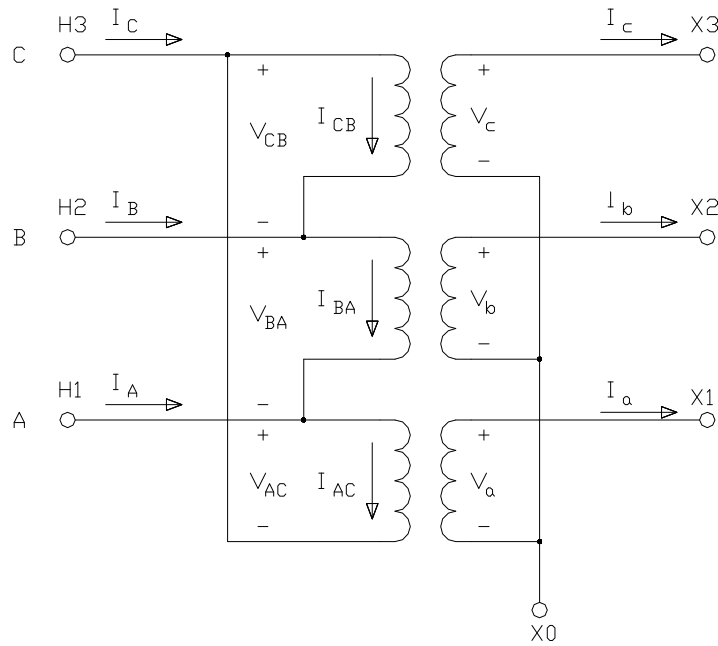


VOLTAGE AND CURRENT SHIFTS IN DELTA-WYE TRANSFORMER



Define: $a := e^{j \cdot 120 \cdot \text{deg}}$ MVA := volt·amp·10⁶ kVA ≡ kV·A

Voltage ratio $N := \frac{115}{12.47}$ Turns ratio $n := N \cdot \sqrt{3}$ $n = 15.973$

Base power $P_B := 12000 \text{ kVA}$

	<u>Primary</u>		<u>Secondary</u>	
Base voltage	$E_{Bp} := 115 \text{ kV}$		$E_{Bs} := \frac{E_{Bp}}{N}$	$E_{Bs} = 1.247 \times 10^4 \cdot \text{V}$
Base current	$I_{Bp} := \frac{P_B}{\sqrt{3} \cdot E_{Bp}}$	$I_{Bp} = 60.245 \cdot \text{amp}$	$I_{Bs} := \frac{P_B}{\sqrt{3} \cdot E_{Bs}}$	$I_{Bs} = 555.6 \cdot \text{amp}$

Primary Voltages

$$V_A := \frac{115}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot e^{j \cdot 0 \cdot \text{deg}} \cdot \text{kV} \quad V_B := \frac{115}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot e^{-j \cdot 120 \cdot \text{deg}} \cdot \text{kV} \quad V_C := \frac{115}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot e^{j \cdot 120 \cdot \text{deg}} \cdot \text{kV}$$

$$V_{AC} := V_A - V_C \quad V_{BA} := V_B - V_A \quad V_{CB} := V_C - V_B$$

Secondary Voltages

$V_a := \frac{1}{n} \cdot V_{AC}$	$V_b := \frac{1}{n} \cdot V_{BA}$	$V_c := \frac{1}{n} \cdot V_{CB}$
$V_a = (6235 - 3599.8i) \cdot \text{volt}$	$V_b = (-6235 - 3599.8i) \cdot \text{volt}$	$V_c = 7199.6i \cdot \text{volt}$
$ V_a = 7.2 \cdot \text{kV}$	$ V_b = 7.2 \cdot \text{kV}$	$ V_c = 7.2 \cdot \text{kV}$
$\arg(V_a) = -30 \cdot \text{deg}$	$\arg(V_b) = -150 \cdot \text{deg}$	$\arg(V_c) = 90 \cdot \text{deg}$

Secondary Currents

$$I_a := 1000 \cdot e^{-j \cdot 60 \cdot \text{deg}} \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$I_b := 1000 \cdot e^{-j \cdot 180 \cdot \text{deg}} \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$I_c := 1000 \cdot e^{j \cdot 60 \cdot \text{deg}} \cdot \text{amp}$$

