

Weight Calculation:

Weight of Grouted Cells:

$$= (\text{Area of one cell}) * \text{No. of Cells} * \text{Wall Height} * \text{Density of Grouted concrete}$$

$$= (5.8 * 3.01/12^2) * 2 * 5' * 140 \text{ lb/ft}^3$$

$$= 0.17 \text{ kip}$$

Weight of Hollow CMU Block:

$$= (((5.8 * 1.25 / 12^2) * 4) + (5.51 * 1.25 / 12^2) * 4) * 5' * \gamma_{\text{cmu}}$$

$$= 0.2258 \text{ kip}$$

Total Weight of Masonry Wall = 0.17 + 0.2258 = **0.4 kip**

Applied shear and Moment Calculation:

$$C_s = S_{DS} / (R/I) = (1.19 * 1) / 1.25 = 0.95$$

$$V_{\text{Masonry-Seismic}} = C_s * W = 0.95 * 0.4 = \mathbf{0.38 \text{ kip / unit Cell}}$$

$$M_{\text{At Concrete-Masonry interface}} = 0.38 * 5 * 2/3 = \mathbf{1.27 \text{ Kip.ft / unit cell}}$$

$$c_b (\text{Neutral Axis depth}) = 0.547 * d = 0.547 * 3.25 = 1.78" \text{ (} f_y = 60,000 \text{ psi; Concrete Masonry)}$$

$$a_b (\text{Whitney Stress Block}) = 0.8 * c_b = 0.8 * 1.78 = 1.42"$$

$$\Phi M_n = A_s f_y (d - a/2) \text{ (Eq-1)}$$

$$A_s = \mathbf{\#5 (0.31 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\Phi = 0.9 \text{ (Flexure)}$$

Putting values in Eq-1

$$\Phi M_n = 0.9 * 0.31 * 60 (3.25 - (1.42/2))$$

$$= 42.52 \text{ kip-in}$$

$$= \mathbf{3.54 \text{ kip-ft/Unit Cell} > M_u (1.27 \text{ k.ft})}$$

Therefore proposed Reinforcement is adequate.

Confirming proposed reinforcement does not exceed Max. reinforcement allowed

f'_m	1.0	1.5 ¹	3.0 ^{1,2}	4.0 ^{1,3}
1500	0.0088	0.0071	0.0046	0.0037
2000	0.0117	0.0095	0.0061	0.0049
2500	0.0146	0.0119	0.0077	0.0062
3000	0.0175	0.0143	0.0092	0.0074
3500	0.0204	0.0167	0.0107	0.0087
4000	0.0233	0.0190	0.0122	0.0099

Since $R = 1.25$ (ASCE 7-10 Table 15.4-2) and $f'_m = 2000 \text{ psi}$, using Linear Interpolation we get.

$$\rho_{max} = 0.0106$$

$$A_{s(\text{Max-Allowed})} = \rho_{max} * b * d = 0.0106 * 8.3" * 3.25" = 0.29 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A_s (\text{provided}) = A_s (\text{Max - Allowed}) \text{ --- Therefore \#5 can be used}$$

Where Cracking Moment Strength = $S_n * f_r$ MSJC Code Section 3.1.8.2.1

Modulus of Rupture (f_r) = 158 psi Table 9.1.9.2 (TMS 402-13/ACI-530)

$$S_n (\text{Section Modulus}) = bh^2/6 = (8.3 * 11.022^2) / 6$$

$$= 168 \text{ in}^3$$

Putting values in cracking moment Strength equation

$$= 168 \text{ in}^3 * 158 \text{ lb/in}^2 = \mathbf{2.213 \text{ kip.ft / Unit Cell}}$$

$$M_n / M_{cr} = 3.54 / 2.213 = 1.6 > 1.3 \text{ (Required by MSJC Code Section 3.3.4.2.2)}$$

Therefore, the nominal flexure strength of CMU wall is greater than the cracking strength.

Shear Capacity Check:

$$V_u = 0.38 \text{ kip / unit Cell}$$

Shear Capacity of Masonry Blocks (CMU) only

$$V_m = \left[4.0 - 1.75 \left(\frac{M_u}{V_u d_v} \right) \right] A_n \sqrt{f'_m} + 0.25 P_u$$

(MSJC Code Eq 3-21)

$$M_u / V_u d_v = 1.27 * 12000 / ((0.38 * 1000) * 3.25) = \mathbf{12.34??} \text{ (Seems too high!!!)}$$

If $M_u / V_u d_v = 1.5$ (Assumed)

$$V_m = (4 - 1.75 * (1.5)) * (8.3 * 11.022) * ((2000)^{1/2} / 1000) + 0.25 * (0.9 * 0.4)$$

$$= 5.62^k + 0.1^k = 5.72 \text{ kips} \gg V_u (0.38 \text{ kips})$$

Since $V_m \gg V_u$ (Therefore, no need for shear reinforcement)

