

checks

AS 5100.5 -2017

Bending check - assumed pure flexure			named cell
M*	kNm	297	mdesign0
V*	kNm	275	vdesign0
bv	mm	300	bv
d	mm2	538	d
h	mm	600	h
ast_provided	mm2	2250	astf
fsy	N/mm2	500	fsy
fsyf	N/mm2	500	fsyf
fcprime	N/mm2	50	fcprime
es	N/mm2	200000	es
phiv		0.7	phiv
alpha2		0.850	alpha2
gamma		0.700	gamma
d_n	mm	126.05	dn
ku		0.234	ku
ku0		0.234	ku0
phif		0.8	phif
mu	kNm	555.62	mu
phimu	kNm	444.49	phimu
phiMu/M*	kNm	1.50	phimu/mdesign0
dv	mm	484.2	dv

=MIN(MAX(1-0.003\*fcprime,0.67),0.85), Eqn 8.1.3(1)  
 =MIN(MAX(1.05-0.007\*fcprime,0.67),0.85), Eqn 8.1.3(2)  
 =fsy\*ast\_provided/(alpha2\*fcprime\*bv\*gamma)  
 =dn/d, to be less than 0.36  
 =ku  
 =MIN(0.8,MAX(1.19-13/12\*ku0,0.6)), table 2.30.2 (b)  
 =fsy\*ast\*d\*(1-gamma\*ku/2)\*0.000001  
 =phif\*mu  
 =phimu/mdesign0  
 =MAX(0.72\*h,0.9\*d), Clause 8.2.1.9

		Doug's values											
Case		1		2		3		4		5			
M*	kNm	400	Doug's	297	M* changed	297	M* changed	297	M* changed	297	M* changed	m_design	
V*	kN	275	values	275		275		275		275		v_design	
ast_provided	mm2	2250		2250		2250		2250		2250		ast_provided	
epsx		1.2234E-03		9.8749E-04		9.8749E-04		9.8749E-04		9.8749E-04		epsx =(ABS(m_design)/dv*1000000 + ABS(v_design)*1000)/ (2*es*ast_provided), Eqn 8.2.4.3(1)	
is epsx < 0.3e-3 ?		Yes		Yes		Yes		Yes		Yes		IF(epsx<0.003,"Yes","No")	
theta_v	deg	37.56		35.91		35.91		35.91		35.91		thetav = 29+7000*epsx, Eqn 8.2.4.2(5)	
cot(theta_v)		1.3002		1.3808		1.3808		1.3808		1.3808		cotthetav =1/TAN(thetav*PI()/180)	
k_v		0.1411		0.1612		0.1612		0.1612		0.1612		kv =0.4/(1+1500*epsx), Eqn 8.2.4.2(4)	
square root f;c		7.0711		7.0711		7.0711		7.0711		7.0711		sqfc = MIN(8,SQRT(fcprime)), Cl 8.2.4.1	
v_uc	kN	144.91		165.59		165.59		165.59		165.59		vuc = kv*bv*dv*sqfc/1000, Eqn 8.2.4.1	
a_sv	mm2	160.00	2 legs N10	160.00	2 legs N10	220.00	2 legs N12	400.00	2 legs N16	620.00	2 legs N20	asv	
s	mm	200.00		200.00		200.00		200.00		200.00		s	
asv/s		0.8000		0.8000		1.1000		2.0000		3.1000		asvdivs=asv/s	
v_us	kN	251.82		267.44		367.72		668.59		1036.32		vus = asvdivs*dv*fsyf*cotthetav/1000 , Eqn 8.2.5.2(1)	
phivuc	kN	101.440		115.910		115.910		115.910		115.910		phivuc = phiv * vuc	
phivus	kN	176.277		187.205		257.407		468.013		725.421		phivus = phiv * vus	
phi_v_u	kN	277.72		303.12		373.32		583.92		841.33		phivu=phiv*(vuc+vus)	
v_u.max	kN	1737.38		1707.91		1707.91		1707.91		1707.91		vumax=0.55*(0.9*fcprime*bv*dv*cotthetav)/ (1+cotthetav*cotthetav)/1000, Eqn 8.2.3.3(1)	
phi V_u.max	kN	1216.16		1195.53		1195.53		1195.53		1195.53		phivumax	
Is V* < phi_v V_u.max ?		Yes, okay		Yes, okay		Yes, okay		Yes, okay		Yes, okay		IF(v_design<phivumax, "Yes, okay", "No, not okay")	
Del F_td	kN	242.96		250.48		202.01		56.60		0.00		delftd =MAX(cotthetav*(v_design-0.5*phiv*vus),0) Eqn 8.2.7(2), AS 5100.5	
z = d_v/1000.0	mm	484.20		484.20		484.20		484.20		484.20		zvalue = dv	
Ast_required	mm2	2759		2250		2112		1696		1534		ast_required =abs(m_design*1e6/(zvalue*phif*fsy) + delftd*1e3/(phiv*fsy), To satisfy clause 8.2.7	
is Ast_prov >= Ast_req (okay) ?		not okay		okay		okay		okay		okay		IF(ast_provided>=ast_required, "okay", "not okay")	
stress	MPa	613.21		500.00		469.23		376.91		340.97		stress =abs(m_design*1e6)/(z*phi_f*ast_provided) + deltaF_td*1e3/(phi_v*ast_provided)	
phi_v V_u/V*		1.01		1.10		1.36		2.12		3.06		=phivu/v_design	
Ast_provided/ Ast_required		0.82		1.00		1.07		1.33		1.47		=ast_provided/ast_required	

Case 2 reduced the design moment M\* of 400 kNm to 297 kNm to give Ast\_provided / A\_st\_required = 1.0 to satisfy adequacy of the longitudinal reinforcement provided to resist the force in the longitudinal steel from combined load effects for a section with N10 @ 200 mm shear reinforcement.