Primary Currents

$$I_{AC} := \frac{1}{n} \cdot I_a$$

$$I_{BA} := \frac{1}{n} \cdot I_b$$

$$I_{CB} := \frac{1}{n} \cdot I_c$$

$$I_{AC} = (31.3 - 54.2i) \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$I_{BA} = -62.6 \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$I_{CB} = (31.3 + 54.2i) \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$|I_{AC}| = 62.6 \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$|I_{BA}| = 62.6 \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$|I_{CB}| = 62.6 \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$\arg(I_{AC}) = -60 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$\arg(I_{BA}) = -180 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$\arg(I_{CB}) = 60 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$I_A := I_{AC} - I_{BA}$$

$$I_B := I_{BA} - I_{CB}$$

$$I_C := I_{CB} - I_{AC}$$

$$I_A = (93.9 - 54.2i) \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$I_B = (-93.9 - 54.2i) \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$I_C = 108.4i \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$|I_A| = 108.43 \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$|I_B| = 108.43 \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$|I_C| = 108.43 \cdot \text{amp}$$

$$\arg(I_A) = -30 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$\arg(I_B) = -150 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$\arg(I_C) = 90 \cdot \text{deg}$$

k := 0..5

VSr_k :=

0·volt
Re(V _a)
0·volt
Re(V _b)
0·volt
Re(V _c)

VSx_k :=

0·volt
Im(V _a)
0·volt
Im(V _b)
0·volt
Im(V _c)

VPr_k :=

0·volt
Re(V _A)
0·volt
Re(V _B)
0·volt
Re(V _C)

VPx_k :=

0·volt
Im(V _A)
0·volt
Im(V _B)
0·volt
Im(V _C)

ISr_k :=

0·amp
Re(I _a)
0·amp
Re(I _b)
0·amp
Re(I _c)

ISx_k :=

0·amp
Im(I _a)
0·amp
Im(I _b)
0·amp
Im(I _c)

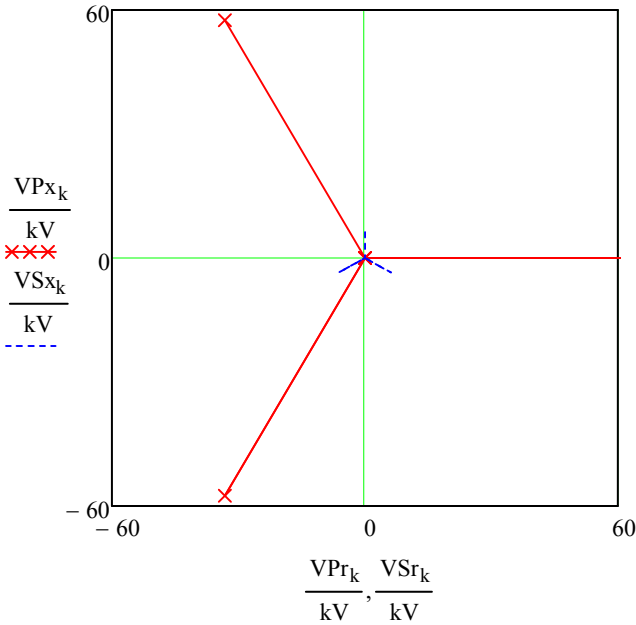
IPr_k :=

0·amp
Re(I _A)
0·amp
Re(I _B)
0·amp
Re(I _C)

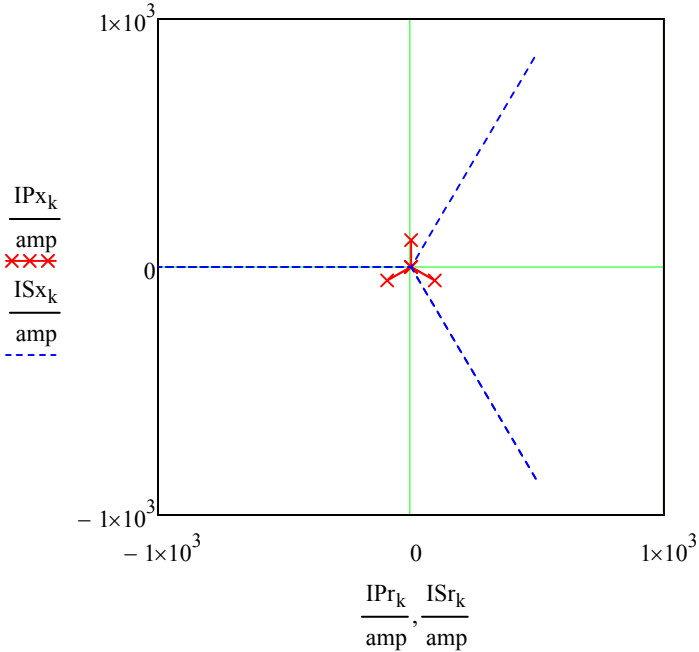
IPx_k :=

0·amp
Im(I _A)
0·amp
Im(I _B)
0·amp
Im(I _C)

$|I_c| = 1 \times 10^3 \cdot \text{amp}$



Voltages



Currents