

Section 3 Definitions

3.35 FEATURE OF SIZE

feature of size: a general term that is used in this Standard to refer to instances in which both a regular and an irregular feature of size apply.

3.35.1 Irregular Feature of Size

irregular feature of size: there are two types of irregular features of size, as follows:

(a) a directly toleranced feature or collection of features that may contain or be contained by an unrelated AME that is a sphere, cylinder, or pair of parallel planes. See [Figure 7-41](#).

(b) a directly toleranced feature or collection of features that may contain or be contained by an unrelated AME other than a sphere, cylinder, or pair of parallel planes. See [Figures 7-40](#) and [11-29](#).

3.35.2 Regular Feature of Size

regular feature of size: one cylindrical surface, a spherical surface, a circular element, or a set of two opposed parallel line elements or opposed parallel surfaces associated with a single directly toleranced dimension. See [subsection 5.2](#) and [para. 5.8.1\(e\)](#).

3.39 INTERRUPTION

interruption: a gap or gaps in a feature that divide it into two or more features (e.g., a slot or a groove).

3.57 SIZE, ACTUAL LOCAL

size, actual local: the actual value of any individual distance at any cross section of a feature of size. See [Figure 3-1](#).

3.58 SIZE, LIMITS OF

size, limits of: the specified maximum and minimum sizes. See [subsection 5.5](#).

3.59 SIZE, NOMINAL

size, nominal: the designation used for purposes of general identification. (USAS B4.1)