

### EXAMPLE 6.8.1 Structural Steel Corbel

#### Given:

The structural steel corbel shown.

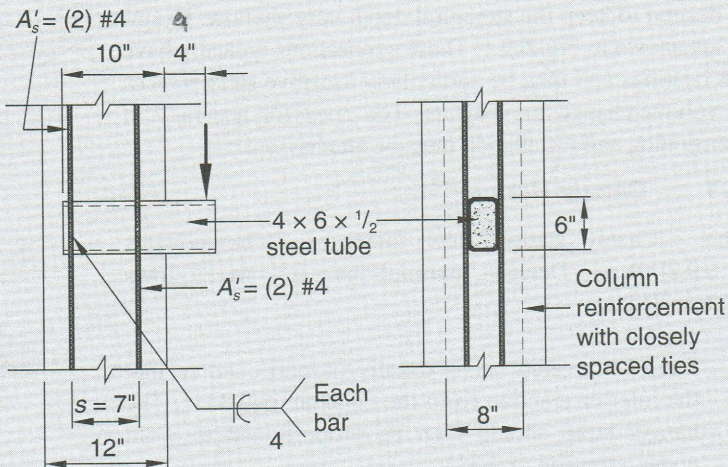
$$f'_c = 5000 \text{ psi, normalweight}$$

$$f_y \text{ (reinforcement)} = 60,000 \text{ psi (weldable - ASTM A706)}$$

$$F_y \text{ (structural steel)} = 46,000 \text{ psi E80 electrodes-rebar to HSS}$$

#### Problem:

Find the design strength.



#### Solution:

Effective width  $b =$  confined width (8 in.) or

$$b = 2.5w = 2.5(4) = 10 \text{ in.}$$

Use  $b = 8$  in.

$$e = 4 + 10/2 = 9 \text{ in.}$$

$$V_c = \frac{0.85f'_c b \ell_e}{1 + 3.6e / \ell_e} = \frac{0.85(5)(8)(10)}{1 + 3.6(9) / (10)} = 80.2 \text{ kip} \quad 6-75$$

Since the  $A_s$  bars are anchored above and below, they can be counted twice.

$$A_s = (2) \#4 = 2(2)(0.2) = 0.80 \text{ in.}^2$$

$$V_r = \frac{2A_s f_y}{1 + \frac{4.8s}{\ell_e} - 1} = \frac{2(0.80)(60)}{1 + \frac{6(9)}{(10)} - 1} = 29.2 \text{ kip} \quad 6-76$$

$$\phi V_n = 0.75(80.2 + 29.2) = 82.0 \text{ kip}$$

Alternatively, using Design Aids 6.15.10 and 6.15.11:

For  $b = 8$  in.;  $a = 4$  in.;  $\ell_e = 10$  in.

Read  $\phi V_c = 60$  kip

For  $A_s = (2) \#4$ , anchored above and below:  $V_r = 4(7) = 28$  kip

$$\phi V_n = 60 + 0.75(28) = 81 \text{ kip}$$

Steel section flexural capacity:

From AISC *Steel Construction Manual*:

$$Z_p = 14.6$$

Assume  $V_u = 85$  kip.

$$\phi V_n = \frac{\phi Z_p F_y}{a + 0.5V_u / (0.85f'_c b)} = \frac{0.9(14.6)(46)}{4 + 0.5(85) / (0.85)(5)(8)} = 115.1 \text{ kip} > 82.0 \text{ kip} \quad 6-77$$

Since the bar must be anchored for forces above and below, twice the minimum length of weld from Design Aid 6.14.3 is required:  $2(1.75) = 3.5$  in. each bar.