12. A retaining wall is shown below. The wall supports a mass of cohesionless soil with dry density of $100 \mathrm{lb} / f t^{3}$, void ratio of 0.65 and angle of shearing resistance $30^{\circ}$. The top of the wall is level with the horizontal surface of the soil. Not considering wall friction, determine the total earth thrust on the wall (Ib).

a) 8800
b) 7956
c) 6347
d) 12720

## PROBLEM 12 SOLUTION:

## GEOTECHNICAL

## LATERAL EARTH PRESSURE

## Solution:


$K_{a}=\frac{1-\sin \phi}{1+\sin \varnothing}=\frac{1-\sin 30}{1+\sin 30}=\frac{1}{3}$ (don't forget the active earth pressure!)
$P_{1}=K_{a} \gamma H=\frac{1}{3}\left(100 \mathrm{lb} / f t^{3}\right)(6 f t)=200 \mathrm{lb} / f t^{2}$
$P_{2}=K_{a} \gamma \mathrm{H}=\frac{1}{3}\left(100 \frac{l b^{3}}{f t}-62.4 \frac{l b^{3}}{f t}\right)(10 f t)=125.32 l b / f t^{2}$
$P_{3}=\gamma_{w} \mathrm{H}=62.4 \mathrm{lb} / f t^{3} \times 10 f t=624 \mathrm{lb} / f t^{2}$
Solving for the forces (areas of each),
Note: Ka is the active earth pressure coefficient and is only applied to the soil, not to the water

$$
\begin{aligned}
& F_{1}=\frac{1}{2}\left(200 \mathrm{lb} / f t^{2}\right) \times 6 \mathrm{ft} \times 1 \mathrm{ft}=600 \mathrm{lb} \\
& F_{2}=\left(200 \mathrm{lb} / f t^{2}\right) \times 10 \mathrm{ft} \times 1 \mathrm{ft}=2000 \mathrm{lb} \\
& F_{3}=\frac{1}{2}\left(125.3 \mathrm{lb} / f t^{2}\right) \times 10 \mathrm{ft} \times 1 \mathrm{ft}=626.5 \mathrm{lb} \\
& F_{4}=\frac{1}{2}\left(624 \mathrm{lb} / f t^{2}\right) \times 10 \mathrm{ft} \times 1 \mathrm{ft}=3120 \mathrm{lb}
\end{aligned}
$$

Total Force $=F_{1}+F_{2}+F_{3}+F_{4}=\mathbf{6 3 4 6 . 5 l b}$ (Answer C)
|www.civilengineeringacademy.com |isaac@civilengineeringacademy.com |

