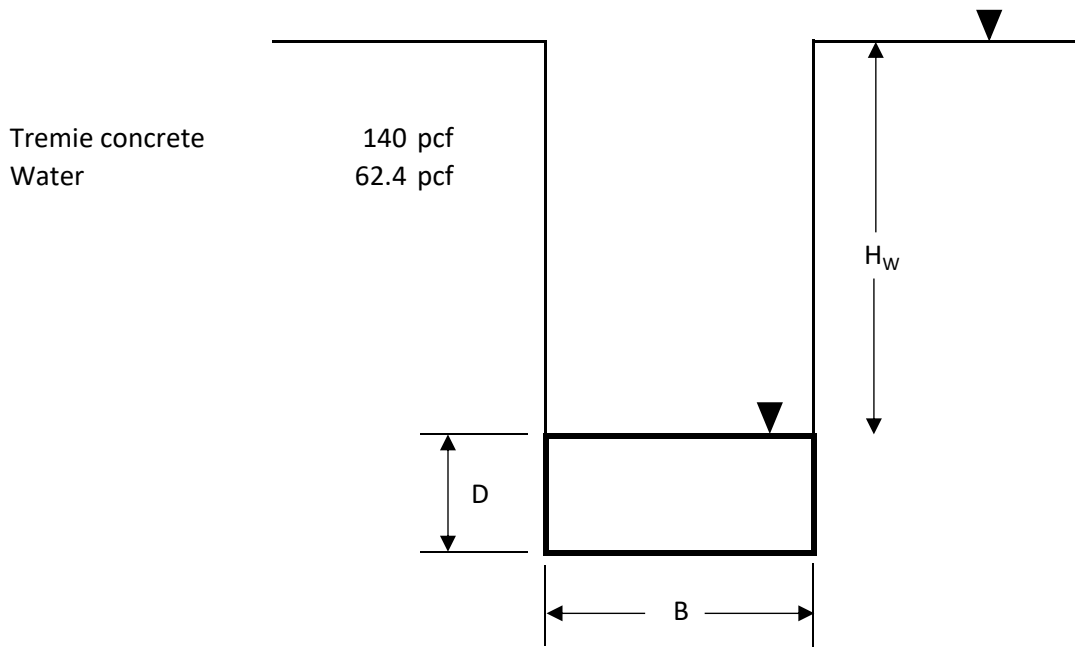


## Tremie Concrete seal design



Enter parameters:

$H_w =$  12 ft       $A =$  736 ft<sup>2</sup>  
 $B =$  16 ft  
 $L =$  46 ft (Length of cofferdam into the page)

Pile information: HP10x57

$N =$  21 ea      Pile perimeter, "p" = 59.75 in  
 $d =$  9.99 in      4.979 ft  
 $t_w =$  0.565 in  
 $b_f =$  10.225 in  
 $t_f =$  0.565 in

Thickness of tremie "D" required:      Factor of safety desired = 1.5

Uplift force = 551117 lbs      With factor of safety = 826675 lbs (acting over area "A")

Based on tremie concrete alone:       $D =$  14.47 feet

Based on tremie concrete and piles method 1:       $F_b =$  20 psi      2880 psf  
 ( $F_b$  taken between 5 to 30 psi depending on source)

Resistance per pile =  $F_b \cdot p \cdot D$

(tremie)      (piles)  
 826675 = 57114 D      +      301140 D  
 826675 = 358254 D

$D =$  2.31 ft

Based on tremie concrete and piles method 2:

$$F_b = 36 \text{ psi}$$

5184 psf

Resistance per pile =  $(F_b) (p) (D)$ , or  $(F_b) (p) (d)$

if  $D < d$ , use  $D$

if  $D \geq d$ , use  $d$

Minimum "D" is 24 inches, or 2 feet

Method 2 uses a maximum bonding depth of "D" or "d", since D will be taken as 24" minimum, "d" will control.

Total pile resistance = 451258 lbs

Net left over for tremie = 826675 - 451258 = 375417 lbs

$$375417 = 57114 D$$

$D = 6.57 \text{ feet}$
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Guidance for Method 2:

The assumed weight of the concrete shall be 140 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>. The resistance force due to friction on the pile shall be equal to  $F_b D p$ , if  $D < d$ , or  $F_b d p$ , if  $D \geq d$ , where  $F_b$  is the allowable friction, or bond, stress,  $d$  is the H-pile-section depth or the pipe-pile diameter,  $p$  is the perimeter, and  $D$  is the depth of the seal slab. The allowable service-load bond stress between the steel H-pile or pipe pile and the seal concrete shall be taken as 36 psi.